BROKEN ARROW

Where opportunity lives



AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2022

WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

CONTENTS

List of Principal Officials	1
Independent Auditor's Report	3-5
Required Supplementary Information: Management's Discussion and Analysis	7-14
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position.	15
Statement of Activities	16
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to Statement of Net Position	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	19
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities	20
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds	22
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	23
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	24-72
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	74-76
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Major Special Revenue Funds	77
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Notes to Required Supplementary Information	78-79
Pension Plan Information	80-81
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Obligation and Related Ratios	82

Other Supplementary Information:

Combining Balance Sheet Schedule – General Fund Accounts	84
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – General Fund Accounts	85
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	86-88
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	89-91
Combining Schedule of Net Position – BAMA Enterprise Fund Accounts	92
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – BAMA Enterprise Fund Accounts	93
Combining Schedule of Cash Flows – BAMA Enterprise Fund Accounts	94
Combining Statement of Net Position – Internal Service Funds	95
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Internal Service Funds	95
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Funds	96
Schedule of Debt Service Coverage Requirements	97
Schedule of Debt Reserve Account Balance Requirements	98



City of Broken Arrow, Oklahoma

List of Principal Officials June 30, 2022

City Council

Debra Wimpee, Mayor Christi Gillespie, Vice-Mayor Scott Eudey Johnnie Parks Lisa Ford

City Manager

Michael L. Spurgeon

Clerk

Curtis Green

Finance Director/Treasurer

Cynthia Arnold





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Broken Arrow

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Broken Arrow, Oklahoma (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2022 the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB No. 87 Leases. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, pension plan information, and other post-employment benefits fundings schedules, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, debt service, debt reserve schedule as listed in the table of contents, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 24, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Arledge "Classistes, P.C

Edmond, Oklahoma April 24, 2023





CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2022

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Broken Arrow's (the City) financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- At June 30, 2022, the assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$446,389,601.
- For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City's total net position increased by \$37,753,591 or 9.2% from the prior year's net position.
- During the year, the City's expenses for governmental activities were \$96,019,272 and were funded by program revenues of \$25,658,711, and further funded with taxes and other general revenues that totaled \$105,272,697.
- ➤ In the City's business-type activities, such as utilities, total program revenues exceeded expenditures by \$2,207,290.
- At June 30, 2022, the General Fund reported a total fund balance of \$25,943,426, as compared to the prior year total fund balance of \$19,989,352.
- For budgetary reporting purposes, the General Fund reported revenues less than final estimates in the amount of \$27,866 or 0.03%, while expenditures were less than final appropriations by \$5,602,917 or 5.78%.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the City and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34. Included in this report are government-wide statements for three categories of activities – governmental, business-type and discretely-presented component units. The government-wide financial statements present the complete financial picture of the City from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities and business-type activities separately and combined. These statements include all assets of the City (including infrastructure capital assets) and deferred outflows, as well as all liabilities (including all long-term debt) and deferred inflows.

Reporting the City as a Whole

The statement of net position and the statement of activities

One of the most frequently asked questions about the City's finances is "Has the City's overall financial condition improved, declined, or remained steady over the past year?" The statement of net position and statement of activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two government-wide statements report the City's net position and changes in net position from the prior year. You can think of the City's net position – the difference between assets and deferred outflows, and liabilities and deferred inflows – as one way to measure the City's financial condition or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving, deteriorating, or remaining steady. However, you must consider other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the City's tax base, the condition of the City's roads, and the quality of services to assess the overall health and performance of the City.

As mentioned above, in the statement of net position and statement of activities, we divide the City into three kinds of activities:

- ➤ Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, general administration, public services and parks. Sales taxes, franchise fees, fines and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- ➤ Business-type activities The City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water, wastewater, sanitation, stormwater, golf and economic development activities are reported here.
- Discretely presented component units These account for activities of the City's reporting entity that do not meet the criteria for blending. The City has two discretely presented component units to report which include the Broken Arrow Home Finance Authority and the Broken Arrow Hospital Authority.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other money.

Governmental funds — Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operation and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are adequate financial resources available to be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences in results between the governmental fund financial statements in relation to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

Proprietary funds – When the City charges customers for services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the City, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. The City's enterprise funds are essentially the same as business-type activities in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

A Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole

Net position

The City's combined net position increased from \$408,636,010 to \$446,389,601 between fiscal years 2021 and 2022. Looking at the net position of governmental and business-type activities separately, governmental activities increased \$34,912,136 while business-type activities increased \$2,841,455. A comparative, condensed presentation of net position follows (reported in thousands).

TABLE 1
NET POSITION (In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities		% Inc. (Dec.) Business-Type Activities			<u>% Inc.</u> (Dec.)	Tota	% Inc. (Dec.)	
	2022	2021		2022	2021		2022	2021	
Current and other assets	\$ 216,286	\$167,218	29%	\$ 45,707	\$ 50,044	-9%	\$ 261,993	\$217,262	21%
Capital assets, net	367,802	350,700	5%	237,729	226,304	5%	605,531	577,004	5%
Other non-current assets	-	-	-	38,246	37,574	2%	38,246	37,574	2%
Total assets	584,088	517,918	13%	321,682	313,922	2%	905,770	831,840	9%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	20,293	24,670	-18%	82	93	-12%	20,375	24,763	-18%
Current liabilities	44,734	36,363	23%	16,928	15,642	8%	61,662	52,005	19%
Non-current liabilities	196,776	221,260	-11%	173,116	169,568	2%	369,892	390,828	-5%
Total liabilities	241,510	257,623	-6%	190,044	185,210	3%	431,554	442,833	-3%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	48,068	5,075	847%	133	59	125%	48,201	5,134	839%
	48,068	5,075	847%	133	59	125%	48,201	5,134	839%
Net position Net investment in									
capital assets	193,577	183,702	5%	94,504	86,766	9%	288,081	270,468	7%
Restricted	126,087	114,821	10%	2,621	2,433	8%	128,708	117,254	10%
Unrestricted (deficit)	(4,861)	(18,633)	-74%	34,462	39,547	-13%	29,601	20,914	42%
Total net position	\$ 314,803	\$ 279,890	12%	\$131,587	\$128,746	2%	\$ 446,390	\$408,636	9%

Changes in net position

For the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2022, the change in net position of the primary government was the result of the following (amounts are reported in thousands):

TABLE 2
CHANGES IN NET POSITION (In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities		% Inc. (Dec.) Business-Type Activities			% Inc. (Dec.)	Tot	% Inc. (Dec.)	
	2022	2021		2022	2021		2022	2021	
Revenues									
Program revenue:									
Charges for service	\$ 16,724	\$15,566	7%	\$ 58,121	\$53,638	8%	\$ 74,845	\$69,204	8%
Operating grants and contributions	6,164	16,506	-63%	39		-56%	6,203	16,595	-63%
Capital grants and contributions	2,771	4,765	-42%	6,590	6,051	9%	9,361	10,816	-13%
General Revenue:									
Sales and use taxes	77,414	69,159	12%	-	-	-	77,414	69,159	12%
Property taxes	18,181	17,271	5%	-	-	-	18,181	17,271	5%
Franchise and other taxes	7,355	6,518	13%	-	-	-	7,355	6,518	13%
Intergovernmental revenue	894	326	174%	-	-	-	894	326	174%
Investment income	339	612	-45%	22	9	144%	361	621	-42%
Miscellaneous	1,702	1,653	3%			-	1,702	1,653	3%
Total Revenues	131,544	132,376	-1%	64,772	59,787	8%	196,316	192,163	2%
Program Expenses:									
General government	17,793	15,163	17%		_		17,793	15,163	17%
Public safety	51,598	67,114	-23%			_	51,598	67,114	-23%
Public safety Public services	14,724	14,128	-23% 4%	-	-	-	14,724	14,128	-23% 4%
Culture and recreation	7,484	6,560	14%	_	_	_	7,484	6,560	14%
Interest on long-term debt	4,421	4,634	-5%	_	_	_	4,421	4,634	-5%
Water	-,	-,05-	-	24,510	23,120	6%	24,510	23,120	6%
Sewer	_	_	_	19,625	15,182	29%	19,625	15,182	29%
Sanitation	_	_	_	8,438	10,771	-22%	8,438	10,771	-22%
Stormwater	_	_	_	7,116	7,124	0%	7,116	7,124	0%
Golf	_	_	_	1,579	1,605	-2%	1,579	1,605	-2%
Economic development	_	_	_	1,275	1,324	-4%	1,275	1,324	-4%
Total Expenses	96,020	107,599	-11%	62,543	59,126	6%	158,563	166,725	-5%
Excess before transfers	35,524	24,777	43%	2,229	661	237%	37,753	25,438	48%
Net transfers in (out)	(612)	(750)	-18%	612	750	-18%	-	-	-
Increase in net position	\$ 34,912	\$24,027	45%	\$ 2,841	\$ 1,411	101%	\$ 37,753	\$25,438	48%

The City's governmental activities increase in net position of \$34,912,136 represents a 45% increase from the prior year's increase in net position. This increase was mainly the result of an increase in total general revenues of approximately \$10.5 million. The business-type activities increase in net position of \$2,841,455 represents a 101% increase from the prior year's increase in net position. This increase was the result of an increase in total expenses of approximately \$3.4 million and an increase in charges for services of approximately \$4.5 million. The results indicate the City's total net position as a whole increased from the prior year.

Governmental activities

To aid in understanding the statement of activities, some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different than a typical statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund balance. You will notice that expenses are listed in the first column with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a net revenue (expense). The reason for this format is to highlight the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the City's taxpayers. It also

identifies how much each function draws from the general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants or contributions. All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note all taxes are classified as general revenue, even if it is restricted for a specific purpose.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City's governmental activities were funded as follows:

Governmental Activities Sources									
Sales and Use Taxes	58.85%								
Other Taxes	19.41%								
Charges for Service	12.71%								
Grants	6.79%								
Other	2.23%								

Governmental Activities Uses								
General government	18.53%							
Public safety	53.74%							
Public services	15.33%							
Culture and recreation	7.79%							
Interest on long-term debt	4.60%							

For the year ended June 30, 2022, total expenses for governmental activities amounted to \$96,019,272. To fund these activities, taxpayers and other general revenues funded \$105,272,697 while those directly benefiting from the program funded \$8,934,796 from grants and other contributions and \$16,723,915 from charges for services.

Net Revenue (Expense) of Governmental Activities

			% Inc.	Net Revenue	(Expense) of	% Inc.
	Total Expense of Services		(Dec.)	Serv	rices	(Dec.)
	2022	2021	-	2022	2021	
General government	\$ 17,792,911	\$ 15,163,243	17%	\$ (11,790,449)	\$ (9,154,245)	29%
Public safety	51,597,946	67,114,066	-23%	(37,769,809)	(43,568,440)	-13%
Public services	14,723,873	14,128,172	4%	(9,635,632)	(7,623,661)	26%
Culture and recreation	7,483,963	6,559,893	14%	(6,744,092)	(5,782,445)	17%
Interest on long-term debt	4,420,579	4,633,835	-5%	(4,420,579)	(4,633,835)	-5%
TOTAL	\$ 96,019,272	\$ 107,599,209	-11%	\$ (70,360,561)	\$ (70,762,626)	-1%

Business-type activities

In reviewing the business-type activities net revenue (expense), the following highlights should be noted:

- Total business-type activities reported net revenues of \$2,207,290 for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- Water and stormwater activities reported net revenues of \$7,662,459 and \$724,562 for the year ended June 30 2022, while sewer, sanitation, golf and economic development activities reported net expenses of \$3,609,481, \$1,276,341, \$66,559 and \$1,227,350, respectively.
- Net revenue (expense) of services for almost all functions changed significantly from prior year. Water increase in net revenues of 350% was primarily due to an increase in capital grants and contributions of \$4,866,250. Sewer decrease in net revenues of 283% was primarily due to a decrease in grants and contributions of \$2,268,803 along with an increase in expense of \$4,443,506. Sanitation decrease in net expense of 62% was primarily due to a decrease in expense of \$2,333.973. Stormwater decrease in net revenue of 59% was primarily due to a decrease in capital grants and contributions of \$1,753,632.

Net Revenue (Expense) of Business-Type Activities

			% Inc.	Net Revenue	% Inc.	
	Total Expens	se of Services	(Dec.)	Serv	(Dec.)	
	2022	2021		2022	2021	
Water	\$24,510,192	\$23,120,410	6%	\$7,662,459	\$1,703,872	350%
Sewer	19,625,378	15,181,872	29%	(3,609,481)	1,976,778	-283%
Sanitation	8,437,663	10,771,636	-22%	(1,276,341)	(3,382,823)	-62%
Stormwater	7,116,283	7,123,672	0%	724,562	1,777,263	-59%
Golf	1,578,920	1,604,691	-2%	(66,559)	(115,595)	-42%
Economic Development	1,274,727	1,324,012	-4%	(1,227,350)	(1,307,432)	-6%
TOTAL	\$62,543,163	\$59,126,293	6%	\$2,207,290	\$ 652,063	239%

A financial analysis of the City's funds

As the City completed its 2022 fiscal year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$163,065,013 or an 11.1% increase from 2021. The combined proprietary funds reported a combined total net position of \$128,718,450 or a 2.4% increase from 2021.

Other fund highlights include:

- For the year ended June 30, 2022, the General Fund's total fund balance increased by \$5,954,074 or 29.8%.
- The Public Safety Sales Tax-Police Fund's total fund balance increased by \$4,418,987 or 40.7%.
- The Public Safety Sales Tax-Fire Fund's total fund balance increased by \$133,284 or 2.5%.
- The Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund's total fund balance increased by \$3,989,979 or 28.6%.
- The 2018 General Obligation Bond Fund's total fund balance increased by \$5,141,240 or 13.5% due to the proceeds from the issuance of debt exceeding the related capital outlay expenditures during the year.

General fund budgetary highlights

Over the course of the year, the City Council revised the General Fund budget at various times. The revised budget included an increase in overall appropriations of 6.96% or \$6,298,820, due primarily to an increase in budget for "Transfers to other funds" in the amount of \$5,290,073.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets

At the end of June 30, 2022, the City had \$605,531,074 invested in capital assets, net of depreciation, including police and fire equipment, buildings, park facilities, water lines and sewer lines (see table below). This represents a net increase in net capital assets of \$28,526,642 or 4.9% over last year.

Primary Government Capital Assets (Net of accumulated depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Typ	oe Activities	Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Land	\$ 38,530,863	\$ 38,530,863	\$ 9,340,888	\$ 4,320,406	\$ 47,871,751	\$ 42,851,269	
Buildings	49,592,701	44,588,531	4,097,532	4,320,624	53,690,233	48,909,155	
Improvements	41,316,564	26,509,312	111,039,314	117,131,803	152,355,878	143,641,115	
Machinery and equipment	21,525,505	19,703,843	11,009,002	11,064,583	32,534,507	30,768,426	
Infrastructure	154,933,168	156,693,625	82,178,961	69,511,724	237,112,129	226,205,349	
Construction in progress	61,903,475	64,674,063	20,063,101	19,955,055	81,966,576	84,629,118	
Totals	\$ 367,802,276	\$ 350,700,237	\$ 237,728,798	\$ 226,304,195	\$ 605,531,074	\$ 577,004,432	

This year's more significant capital asset additions included:

- Hillside Wall project totaling \$1,917,266-Governmental
- Fire Station #3 project totaling \$4,422,206-Governmental
- 9th St/Elgin-El Paso street project totaling \$2,229,988-Governmental
- ISSC Baseball/Soccer project totaling \$971,648-Governmental
- Arts Center project totaling \$1,338,313-Governmental
- Washington Garnett-Olive signal project totaling \$2,860,746-Governmental
- Kenosha Date/Main 5 lane signal project totaling \$2,216,418-Governmental
- Chisholm Trail Adult 5 Pl park project totaling \$3,872,404-Governmental
- CL Trunk Sewer project totaling \$7,107,820-Proprietary
- Innovation Land totaling \$5,020,482-Proprietary (ED)

See the notes to the financial statements for more detail information on the City's capital assets and changes therein.

Long-term debt

At year end, the City had \$366,591,603 in long-term debt outstanding which represents a \$10,823,586 or 3.0% increase from prior year amount. The City's change in long-term debt by type of debt is as follows:

Primary Government Long-Term Debt										
	Governmen	ital Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	tal	Total Percentage Change				
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021				
Accrued compensated										
absences	\$ 3,791,230	\$ 4,517,212	\$ 784,137	\$ 783,394	\$ 4,575,367	\$ 5,300,606	-14%			
General obligation bond	165,380,000	156,645,000	-	-	165,380,000	156,645,000	6%			
Notes payable	5,911,432	7,716,362	174,432,018	170,636,201	180,343,450	178,352,563	1%			
Unamortized premium	3,342,944	3,113,399	5,655,325	5,409,976	8,998,269	8,523,375	6%			
Judgments payable	128,847	339,572	-	-	128,847	339,572	-62%			
Automotive and										
general liability	1,245,000	1,316,000	-	-	1,245,000	1,316,000	-5%			
Meter deposit liability	-	-	1,029,633	1,025,091	1,029,633	1,025,091	0%			
Claims payable	4,891,037	4,265,810			4,891,037	4,265,810	15%			
Totals	\$ 184,690,490	\$ 177,913,355	\$ 181,901,113	\$ 177,854,662	\$ 366,591,603	\$ 355,768,017	3%			

See the notes to the financial statements for more detail information on the City's long-term debt and changes therein.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

Sales tax continues to be strong the last few year's but it is still a volatile source of revenue. With the nation and the state's economic slowdown due to the Coronavirus, the City of Broken Arrow has fared very well. For FY 22 we had budgeted a 1% increase in Sales Tax. As of June 2022, the City's sales tax is 12.37% over the prior year.

Building permits both residential and commercial remain strong and we continued our campaign "Back to BA" explaining to the citizens that they need to shop local and that their city sales tax pays for City services such as police and fire.

The City was a recipient of funds from the Cares Act through the State of Oklahoma and funds from the American Rescue Plan to help to provide for allowable expenditures through legislative acts.

In the fall of 2018, the voters approved propositions for a \$210 million G.O. bond package over the next ten years. This will provide for needed infrastructure improvements and quality of life projects that are needed in the future.

Proposition 1: Transportation \$142.625 million Proposition 2: Public Safety \$20.35 million

Proposition 3: Parks and Recreation \$17.75 million

Proposition 4: Public Facilities \$16.8 million

Proposition 5: Stormwater \$7.5 million

Proposition 6: Drainage \$5.5 million

The City has sold four series:

December 2018 \$12,500,000 December 2019 \$23,250,000 December 2020 \$20,000,000

December 2021 \$20,500,000

The Municipal Authority continues to add utility customers, water, sewer, trash, and stormwater, as the City grows. In the fall of 2016, the City Council approved a 5-year rate model and the related increases for utility services. The rate model covers the reasonable estimated expenses for operations and pay as you go capital improvements. The year 4 increase was approved effective October 1, 2019 and year 5 was to be effective October 1, 2020 but due to the Coronavirus the City Council voted to place the year 5 rate increase on hold. For FY 2022 the Authority authorized the 5th and final rate increase from the study from 2016. FY 23 the Authority used year 5 increases as has finished the new rate for FY 24 and will be presented to Council in early summer of 2023. In addition to the water, sewer, and stormwater rates, the authority did a refuse and recycling study and that will also be out in early summer.

City will continue monitor the current economic situation due to the Coronavirus and will respond with appropriate action as time goes on.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Director's Office at 220 South First Street, P.O. Box 610, Broken Arrow, Oklahoma 74013-0610 or phone at (918) 259-2400, extension 5411.

Statement of Net Position

Broken Arrow Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Primary Government						Component Units			
		vernmental Activities		usiness-type Activities	Total		Home	en Arrow Finance thority	Brok H	cen Arrow lospital uthority
ASSETS		Activities		Activities		Total	Au	utority		lilority
Current assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	79,125,512	\$	32,928,361	\$	112,053,873	\$	2,786	\$	10,998
Investments		93,777,957		-		93,777,957		-		-
Taxes receivable		1,579,876		-		1,579,876		-		-
Internal Balances		158,842		(158,842)		-		-		-
Due from other governments		13,875,015		2,297,220		16,172,235		-		-
Accrued interest receivable		170,519		4,200		174,719		-		-
Accounts receivable, net of allowance		2,558,414		9,022,745		11,581,159		-		-
Inventory		-		1,369,966		1,369,966		-		-
Prepaid assets		473,941		243,779		717,720		-		-
Investment in joint venture		-		38,245,607		38,245,607		-		-
Leases receivable		7,103,969		-		7,103,969		-		-
Net pension asset		17,461,926		-		17,461,926		-		-
Capital Assets:										
Non-depreciable		100,434,338		29,403,989		129,838,327		-		-
Depreciable, net of depreciation		267,367,938		208,324,809		475,692,747		-		-
Total assets		584,088,247		321,681,834		905,770,081		2,786		10,998
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred outflow related to fair value of hedging derivative		299,405		-		299,405		-		-
Deferred outflow related to refunding of debt		409,267		34,813		444,080		-		-
Deferred outflows related to pension		19,579,789		-		19,579,789		-		-
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		4,018		47,335		51,353				
Total deferred outflow of resources		20,292,479		82,148		20,374,627				
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable		5,498,688		4,917,030		10,415,718		-		-
Accrued payroll		4,345,772		849,695		5,195,467		-		-
Accrued interest payable		981,537		1,623,160		2,604,697		-		-
Due to other governments		11,840		7,673		19,513		-		-
Due to bondholders		81,271				81,271		-		-
Other payables		-		94,656		94,656		-		-
Amounts held in escrow		1,193,565		351,982		1,545,547		-		-
Unearned revenue		13,444,642		-		13,444,642		-		-
Long term liabilities:										
Due within one year		19,177,063		9,084,010		28,261,073		-		-
Due in more than one year		196,776,090		173,115,722		369,891,812				
Total liabilities		241,510,468		190,043,928		431,554,396		-		
DEFERRED INFLOWS										
Deferred inflows related to pensions		40,101,661				40,101,661				
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		362,614		133,058		495,672		-		-
Deferred inflows related to OFEB Deferred inflows related to leases		7,603,378		133,036		7,603,378		-		-
Total deferred inflow of resources		48,067,653		133,058	_	48,200,711				<u>-</u>
Total deletted filliow of resources		40,007,000		133,030		40,200,711				
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets		193,577,167		94,504,212		288,081,379		-		_
Restricted for:										
Capital projects		85,293,309		-		85,293,309		-		-
Debt service		14,254,584		2,621,063		16,875,647		-		-
Public Safety		22,952,596		-		22,952,596		-		_
Other purposes		3,585,897		-		3,585,897		-		-
Unrestricted (deficit)		(4,860,948)		34,461,721		29,600,773		2,786		10,998
Total net position	\$	314,802,605	\$	131,586,996	\$	446,389,601	\$	2,786	\$	10,998
•			_		_					

Statement of Activities

Broken Arrow Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

						Net (Expense) Rev	enue and Change	s in Net Position		
			Program Reven	ue		Primary Governmen			nent Units	
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		Broken Arrow Home Finance	Broken Hosp	pital
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Authority	Auth	ority
Primary government										
Governmental Activities				_		_		_	_	
General government	\$ 17,792,911	\$ 5,386,894	\$ 615,568	\$ -	\$ (11,790,449)	\$ -	\$ (11,790,449)	\$ -	\$	-
Public safety	51,597,946	9,214,144	4,450,073	163,920	(37,769,809)	-	(37,769,809)	-		-
Public services	14,723,873	1,383,006	1,097,937	2,607,298	(9,635,632)	-	(9,635,632)	-		-
Cultural and recreation	7,483,963	739,871	-	-	(6,744,092)	-	(6,744,092)	-		-
Interest on long-term debt	4,420,579				(4,420,579)		(4,420,579)			-
Total governmental activities	96,019,272	16,723,915	6,163,578	2,771,218	(70,360,561)		(70,360,561)			
Business-type activities										
Water	24,510,192	25,543,006	39,597	6,590,048	-	7,662,459	7,662,459	-		-
Sewer	19,625,378	16,015,897	-	-	-	(3,609,481)	(3,609,481)	-		-
Sanitation	8,437,663	7,161,322	-	-	-	(1,276,341)	(1,276,341)	-		_
Stormwater	7,116,283	7,840,845	-	-	_	724,562	724,562	-		_
Golf	1,578,920	1,512,361	_	_	_	(66,559)	(66,559)	_		-
Economic Development	1,274,727	47,377	_	_	_	(1,227,350)	(1,227,350)	_		-
Total business-type activities	62,543,163	58,120,808	39,597	6,590,048		2,207,290	2,207,290		-	
Total primary government	\$ 158.562.435	\$74,844,723	\$ 6,203,175	\$ 9,361,266	(70,360,561)	2,207,290	(68,153,271)			
Component Units	,,,									
Finance Health	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				-		-
Total component units	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -						-
	General revenue									
	Sales and us				77,413,552	-	77,413,552	-		-
	Property taxe				18,181,292	-	18,181,292	-		-
		d miscellaneous ta	axes		4,771,791	-	4,771,791	-		-
	Hotel/motel to				863,736	-	863,736	-		-
	Tobacco taxe	S			511,865	-	511,865			
	E-911 taxes				1,207,084	-	1,207,084	-		-
			tricted to specific p	rograms	894,057	-	894,057	-		-
		estment earnings			339,173	22,556	361,729	-		-
	Miscellaneous				1,701,756	-	1,701,756	-		-
	Transfers				(611,609)	611,609	-	-		-
	Total gener	al revenues and tra	ansfers		105,272,697	634,165	105,906,862			
	Change is	n net position			34,912,136	2,841,455	37,753,591			
	Net position - beg	inning			279,890,469	128,745,541	408,636,010	2,786		10,998
	Net position - end	ling			\$ 314,802,605	\$ 131,586,996	\$ 446,389,601	\$ 2,786	\$	10,998

Governmental Funds – Balance Sheet

City of Broken Arrow, Oklahoma Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Public Safety Sales Tax- Police	Public Safety Sales Tax-Fire	Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund	American Relief Fund	2018 General Obligation Bond Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,844,650	\$ 6,152,622 9.874.463	\$ 3,463,056 2.951.810	\$ 11,619,533 4.998.035	\$ 8,476,454 4.894,601	\$ 5,757,565 39.893.080	\$ 6,722,581 6,127,445	\$ 25,586,566 15,975,156	\$ 77,623,027 93,777,957
Investments	9,063,367 427,611	9,874,463	2,951,810	,,	4,894,601	39,893,080	6,127,445 1.152.265	-,,	93,777,957
Taxes receivable, net Due from other funds	3.280.154	-	-	128.453	-	-	1,152,265	765	1,579,876
		521.965	492.022	1.640.076			7.632		13.875.015
Receivable from other governments Accrued interest receivable	10,153,835 23,110	521,965 29,074	9,609	1,640,076	23,244	37,354	7,632 2,984	1,059,485 43,651	13,875,015
Leases receivable	7.103.969	29,074	9,009	1,493	23,244	31,354	2,904	43,001	7.103.969
Other receivables, net	1,935,248	-		-			-	286.062	2,221,310
Prepaid expenses	220.233	2.630	1.110	-			211.288	38.680	2,221,310 473.941
Total assets	\$ 42.052.177	\$ 16,580,754	\$ 6,917,607	\$ 18,387,590	\$ 13,394,299	\$ 45,687,999	\$ 14,254,584	\$ 42.990.365	\$ 200.265.375
rotar assets	\$ 42,052,177	\$ 10,560,754	\$ 6,917,007	\$ 10,307,590	\$ 13,394,299	\$ 45,007,999	\$ 14,254,564	\$ 42,990,305	\$ 200,265,375
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND B	ALANCES								
Liabilities:	. 450.000				450 500		•	0.50.054	4 000 500
Accounts payable	\$ 456,200	\$ 189,493	\$ 296,067	\$ 461,305	\$ 153,580	\$ 2,516,686	\$ -	\$ 853,251	\$ 4,926,582
Accrued payroll	2,756,680	1,063,855	1,056,474	-			-		4,877,009
Due to other funds	3,280,919	-	-	-				-	3,280,919
Due to other governments	11,840	-	-	-			-		11,840
Due to bondholders	81,271	-	-	-					81,271
Amounts held in escrow	1,193,479	-	-	-	40.007.000			86	1,193,565
Unearned revenue	217,550	- 4 050 040	- 4050 544	461.305	13,227,092	2.516.686		853.337	13,444,642
Total liabilities	7,997,939	1,253,348	1,352,541	461,305	13,380,672	2,516,686		853,337	27,815,828
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred inflows-leases	7,603,378	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,603,378
Unavailable revenue	507,434	44,547	9,609	1,493	23,244	37,354	1,042,676	114,799	1,781,156
Total deferred inflows of resources	8,110,812	44,547	9,609	1,493	23,244	37,354	1,042,676	114,799	9,384,534
Fund balances:									
Restricted		15.282.859	5.555.457	17.924.792		43.133.959	13.211.908	29.740.294	124.849.269
Committed		13,202,039	3,330,437	17,524,752		43, 133, 333	13,211,900	4.989.332	4.989.332
Assigned	11.306.342	-	-	-			-	7,292,603	4,969,332 18.598.945
Unassigned	14.637.084	-		-	(9,617)	-		1,292,003	14,627,467
Total fund balances	25.943.426	15.282.859	5,555,457	17.924.792	(9,617)	43.133.959	13.211.908	42.022.229	163.065.013
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$ 42,052,177	\$ 16,580,754	\$ 6,917,607	\$ 18,387,590	\$ 13,394,299	\$ 45,687,999	\$ 14,254,584	\$ 42,022,229	\$ 200,265,375
rotal liabilities, deletied iffilows and lund balances	φ 42,002,177	φ 10,360,754	φ 0,817,007	φ 10,367,590	φ 13,394,299	φ 40,007,999	φ 14,204,004	φ 42,990,300	φ 200,200,375

CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ending June 30, 2022

Broken Arrow Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

June 30, 2022		
Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$	163,065,013
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds, but are reported in the governmental acitivities of the Statement of Net Position		367,802,276
Certain other long-term assets and deferred outflows are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are deferred or not reported in the		
funds: Receivable from other governments		1,111,935
Court fines receivable		301,559
Cemetery receivable Street light fee		9,151 3,348
Interest receivable		170,519
Miscellaneous receivables		184,644
Deferred outflows related to pensions		299,405
Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflow on refunding		19,579,789 409,267
Deferred outflow - OPEB		4,018
	_	22,073,635
Certain assets are not reported in the funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting, however, at the government-wide financial statements are reported due to the accrual basis of accounting:		
Net pension asset		17,461,926
		17,461,926
Certain special revenue funds are used by management to perform business-type activities. The assets and liabilities of these special revenue funds are included in the business-type activities on the Statement of Net Position: Excess Capacity Sewer Fund Stormwater Capital Fund	_	(1,662,568) (1,205,978) (2,868,546)
The assets and liabilities of certain internal services funds are not included in this fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position		(223,771)
Certain long-term liabilities are not due and payable from current financial resources and therefore they, along with deferred inflows, are not reported in the funds:		
Unamortized premium		(3,342,944)
General obligation bonds payable Notes payable		(165,380,000) (5,911,432)
Accrued compensated absences		(3,791,230)
Accrued interest payable		(981,537)
Derivative investment liability-interest rate swap		(299,405)
Automotive and general liability Judgments payable		(1,245,000) (128,847)
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		(362,614)
Total OPEB liability		(711,361)
Net pension liability		(30,251,897)
Deferred inflows related to pensions		(40,101,661)
		(252,507,928)
Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	\$	314,802,605

Governmental Funds - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

City of Broken Arrow, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Gen	eral Fund		ublic Safety Sales Tax- Police		blic Safety es Tax-Fire		ales Tax Capital provement Fund	Ame	rican Relief Fund		18 General gation Bond Fund	Debt Servi	ce ce	Other Governmental Funds	Tota	l Governmental Funds
REVENUES																	
Sales and use taxes	\$	57,571,965	\$	2,834,512	\$	2,834,512	\$	9,448,375	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 4,724,188	\$	77,413,552
Property tax		-		-		-		-		-		-	18,068,	813			18,068,813
Franchise and miscellaneous taxes		5,283,656		-		-		-		-		-		-	863,736		6,147,392
Intergovernmental		894,935		1,703,303		4,540,795		-		541,374		-		-	1,650,878		9,331,285
Charges for services		13,126,308		-		-		-		-		-		-	2,869,033		15,995,341
Fines and forfeitures		818,349		-		-		-		-		-		-	4,155		822,504
Licenses and permits		1,393,690		-		-		-		-		-		-			1,393,690
Rental income		615,346		-		-		-		-		-		-			615,346
Investment income		99,751		(21,760)		(12,400)		11,655		(9,617)		129,347	24.	266	71,309		292,551
Miscellaneous		458,576		58,591		12,237		563,897		-		-		-	317,334		1,410,635
Total revenues		80,262,576	_	4,574,646	_	7,375,144	_	10,023,927		531,757		129,347	18,093	079	10,500,633		131,491,109
EXPENDITURES																	
Current:																	
General government		14,375,533				-		-		4,741		-		-	391,684		14,771,958
Public safety		-		28,960,719		29,667,885		-				-		-	177,849		58,806,453
Public services		3,262,233				-		-		-		-		-	554,943		3,817,176
Parks and recreation		4,928,243		_				-		-				-			4,928,243
Debt Service:																	
Principal		-				_		1.804.930		-		-	11.975.	725			13.780.655
Interest and other charges		-		_				428.795		-			4.316	090			4.744.885
Bond issuance costs		-				_		-		-		183,325	235.	696			419,021
Capital Outlay		511		763,757		1.472.140		3.798.506		536.633		15.304.782		-	12.513.627		34.389.956
Total expenditures		22,566,520	_	29,724,476		31,140,025		6,032,231		541,374		15,488,107	16,527,	511	13,638,103		135,658,347
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			_		_									_			
expenditures		57,696,056	_	(25,149,830)		(23,764,881)		3,991,696		(9,617)		(15,358,760)	1,565,	568	(3,137,470)		(4,167,238)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																	
Proceeds from long-term debt				_				_		_		20,500,000		-			20,500,000
Accrued interest on debt issue		_		_		_		_		_		,,	31	164			31,164
Bond premium				_				_		_			559.	658			559,658
Transfers in		16.951.940		29.568.817		23.898.165		_		_		-					70.418.922
Transfers out		(68,693,922)						(1,717)		-		-	(50.	000)	(2,284,892)		(71,030,531)
Total other financing sources and uses		(51,741,982)	_	29,568,817	_	23.898.165		(1,717)				20.500.000	540.		(2,284,892)		20,479,213
Net change in fund balances		5,954,074		4,418,987		133,284		3,989,979		(9,617)		5,141,240	2,106		(5,422,362)		16,311,975
Fund balances - beginning		19,989,352		10,863,872		5,422,173		13,934,813				37,992,719	11,105.	518	47,444,591		146,753,038
Fund balances - ending	\$	25,943,426	\$	15,282,859	\$	5,555,457	\$	17,924,792	\$	(9,617)	\$	43,133,959	\$ 13,211,	908	\$ 42,022,229	\$	163,065,013
			_		_						_			_			

CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ending June 30, 2022

Broken Arrow

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Tot ale Teat Ellaca saile se, Este		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$	16,311,975
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:		
Capital asset purchases capitalized		27,655,713
Book value on capital assets disposed		(36,698)
Capital assets contributed		2,614,968
Depreciation expense		(13,131,944) 17,102,039
		17,102,039
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the		
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position:		
GO bond principal payment		11,765,000
Bond proceeds		(20,500,000)
Premium on bonds		(559,658)
Amortization of premium on bonds		330,113
Principal paid on judgments Notes payable principal payment		210,725 1,804,930
		(6,948,890)
Certain assets are not reported in the funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting, however, at the government-wide financial statements are	:	
reported due to the accrual basis of accounting: Change in net pension asset		17,461,926
Changes in deferred outflow - fair value derivative		(533,632)
Changes in deferred outflows related to OPEB		(640)
Changes in deferred outflows related to pensions		(3,776,024) 13,151,630
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned: Change in unavailable revenue		(230,979)
Change in unavailable revenue		(230,373)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Accrued interest not reflected on Governmental funds		30,548
Accrued compensated absences change		725,982
Change in derivative investment liability- interest rate swap Changes in deferred inflows related to OPEB		533,632 (166,949)
Total OPEB liability change		159,749
Change in net pension liability		30,258,425
Change in deferred inflows related to pensions		(35,222,023)
Change in deferred outflow on refunding Change in claims liability		(67,519) 71,000
Change in Gaine hability		(3,677,155)
Certain special revenue funds are used by management to perform business-type activities. The net change in fund balances of these special revenue funds are included in the business-type activities on the Statement		
of Activities:		/=
Change in Excess Capacity Sewer Fund		(71,358) 279 379
Change in Stormwater Capital Fund		279,379 208,021
		,
Internal service fund activity is reported as a proprietary fund in the fund financial statements, but certain net revenues are reported in governmental activities on the statement of Activities:		
Total change in net position for internal service funds		(1,004,505)
Change in net position of governmental activities	e	24 040 426
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.	\$	34,912,136
occ accompanying notes to the basic illiancial statements.		

Proprietary Funds – Statement of Net Position

Broken Arrow Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

		Enterprise Funds			
		Broken Arrow			
	Broken Arrow	Economic			
	Municipal	Development	Battle Creek		Internal Service
	Authority	Authority	Golf Course	Total	Funds
ASSETS	rautotty	7 tautionity			
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 344,423	\$ 969,617	\$ 104,999	\$ 1,419,039	\$ 4,389,740
•			ý 104,555		φ 4,309,740
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	19,800,378	6,648,277	-	26,448,655	-
Investments	-	-	-		-
Accounts receivable, net	9,012,244	-	-	9,012,244	-
Due from other funds	3,745,178	-	-	3,745,178	-
Due from other governments	2,297,220	-	-	2,297,220	
Interest receivable	-	4,200	-	4,200	-
Other receivable	-	3,000	7,501	10,501	337,104
Inventories	1,297,477	_	72,489	1,369,966	-
Prepaid assets	231,476	_	12,303	243,779	_
Total current assets	36,728,396	7.625.094	197,292	44,550,782	4,726,844
Noncurrent assets:	30,720,330	7,020,004	137,232	44,000,702	4,720,044
	4 070 440	F00 000		0.470.440	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,673,412	500,000	-	2,173,412	-
Investment in joint venture	38,245,607	-	-	38,245,607	-
Capital assets:					
Land and other nondepreciable assets	19,955,613	9,218,699	229,677	29,403,989	-
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	202,347,905	1,878,757	4,098,147	208,324,809	-
Total noncurrent assets	262,222,537	11,597,456	4,327,824	278,147,817	
Total assets	298,950,933	19,222,550	4,525,116	322,698,599	4,726,844
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
	24 042			24 012	
Deferred charge on refunding	34,813	-	-	34,813	-
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	47,335			47,335	
Total deferred outflows of resources	82,148			82,148	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	3,659,085	612,506	626,730	4,898,321	59,578
Accrued payroll payable	849,695	0.2,000	020,700	849,695	-
		247.823	-		_
Accrued interest payable	1,375,337	** *	-	1,623,160	-
Due to other funds	3,280,154	30,389	593,477	3,904,020	-
Other accrued expenses	-	-	94,656	94,656	-
Amounts held in escrow	351,982	-	-	351,982	-
Due to other governments	-	-	7,673	7,673	
Compensated absences	522,758	-	-	522,758	-
Claims liability	-	_	_	_	1,002,000
Meter deposit liability	205,927			205,927	1,002,000
		920,000	-		-
Bonds, notes and loans payable, net	7,535,325	820,000	4 000 500	8,355,325	4 004 570
Total current liabilities	17,780,263	1,710,718	1,322,536	20,813,517	1,061,578
Non-current liabilities:					
Compensated absences	261,379	-	-	261,379	-
Claims liability	-	-	-	-	3,889,037
Meter deposit liability	823,706	-	-	823,706	-
Bonds, notes and loans payable	152,137,018	19,595,000	_	171,732,018	_
Total OPEB liability	298,619	.5,000,000	-	298,619	-
Total or EB liability Total non-current liabilities	153.520.722	19,595,000		173,115,722	3,889,037
			4 000 500		
Total liabilities	171,300,985	21,305,718	1,322,536	193,929,239	4,950,615
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES					
Deferred amounts related to pensions	133,058	-	-	133,058	-
Total deferred inflow of resources	133,058		-	133,058	-
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	79,078,932	11,097,456	4,327,824	94,504,212	
•		11,001,400	7,021,024		-
Restricted for debt service	2,621,063	- (40 100 00 ::	- (4 10= 01:	2,621,063	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Unrestricted (deficit)	45,899,043	(13,180,624)	(1,125,244)	31,593,175	(223,771)
Total net position	\$ 127,599,038	\$ (2,083,168)	\$ 3,202,580	\$ 128,718,450	\$ (223,771)
					-
Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the	Statement of Net Pos	ition are different beca	use certain special		
revenue funds are used by magagement to perform busine			•		
	• •		or certain special	0.000.540	
revenue funds are included in the business-type activities	iii the Statement of Ne	a rosilion.		2,868,546	
Total net position per Government-Wide financial statements	;			\$ 131,586,996	

Proprietary Funds - Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Broken Arrow Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Enterprise Funds			
		Broken Arrow			
	Broken Arrow	Economic			
	Municipal	Development	Battle Creek Golf Course	Total	Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES	Authority	Authority	Goil Course	Total	runus
Water charges	\$ 24,869,926	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,869,926	\$ -
Sewer charges	15,501,981	· -	· ·	15,501,981	-
Sanitation charges	6,972,712	_	_	6,972,712	_
Stormwater fees	7,326,259	_	_	7,326,259	_
Fees and fines	928,992	_	_	928,992	-
Golf	-	_	1,512,361	1,512,361	_
Miscellaneous	550,305	_	.,012,001	550,305	_
Self insurance charges	-	_	_	-	12,110,510
Total operating revenues	56,150,175		1,512,361	57,662,536	12,110,510
OPERATING EXPENSES				. =	
General government	1,100,471	633,573	-	1,734,044	-
Finance and administration	2,311,974	-	-	2,311,974	-
Engineering and construction	3,743,718	-	-	3,743,718	-
Water distribution	11,993,928	-	-	11,993,928	-
Sanitary sewer system	9,982,185	-	-	9,982,185	-
Sanitation services	6,675,514	-	-	6,675,514	-
Support services	2,953,839	-	-	2,953,839	-
Stormwater	3,569,798	-	-	3,569,798	
Claims expense	-	-			13,149,121
Golf	.	<u>-</u>	1,432,345	1,432,345	-
Depreciation	12,416,772	46,223	146,575	12,609,570	- 10.110.101
Total operating expenses	54,748,199 1,401,976	679,796	1,578,920	57,006,915	13,149,121
Operating income (loss)	1,401,976	(679,796)	(66,559)	655,621	(1,038,611)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest and investment revenue	2,688	13,401	3,718	19,807	4,369
Miscellaneous revenue	-	47,377	-	47,377	29,737
Gain on disposal of capital assets	80,212	-	-	80,212	-
Operating grant	39,597	-	-	39,597	-
Bond issuance costs	(584,058)	-	-	(584,058)	-
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(4,412,859)	(594,931)	-	(5,007,790)	-
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	(4,874,420)	(534,153)	3,718	(5,404,855)	34,106
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(3,472,444)	(1,213,949)	(62,841)	(4,749,234)	(1,004,505)
Capital contributions	7,187,101	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	7,187,101	-
Transfers in	15,638,549	1,200,000	-	16,838,549	-
Transfers out	(16,226,940)	-	-	(16,226,940)	-
Change in net position	3,126,266	(13,949)	(62,841)	3,049,476	(1,004,505)
Total net position - beginning	124,472,772	(2,069,219)	3,265,421	125,668,974	780,734
Total net position - ending	\$ 127,599,038	\$ (2,083,168)	\$ 3,202,580	\$ 128,718,450	\$ (223,771)
Change in net position, per above				3,049,476	
Some amounts reported for business-type activities	in the Statement of Activ	vities are different beca	use certain special		
revenue funds are used by management to perform to					
funds are included in the business-type activities in	the Statement of Activitie	es.		(208,021)	
Change in Business-Type Activities in Net Position	per Government-Wide Fi	nancial Statements		\$ 2,841,455	
• •					

Proprietary Funds – Statement of Cash Flows

Broken Arrow Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Enterprise Funds			
		Broken Arrow			
	Broken Arrow	Economic			
	Municipal Authority	Development Authority	Battle Creek Golf Course	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Authority	Authority	Goil Course	Tulius	- Tulius
Receipts from customers	\$ 54,998,969	\$ (3,000)	\$ 1,504,860	\$ 56,500,829	\$ 11,804,522
Payments to suppliers	(21,451,496)	(121,862)	(1,436,574)	(23,009,932)	-
Payments to employees	(20,480,304)	-	-	(20,480,304)	-
Receipts of customer meter deposits Payment of customer meter deposits	283,874 (279,332)	-	-	283,874 (279,332)	-
Claims paid	(219,332)		-	(279,332)	(12,487,028)
Interfund receipts	(6,991,273)	(3,329,611)	(85,178)	(10,406,062)	(12, 101, 020)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	6,080,438	(3,454,473)	(16,892)	2,609,073	(682,506)
				<u> </u>	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from other funds	15,638,549	1,200,000		16,838,549	
Transfer to other funds	(16,226,940)	1,200,000	-	(16,226,940)	-
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(588,391)	1,200,000		611,609	
······································	(000,001)	-,,			
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Purchase of capital assets	(9,405,715)	(7,438,570)	(3,650)	(16,847,935)	-
Proceeds from issuance of debt Note issuance costs	39,812,174 (584,058)	-	-	39,812,174 (584,058)	-
Premium on issuance of debt	466,093	-	-	466,093	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	81,075	_	_	81,075	
Principal paid on capital debt	(29,077,976)	(795,000)	-	(29,872,976)	-
Interest paid on capital debt	(4,585,243)	(395,394)		(4,980,637)	-
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(3,293,650)	(8,628,964)	(3,650)	(11,926,264)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Sale of investments	8.333	_	_	8,333	_
(Increase) decrease in investment in joint venture	(672,039)			(672,039)	-
Interest and dividends	2,688	13,401	3,718	19,807	4,369
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(661,018)	13,401	3,718	(643,899)	4,369
Net Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,537,379	(10,870,036)	(16,824)	(9,349,481)	(678,137)
Balances-beginning of year	20,280,834	18,987,930	121,823	39,390,587	5,067,877
Balances-end of year	\$ 21,818,213	\$ 8,117,894	\$ 104,999	\$ 30,041,106	\$ 4,389,740
Reconciliation to Combining Statement of Net Position:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 344,423	\$ 969,617	\$ 104,999	\$ 1,419,039	\$ 4,389,740
Restricted cash and cash equivalents-current	19,800,378	6,648,277	-	26,448,655	-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents-noncurrent Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	1,673,412 \$ 21,818,213	\$ 8,117,894	\$ 104,999	2,173,412 \$ 30,041,106	\$ 4,389,740
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	Ψ 21,010,210	Ψ 0,117,004	ψ 104,555	ψ 30,041,100	4,505,740
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating		4 (070 700)	6 (00.550)		. (1.000.011)
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating ac	\$ 1,401,976	\$ (679,796)	\$ (66,559)	\$ 655,621	\$ (1,038,611)
Depreciation expense	12,416,772	46,223	146,575	12,609,570	_
Miscellaneous non-operating revenue (expense)	-	47,377	- 10,010	47,377	29,737
Operating grant	39,597	-	-	39,597	-
Change in assets, liabilities and deferrals:					
Receivables, net	(1,139,454)	-	-	(1,139,454)	-
Due from other funds Due from other governments	(187,185) 3,540	-	-	(187,185) 3,540	-
Other receivable	3,540	(3,000)	(7,501)	(10,501)	(333,745)
Inventories	394,103	(3,000)	(8,205)	385,898	(555,745)
Prepaid assets	(210,976)	_	1,930	(209,046)	-
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	80,701	-	· -	80,701	-
Accounts payables	(65,951)	464,334	47,739	446,122	36,866
Accrued payroll	262,671			262,671	-
Due to other funds	(6,804,088)	(3,329,611)	(85,178)	(10,218,877)	-
Other payables Amounts held in escrow	(54,889)	-	(46,763)	(46,763) (54,889)	(1,980)
Due to other governments	(34,009)	-	1,070	1,070	(1,900)
Accrued compensated absences	743	-	-,5.0	743	-
Customer meter deposits payable	4,542	-	-	4,542	-
Claims and judgments	-	-	-	-	625,227
Total OPEB liability	(61,664)	- (0.454.475)	- (40.000)	(61,664)	- (000 500)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 6,080,438	\$ (3,454,473)	\$ (16,892)	\$ 2,609,073	\$ (682,506)
Non-cash Activities:					
Capital assets contributed	\$ 7,187,101	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,187,101	\$ -
Total Non-cash Activities	\$ 7,187,101	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,187,101	\$ -

CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INDEX

	Note 1	- Summar	y of Significant	Accounting	Policies
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Organization and operations	
Financial reporting entity	23
Blended component units	23
Discretely presented component units	24
Related organizations	25
Joint venture	25
Basis of presentation	25
Measurement focus and basis of accounting	29
Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net positio	on30
Internal and interfund balances and activities	
Revenues, expenditures and expenses	34
Use of estimates	35
Note 2 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability	
Deposits and investments laws and regulations	36
Debt restrictions and covenants	36
Fund equity/net position restrictions	37
Budgetary compliance	38
Note 3 – Detail Notes on Transaction Classes/Accounts	
Deposits	38
Receivables	40
Restricted assets	40
Capital assets	41
Investment in joint venture	43
Long-term debt	43
Interfund balances and activities	53
Fund balances and net position	54
Note 4 – Employee Pension and Other Benefit Plans	55
Note 5 – Tax Abatements	65
Note 6 – Risk Management	66
Note 7 – Commitments and Contingencies	68
Note 8 – Subsequent Events	70

CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ending June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization and operations

The City's accounting and financial reporting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

Financial reporting entity

The City's financial reporting entity is comprised of the following:

Primary Government: City of Broken Arrow

Blended Component Units: Broken Arrow Municipal Authority

Broken Arrow Economic Development Authority

Discretely Presented Component Units: Broken Arrow Home Finance Authority

Broken Arrow Hospital Authority

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity as amended by GASB 61* and other subsequent standards, and includes all component units of which the City is fiscally accountable. Each of these component units are Public Trusts established pursuant to Title 60 of Oklahoma State law. Public Trusts (Authorities) have no taxing power. The Authorities are generally created to finance city services through issuance of revenue bonds or other non-general obligation debt and to enable the City Council to delegate certain functions to the governing body (Trustees) of the Authority. The Authorities generally retain title to assets which are acquired or constructed with Authority debt or other Authority generated resources. In addition, in most cases, the City has leased certain existing assets at the creation of the Authorities to the trustees on a long-term basis. The City, as beneficiary of the Public Trusts, receives title to any residual assets when a Public Trust is dissolved.

Blended component units

Blended component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above and whose governing body is the same or substantially the same as the City council or the component unit provides services entirely to the City. These component units' funds are blended into those of the City's by appropriate fund type to comprise part of the primary government presentation.

Two component units are blended in to the primary government's fund types as presented below:

Component Unit	Brief Description/Inclusion Criteria	Reporting Fund
Broken Arrow Municipal Authority (BAMA)	Created July 1, 1979, to finance, develop and operate the water, sewer and solid waste activities. The current City Council serves as its entire governing body (Trustees). Any issuance of debt would require a two-thirds approval of the City Council.	Enterprise Fund

CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ending June 30, 2022

Broken Arrow Economic Development Authority (BAEDA) Created November 19, 1973, to promote and encourage development of industry and commerce and other related activities on behalf of the City. Five trustees are appointed by the City Council and may be removed at will by the City Council. During 2008, the current City Council began serving as its entire governing body (Trustees). As a result, BAEDA is presented as a blended component unit, whereas in years prior to 2008, it was presented as a discretely presented component unit. Any issuance of debt would require two-thirds approval of the City Council.

Enterprise Fund

Discretely presented component units

Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above but do not meet the criteria for blending. The City has two component units that are discretely presented in the City's report as presented below.

Component Unit	Brief Description/Inclusion Criteria
Broken Arrow Home Finance Authority (BAHFA)	Created May 9, 1980, to provide, improve and secure decent safe and sanitary housing facilities, especially for low to moderate income families and to prevent blight, hazardous and unhealthy housing conditions. The governing body consists of five members appointed by the City Council. One of these members must also serve on the City Council. The governing body members may be removed at will by the City Council. Any issuance of debt would require a two-thirds approval of the City Council.
Component Unit	Brief Description/Inclusion Criteria
Broken Arrow Hospital Authority (BAHA)	Created May 1, 1974, to construct, maintain and operate the hospital and medical facilities of the City. Trustees are appointed by the City Council from a list supplied by the hospital board. They may be removed at will by the City Council. Any issuance of debt would require a two-thirds approval of the City Council.

The Broken Arrow Home Finance Authority and the Broken Arrow Hospital Authority do not issue separate annual financial statements.

CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ending June 30, 2022

Related organizations

The following related organizations are not included in the financial reporting entity:

<u>Broken Arrow Housing Development Corporation</u> – a nonstock, nonprofit corporation acting as an instrumentality of the City for the purpose of assisting in financial dwelling accommodations for persons of low income. The Corporation issued first lien revenue bonds after approval by the City Council. The bonds do not constitute debt of the City and are secured by revenues received from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development. The revenues represent monthly housing assistance payments for project units occupied by eligible low-income tenants.

<u>Broken Arrow Economic Development Corporation</u> – a nonstock, nonprofit corporation acting as an instrumentality of the City for the purpose of assisting in economic development.

Broken Arrow Industrial Trust Authority – A Title 60 Public Trust created November 1, 1962, to own, acquire, construct, improve, maintain and operate facilities used in securing or developing industry in the City. The City Manager serves as trustee along with two appointees made by the Broken Arrow Chamber of Commerce. This trust currently is inactive.

Joint venture

The City is currently a participant (with equity interest) in the general operating portion of the Regional Metropolitan Utility Authority (RMUA). The RMUA is a Title 60 Public Trust created to provide, operate, and maintain water supply, wastewater and pollution control facilities for the benefit of various governmental entities. Currently, the RMUA is providing wastewater facilities at the Haikey Creek sewage treatment plants. On dissolution of the RMUA, the net position will be distributed to the beneficiaries based upon their pro-rata interest. Separate audited financial statements of RMUA for the year ended June 30, 2022, are available from the Office of Finance, City of Tulsa, Oklahoma.

Basis of presentation

Government-wide financial statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the City as a whole including component units. They include all financial activities of the reporting entity. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double reporting of transactions involving internal activities. Individual funds are not displayed in these statements. Instead, the statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between the expenses and program revenues directly associated with the different governmental functions and business-type activities to arrive at the net revenue or expense of the function or activity prior to the use of taxes and other general revenues. Program revenues include 1) fees, fines and service charges generated by the program or activity, 2) operating grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of the program or activity, and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the capital requirements of the program or activity.

CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ending June 30, 2022

Fund financial statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Separate financial statements are presented for two major fund categories: governmental and proprietary. An emphasis of the fund financial statements is placed on major governmental and enterprise funds. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets plus deferred outflows, liabilities plus deferred inflows, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets plus deferred outflows, liabilities plus deferred inflows, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. A fund not meeting the criteria of (a) and (b), however, management has elected to report the fund as a major fund due to its significance to users of the financial statements.

All remaining governmental and enterprise funds not meeting the above criteria are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental funds:

General fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special revenue funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or administratively restricted to expenditures for certain purposes. The reporting entity includes the following special revenue funds:

Fund	Brief Description
Public Safety Sales Tax-Police	Accounts for revenues generated by a 0.15% sales tax to be used strictly for police expenditures.
Public Safety Sales Tax-Fire	Accounts for revenues generated by a 0.15% sales tax to be used strictly for fire expenditures.
Excess Capacity Sewer Escrow	Accounts for acreage fees limited in use to expenditures for excess capacity sewer lines.
Stormwater Capital	Accounts for funds received in lieu of building a detention facility to be used for future or ongoing stormwater improvement and regional detention projects.

CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ending June 30, 2022

Convention and Visitors Bureau	Accounts for funds received in relation to leisure, cultural and recreational activities within the City.
Police Enhancement	Accounts for monies limited in use for police department education and drug prevention activities.

Street and Alley Accounts for commercial vehicle tax and gasoline excise tax legally restricted for street and alley repairs and maintenance.

Housing and Urban Development Accounts for revenue and expenditures of Community Development Block Grants and the Home program.

CARES Act Fund Accounts for funds received from the Federal Coronavirus Aid,
Relief and Economic Security Act and expended for special

designated purposes approved by City Council.

E-911 Escrow Accounts for the City's share of E-911 customer assessment that

is legally restricted for public safety.

Crime Prevention Accounts for revenues and expenditures of a grant from the U.S.

Department of Justice.

Alcohol Enforcement Accounts for funds received limited in use for juvenile education

and enforcement related to alcohol.

Street Light Fee Accounts for funds received limited in use for operating,

maintaining and construction of the street light program.

Admin Technology Accounts for revenues generated by a technology fee to be used

for acquisition and maintenance of court computers and video

arraignment equipment.

Creek TIF Apportionment Fund Accounts for revenues and expenditures of the Creek 51 Tax

Increment Financing.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for ad-valorem taxes levied by the City for use in retiring general obligation bonds, court-assessed judgments, and their related interest expense and fiscal agent fees.

Capital project funds

Capital project funds are used to account for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items. The reporting entity includes the following capital project funds:

Fund	Brief Description
Sales Tax Capital Improvement	Accounts for the revenues generated by a 0.5% sales tax to be used strictly for capital improvements. This fund is the primary funding source for capital outlay expenditures of General Fund departments.

CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ending June 30, 2022

American Relief Fund	Accounts for funds received from the Federal American Recovery Plan Act and expended for special designated purposes as prescribed by the Act and approved by City Council.
2014 General Obligation Bond Fund	Accounts for bond proceeds to be used for street, public safety, park and recreation, stormwater improvements and the purchase and construction of public buildings
2018 General Obligation Bond Fund	Accounts for bond proceeds to be used for street, public safety, park and recreation and stormwater improvements and the purchase and construction of public buildings.
Parks and Recreation	Accounts for fees collected on the construction of new residences which are restricted in use for park and recreation improvements.
Cemetery Care	Accounts for 12.5% of cemetery revenue restricted by state law and an additional 12.5% contributed by the City for cemetery capital improvement.
Street Sales Tax	Accounts for revenues generated by a 0.25% sales tax to be used strictly for street improvements.
1994 General Obligation Bond Fund	Accounts for bond proceeds to be used for industrial development purposes within the City.
2008 General Obligation Bond Fund	Accounts for bond proceeds to be used for street, public safety, park and recreation and stormwater improvements.
2011 General Obligation Bond Fund	Accounts for bond proceeds to be used for street, public safety, park and recreation and stormwater improvements.

Proprietary funds

Proprietary funds include both enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. Internal service funds are used to account for business-like activities provided and charged to other funds or entities within the reporting entity. Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund.

Non-operating revenues of the proprietary funds include such items as investment earnings, interest expense and subsidies. The reporting entity includes the following enterprise funds and internal service funds:

CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ending June 30, 2022

Enterprise funds

Fund	Brief Description
Broken Arrow Municipal Authority	Accounts for activities of the public trust in providing water, wastewater and solid waste services to the public.
Broken Arrow Economic Development Authority	Accounts for revenue and expenses of the public trust used to promote economic development.
Battle Creek Golf Course	Accounts for recreational activities of the municipal golf course.
Internal service funds	
Fund	Brief Description
Workers Compensation	Accounts for charges to the operating funds of the City used to pay worker's compensation claims.
Group Health and Life	Accounts for charges to the operating funds of the City used to pay the expenses of the City's shared risk group health and life insurance plans.
Component units	

Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities whose governing body (in majority) is appointed by the Mayor or City Council, but whose governing body is not substantially the same as the City Council nor an entity established to provide services primarily to the City. Since these component units are not as closely associated with the City as are the blended component units, they are reported in a discretely presented column on the combined financial statements labeled Component Units. The reporting entity includes the following discretely presented component units:

Component Unit	Brief Description
Broken Arrow Home Finance Authority	Accounts for revenue and expenses of the public trust used to assist in providing single family, owner occupied residential housing facilities.
Broken Arrow Hospital Authority	Accounts for revenue and expenses of the public trust used in establishing and developing healthcare facilities.

Measurement focus and basis of accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe how transactions are recorded within the financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement focus:

Government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, and the proprietary fund statements the economic resources measurement focus is applied. The accounting objectives of this

measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. All assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported.

Governmental fund financial statements

In the governmental fund financial statements, a *current financial resources* measurement focus is applied. Under this focus, only current financial assets and liabilities, along with certain deferred outflows and deferred inflows, are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Basis of accounting:

Government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, and the proprietary fund financial statements the accrual basis of accounting is applied. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements

In the governmental fund financial statements, the modified accrual basis of accounting is applied. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when *measurable and available*. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City has defined "available" as collected within 60 days after year end. Sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, hotel/motel taxes, court fines and interest are considered susceptible to accrual. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general long-term debt principal and interest, claims and judgments, and accrued compensated absences, which are recorded as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Proceeds of general long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financial sources.

Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposits or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less. Investments in open-ended, mutual-fund money-market accounts are also considered cash equivalents and reported at the funds current share price.

Investments

Investments consist of certificates of deposit whose original maturing term exceeds three months and U.S. government securities. Investment in long-term U.S. government securities are carried at fair value from quoted market prices. All other investments are carried at cost or amortized cost.

Receivables

Material receivables in governmental funds and governmental activities include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues, since they are usually both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions collectible, but not available, are deferred in accordance with GASB 33. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned, only if paid within 60 days, since they would be considered both measurable and available at the fund level.

Proprietary type funds, business-type activities and similar component unit's material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable and interest earnings comprise the majority of proprietary fund receivables.

Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

Leases Receivable

The City is a party as lessor for fifteen long-term leases of land and infrastructure. The corresponding leases receivable are recorded in an amount equal to the present value of the expected future minimum lease payments received or received, respectively, discounted by an applicable interest rate.

Lease-related amounts are recognized at the inception of leases in which the city is the lessor and are recorded in an amount equal to the corresponding lease receivable plus certain additional amounts received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relates to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The inflow of resources is recognized in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

The total amount of inflows of resources, including lease revenue and interest revenue recognized during the fiscal year was \$484,948.

Inventories

The City has chosen to record consumable materials and supplies as an asset when purchased and expended as consumed. Such inventory is valued at cost.

Capital assets and depreciation

The accounting treatment of property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund type or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide statements

In government-wide financial statements, property, plant and equipment are accounted for as capital assets. The City's capitalization threshold is \$5,000 for all capital assets with the exception of the Battle Creek Golf Course, which has a threshold of \$2,500. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. General infrastructure assets (such as roads, bridges, and traffic systems) acquired prior to July 1, 2002, are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement costs. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs to these assets that do not add materially to the value of the

asset or materially extend the assets' useful lives are not capitalized. Interest costs, net of interest earned on any invested capital debt proceeds, are capitalized when incurred by proprietary funds.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an operating expense in proprietary fund financial statements and an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	25-50 years
Other improvements	10-50 years
Infrastructure	25-50 years
Machinery and equipment	3-20 years

In the governmental fund financial statements, capital assets acquired are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures.

Restricted assets

Restricted assets include cash and investments of enterprise funds and business-type activities that are legally restricted as to their use. The primary restricted assets are related to utility customer deposits, revenue bonds, and Oklahoma Water Resources Board (OWRB) trustee accounts.

Long-term debt

Accounting treatment of long-term debt varies depending upon the source of repayment and the measurement focus applied, and whether the debt is reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental activities, business-type activities, proprietary fund and component unit resources are reported as liabilities as incurred. The long-term debt consists primarily of accrued compensated absences, judgments payable, liability for claims, general obligation bonds payable, notes payable, revenue notes payable and revenue bonds payable. This long-term debt is reported net of unamortized premiums, discounts, and amounts deferred from refundings.

Long-term debt of governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures.

Compensated absences

The City's policies regarding vacation and compensatory time permit employees to accumulate varying amounts as determined by management and contracts with employee groups. Sick leave does not vest to the employee.

The estimated liabilities for vested benefits also include salary-related payments such as employment taxes. Compensated absences are reported as accrued in the government-wide, proprietary and component unit financial statements. Governmental funds report only the matured compensated absences payable to currently terminating or retiring employees.

Equity classifications:

Government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

It is the City's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Governmental fund financial statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as follows:

- 1. Nonspendable amounts not in spendable form, such as inventory legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- 2. Restricted amounts constrained to be being used for a specific purpose by either external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed amounts with constraint on use imposed by the government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority that can be removed or changed only by taking the same action. The City's highest level of decision-making authority is made by ordinance.
- 4. Assigned amounts intended to be used for specific purposes as expressed by the governing body or official authorized by the governing body.
- 5. Unassigned amounts available for any purpose.

Internal and interfund balances and activities

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

Government-wide financial statements:

- 1. Interfund balances amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statement of Net Position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as internal balances.
- 2. Internal activities amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as transfers internal activities. The effects of interfund services between funds are not eliminated in the statement of activities.
- 3. Primary government and component unit activity and balances resource flows between the primary government, the City and BAMA, are reported as if they were external transactions.

Fund financial statements

Interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental and proprietary fund categories is reported as follows in the fund financial statements:

- 1. Interfund loans amounts provided with a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund receivables and payables.
- 2. Interfund services sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses.
- 3. Interfund reimbursements repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements but as adjustments to expenditures/expenses in the respective funds.
- 4. Interfund transfers flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected are reported as transfers in and out.

Revenues, expenditures and expenses

Sales tax

The City levies a 3.55% sales tax on taxable sales within the City. The sales tax is collected by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and remitted to the City in the month following receipt by the Tax Commission. The sales tax recorded is allocated 1.5 cent (42.3%) for General Fund operations, 1 cent (28.2%) for the Broken Arrow Municipal Authority, 0.5 cent (14.1%) for capital improvements, 0.25 cent (7%) for Street Sales Tax Fund, 0.15 cent (4.2%) for the Public Safety Sales Tax-Police Fund, and 0.15 cent (4.2%) for the Public Safety Sales Tax-Fire Fund. Sales tax resulting from sales occurring prior to year-end and received by the City after year end have been accrued and are included under the caption *due from other governments*, since they represent taxes on sales occurring during the reporting period.

Property tax

Under State law, municipalities are limited in their ability to levy a property tax. Such tax may only be levied to repay principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt approved by voters and any court-assessed judgments. At the present time, the City levies a property tax to fund the annual debt service requirements of the general obligation bonds and court-assessed judgments.

The property tax levy, as determined by the City's debt service needs, is submitted to the County Excise Board for approval. County assessors and elected officials determine the taxable value of real estate and personal property in the County. A State Board of Equalization hears complaints on real estate values with the power to equalize assessments. Under present State law, the ratio of assessed value to true value cannot be less than 11% or more than 13.5%.

Property taxes levied by the City are billed and collected by the County Treasurer's Office and remitted to the City in the month following collection. Property taxes are levied normally in October and are due in equal installments on December 31 and March 31. Property taxes unpaid for the fiscal year are attached by an enforceable lien on property in the following October. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City's net assessed valuation of taxable property was \$1,051,629,134. The taxes levied by the City per \$1,000 of net assessed valuation for the year ended June 30, 2022, was \$16.05.

Program revenues

In the statement of activities, revenues are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the City's taxpayers and are reported as program revenues. The City has the following program revenues in each activity:

- 1. General government Cemetery fees, licenses, permits, planning and zoning fees; operating and capital grants and contributions including U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- 2. Public safety Ambulance revenue, court fines and administrative fees; operating and capital grants and contributions including U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Emergency Management Agency and miscellaneous donations.
- 3. Public services Operating and capital grants and contributions including Federal Emergency Management Agency, U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, motor fuel and commercial vehicle intergovernmental revenues.
- 4. Culture and recreation Park and recreation fees, swimming pool fees, rents and royalties; operating and capital grants and contributions including Oklahoma Arts Council and miscellaneous donations.

Expenditures and expenses

In the government-wide statement of activities, expenses, including depreciation of capital assets, are reported by function or activity. In the governmental fund financial statements, expenditures are reported by class as current (further reported by function), capital outlay and debt service. In proprietary fund financial statements, expenses are reported by object or activity.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures.

Note 2 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the City and its component units are subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations.

Deposits and investments laws and regulations

In accordance with State law, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral valued at the lower of market or par. Acceptable collateral includes certain U.S. Government or Government Agency securities, certain State of Oklahoma or political subdivision debt obligations or surety bonds. As required by 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the City must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee.

Investments of the City (excluding Public Trusts) are limited by State law to the following:

- 1. Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State of Oklahoma is pledged.
- 2. Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- 3. With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime banker's acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements.
- 4. County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- 5. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- 6. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs 1, 2, 3, and 4.

Public trusts created under O.S. Title 60, are not subject to the above noted investment limitations and are primarily governed by any restrictions in their trust or bond indenture.

Debt restrictions and covenants

Other long-term debt

As required by the Oklahoma State Constitution, the City (excluding Public Trusts) may not incur any indebtedness that would require payment from resources beyond the current fiscal year revenue, without first obtaining voter approval. During Fiscal Year 2022, the City issued General Obligation Bonds Series 2021A and 2021B in the amount of \$19,500,000 and \$1,000,000, respectively, which were approved by the citizens of the City.

Revenue bond and promissory note debt

The various bond and note indentures relating to the revenue bond and promissory note issuances of the Broken Arrow Municipal Authority contain a number of restrictions or covenants that are financial related. These include covenants such as a required flow of funds through special accounts, a debt service coverage requirement and required reserve account balances. The following schedule presents a brief summary of the most significant requirements and the Authority's level of compliance thereon as of June 30, 2022.

Requirement

Level of Compliance

a. Flow of Funds:

OWRB Loans:

- Utility Revenue Fund
- Sales Tax Fund
- Operation and Maintenance Fund
- Bond Fund (interest, principal and reserve accounts)

All funds, except for a separate Utility Revenue Fund have been established. Utility revenue is deposited directly into O & M Fund. Method of actual transfers of funds is not made specifically in accordance with bond covenants; however, the end result of the flow of funds is being accomplished.

b. Reserve Account Requirement:

OWRB Loans:

- Account balance on the 2015 OWRB note payable should equal \$849,706.
- Account balance on the 2019 BAEDA note payable should equal \$500,000.
- Account balance at June 30, 2022 for the 2015 OWRB note payable is \$849,706.
- Account balance at June 30, 2022 for the 2019 BAEDA note payable is \$500,000.

c. Revenue Bond Coverage:

OWRB Loans and Sales Tax Revenue Note:

Net revenues of the Authority plus 125% of maximum annual debt service of all obligations on a parity with the OWRB 2004, 2007, 2012, 2016 A&B, 2017 A&B, 2018, 2019 A&B, 2020 A,B&C, 2021 notes and 2019 and 2021 Sales Tax Revenue Notes.

• Net revenues of the Authority plus 125% of Maximum annual debt service on all parity debt is maximum annual debt service of all \$12,788,696. Coverage is 230%.

Fund equity/net position restrictions

Fund equity deficit

Title 11, section 17-211 of the Oklahoma statutes prohibits the creation of a deficit fund balance in any individual fund of the City (excluding Public Trusts). The City had no fund balance deficits at June 30, 2022, except for \$9,617 in the American Relief Fund caused by the deferral of a receivable at year end.

Budgetary compliance

The City prepares its annual operating budget under the provisions of the Municipal Budget Act (the Budget Act). In accordance with those provisions, the following process is used to adopt the annual budget.

- a. Prior to June 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments. At least one public hearing must be held no later than 15 days prior to July 1.
- c. Subsequent to the public hearings, but no later than seven days prior to July 1, the budget is adopted by resolution of the City Council.
- d. By July 1, the adopted budget is filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector.

All funds of the City with revenues and expenditures are required to have annual budgets. The legal level of control at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is the departmental level.

All transfers of appropriations between departments and supplemental appropriations require City Council approval. The City Manager may transfer appropriations within a department without City Council approval. Budget supplements must also be filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector.

In accordance with Title 60 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, all of the City's Title 60 Public Trusts (accounted for as enterprise funds and similar component units) are required to prepare an annual budget and submit a copy to the City as beneficiary. However, there are no further requirements such as form of budget, approval of the budget or definition of a legal level of control.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City complied in all material respects with the applicable budget laws relating to expenditures and appropriations at the legal level of control.

Workers Compensation internal service fund has a net position deficit of \$813,526 primarily due to actuarially determined unfunded liabilities. It is the City's intent to fund the liabilities as soon as economically feasible.

Note 3 – Detail Notes on Transaction Classes/Accounts

The following notes present detail information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for the City's various assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

Deposits

As of June 30, 2022, the City held the following deposits and investments:

					N	1 atur	ities in Year	s					
		Car	rrying Value	0	On Demand		On Demand		On Demand		One		1-5
Credit	Fair Value	\$	4,163 83,661,076 45,253,140	\$	4,163 83,661,076 -	\$	43,186,528	\$	- - 2,066,612				
Rating	Categories												
AAA	Level I		48,395,970		-		48,395,970		-				
N/A	N/A		128,847		-		128,847		-				
AAAm	Level I		6,404,823		6,404,823		-		-				
AAAm	Level I		21,983,811	_	21,983,811	_	-		-				
		\$	205,831,830	\$	112,053,873	\$	91,711,345	\$	2,066,612				
		\$	112,053,873										
			93,777,957										
		\$	205,831,830										
		\$	2,786										
			10,998										
		\$	13,784										
	AAA N/A	Rating Categories AAA Level I N/A N/A AAAm Level I	Credit Fair Value Rating Categories AAA Level I N/A N/A AAAm Level I AAAm Level I S \$ \$ \$	Sa,661,076 45,253,140	\$ 4,163 \$ 83,661,076 45,253,140 Credit Fair Value Rating Categories AAA Level I 48,395,970 N/A N/A 128,847 AAAm Level I 6,404,823 21,983,811 \$ 205,831,830 \$ \$ 112,053,873 93,777,957 \$ 205,831,830 \$ \$ 2,786 10,998	Carrying Value	Carrying Value	Carrying Value On Demand Less than One \$ 4,163 \$ 4,163 \$ - 83,661,076 83,661,076 - 45,253,140 - 43,186,528 Credit Rating Categories - 43,186,528 AAA Level I N/A N/A 128,847 - 48,395,970 AAAm Level I AAAm Level I 21,983,811 6,404,823 - - AAAm Level I 21,983,811 21,983,811 - - \$ 205,831,830 \$ 112,053,873 \$ 91,711,345 \$ 205,831,830 \$ 2,786 - 10,998	Salar Sala				

The City's policies and applicable laws regarding investments are discussed in Notes 1 and 2.

Interest rate risk. The City's investment policy allows the City to invest in any securities authorized by the State of Oklahoma Statutes, Title 62, Section 348.1-348.3. The City attempts to match investment maturities with expected cash flow requirements and will generally invest in securities with maturities of three years or less.

Credit risk. In accordance with state statute, the City is required to collateralize uninsured deposits with financial institutions with a minimum security pledge of 110% of acceptable securities. Certificates of deposit above include no under collateralized investments.

Concentration of credit risk. The City's investment policy restricts a single issuer to hold no more than 50% of the City's total investments.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Interest rate swap agreement

In May 2004, the City entered into a twenty-year interest rate swap agreement as a cash flow hedge for \$15,035,000 of its variable rate portion of a Construction and Term loan. The City owes interest on this portion of the loan at a variable rate of LIBOR plus 100 basis points not to exceed 6.2975%. The counterparty to the swap agreement owes the City interest if the LIBOR rate exceeds 6.2975%. The counterparty has not made any payments to the City since the LIBOR rate has not yet exceeded 6.2975%. The objective of the hedge is to cap the interest rate paid at 6.2975% plus 100 basis points (7.2975%). The City has achieved that objective and is reporting the derivative under hedge accounting standards. The

interest rate swap liability is measured at fair value and is considered a level 2 valuation. The notional amount of the hedging derivative at June 30, 2022 is \$4,530,000.

The expected future net cash flows of the hedging derivative are as follows:

]	Hedging
	Assumed	Γ	erivative
Year Ending June 30,	Interest Rate	C	ash Flow
2023	< 6.2975%	\$	(150,964)
2024	< 6.2975%		(83,822)
2025	< 6.2975%		(53,557)
2026	< 6.2975%		(11,062)
Total		\$	(299,405)

Accounts receivable

Other receivables of the governmental activities include customers' ambulance services provided, court receivables and other receivables, reported net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. Accounts receivable of the business-type activities include customers' utilities services provided, both billed and unbilled, and other receivables, reported net of allowance for uncollectible amounts.

	Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities
Accounts receivable	\$	-	\$ 12,437,798
Accounts receivable-ambulance		3,207,033	-
Accounts receivable-court		2,243,484	-
Accounts receivable-other		1,530,779	-
Less: allowance for uncollectible accounts		(4,422,882)	 (3,415,053)
Other receivables, net of allowance	\$	2,558,414	\$ 9,022,745

Lease receivables:

The City as a lessor, has entered into lease agreements involving infrastructure and land. The total amount of inflows of resources, including lease revenue and interest revenue recognized during the fiscal year was \$557,145. Lease receivable balances at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Governmental		
	Activities		
Tower Holdings	\$	366,523	
New Cingular		132,022	
SW Bell AT&T		419,367	
Sprint		107,278	
T-Mobile Elm		630,477	
T-Mobile Tiger Hill		596,191	
T-Mobile		191,317	
Bass Pro		1,713,984	
Sprint		286,276	
American Tower		535,139	
Verizon Lion's Park		518,114	
Verizon Rhema Park		643,876	
Verizon Elm & Albany		501,068	
Tower Holdings	364,521		
Verizon Kenosha	97,816		
Total Lease Receivable-Governmental	\$	7,103,969	

Restricted assets

The amounts reported as restricted assets of the enterprise funds on the proprietary funds statement of net position are comprised of cash and investments held by the trustee bank on behalf of the various public trusts (authorities) related to their required revenue bond and note accounts as described in Note 2. The restricted assets as of June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Type of Restricted Assets	Current Cash and Cash Equivalents		Cas	oncurrent sh and Cash quivalents	Total
BAMA					
Revenue bond and note trustee accounts	\$	19,594,451	\$	849,706	\$ 20,444,157
Meter deposits		205,927		823,706	1,029,633
Total BAMA	\$	19,800,378	\$	1,673,412	\$ 21,473,790
BAEDA					
Revenue bond and note trustee accounts	\$	6,648,277	\$	500,000	\$ 7,148,277
Total BAEDA	\$	6,648,277	\$	500,000	\$ 7,148,277

Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Bala	ince at June 30,				Balance at
		2021	Additions	Deductions	Jı	une 30, 2022
Governmental activities:						
Nondepreciable:						
Land	\$	38,530,863	\$ -	\$ -	\$	38,530,863
Construction-in-progress		64,674,063	26,108,895	(28,879,483)		61,903,475
Total nondepeciable assets at						
historical cost	\$	103,204,926	\$ 26,108,895	\$ (28,879,483)	\$	100,434,338
Depreciable:						
Buildings		64,409,387	6,536,254	_		70,945,641
Improvements		45,440,642	17,143,375	-		62,584,017
Machinery and equipment		51,315,928	5,629,951	(1,561,270)		55,384,609
Infrastructure		264,345,863	3,731,689	-		268,077,552
Total depreciable assets at historical cost		425,511,820	33,041,269	(1,561,270)		456,991,819
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings		(19,820,856)	(1,532,084)	_		(21,352,940)
Improvements		(18,931,330)	(2,336,123)	-		(21,267,453)
Machinery and equipment		(31,612,085)	(3,771,591)	1,524,572		(33,859,104)
Infrastructure		(107,652,238)	(5,492,146)	-		(113,144,384)
Total accumulated depreciation		(178,016,509)	(13,131,944)	1,524,572		(189,623,881)
Net depreciable assets		247,495,311	19,909,325	(36,698)		267,367,938
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	350,700,237	\$ 46,018,220	\$ (28,916,181)	\$	367,802,276

<u>Capital assets – (continued)</u>

	Balar	ace at June 30, 2021	Additions	Deductions	Balance at une 30, 2022
Business-type activities:		-			/ -
Nondepreciable:					
Land	\$	4,320,406	\$ 5,020,482	\$ -	\$ 9,340,888
Construction-in-progress		19,955,055	14,947,052	(14,839,006)	20,063,101
Total nondepeciable assets at					
historical cost		24,275,461	19,967,534	(14,839,006)	29,403,989
Depreciable:					
Buildings		9,278,888	-	-	9,278,888
Improvements		272,428,973	-	-	272,428,973
Machinery and equipment		25,133,089	2,229,396	(210,677)	27,151,808
Infrastructure – drainage		95,398,361	16,677,112	-	112,075,473
Total depreciable assets at historical cost		402,239,311	18,906,508	(210,677)	420,935,142
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings		(4,958,264)	(223,092)	_	(5,181,356)
Improvements		(155,297,170)	(6,092,489)	-	(161,389,659)
Machinery and equipment		(14,068,506)	(2,284,114)	209,814	(16,142,806)
Infrastructure – drainage		(25,886,637)	(4,009,875)	-	(29,896,512)
Total accumulated depreciation		(200,210,577)	(12,609,570)	209,814	(212,610,333)
Net depreciable assets		202,028,734	6,296,938	(863)	208,324,809
Business-type capital assets, net	\$	226,304,195	\$ 26,264,472	\$ (14,839,869)	\$ 237,728,798

Depreciation expense was charged to functions in the statement of activities as follows:

Depreciation expense charged to governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 1,550,014
Public safety	2,874,321
Public services	6,704,545
Culture and recreation	 2,003,064
Total government activities depreciation expense	\$ 13,131,944
Depreciation expense charged to business-type activities:	\$ £ 492 414
Water	\$ 5,483,414
Sewer	4,267,479 473,123
Sanitation	2,192,756
Stormwater management	
Economic development	46,223
Golf	 146,575
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ 12,609,570

<u>Investment in joint venture</u>

As discussed in Note 1, the City participates (with equity interest) in the general operations portion of the Regional Metropolitan Utility Authority (RMUA). The City of Broken Arrow and the City of Tulsa each maintain approximately 50% equity interest in the Haikey Creek portion of the RMUA. The City of Broken Arrow makes annual capital contributions to the joint venture in addition to making payments to RMUA for wastewater treatment services. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the "investment in joint venture" balance changed as follows:

Beginning investment in joint venture	\$ 37,573,569
Current year contributions	672,038
·	
Ending investment in joint venture	\$ 38,245,607

Long-term debt

The reporting entity's long-term debt is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental funds (governmental activities long-term debt) and amount to be repaid from proprietary funds (business-type activities debt).

Governmental activities long-term debt

As of June 30, 2022, the governmental activities long-term debt consisted of the following:

\$12,000,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2012, due in annual installments of \$630,000, final installment of \$660,000 due November 1, 2032, with interest rates at 1.00% to 4.00%	\$6,960,000
\$3,700,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2013A, due in annual installments of \$410,000, final installment of \$420,000 due December 1, 2023, with interest rates at 1.00% to 2.375%	830,000
\$6,200,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2013B, due in annual installments of \$325,000, final installment of \$350,000 due December1, 2033, with interest rates at 1.00% to 4.00%	3,925,000
\$11,705,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2014A, due in annual installments of \$615,000, final installment of \$635,000 due December 1, 2034, with interest rates at 3.00% to 5.00%	8,015,000
\$3,175,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2014B, due in annual installments of \$350,000, final installment of \$375,000 due December 1, 2024 with interest rates at 2.00% to 3.00%	1,075,000
\$11,575,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2016A, due in annual installments of \$605,000, final installment of \$685,000 due January 1, 2036, with interest rates at 2.00% to 4.00%	8,550,000
\$6,625,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2016B, due in annual installments of \$345,000, final installment of \$341,000 due January 1, 2036, with interest rates at 2.50% to 3.250%	4,900,000
\$18,720,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2016D, due in annual installments ranging from \$20,000 to \$1,265,000 commencing October 1, 2020, final installment due October 1, 2044 with interest rates at 2.00% to 5.00%	14,780,000

\$18,755,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2018A, due in annual installments of \$985,000, final installment of \$1,025,000 due May 1, 2038, final installment due October 1, 2044 with interest rates at 2.00% to 4.00%	15,800,000
\$10,860,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2018B, due in annual installments of \$570,000, final installment of \$600,000 due December 1, 2038 with interest rates at 3.00% to 4.00%	9,720,000
\$11,500,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2018C, due in annual installments of \$605,000, final installment of \$610,000 due December 1, 2038 with interest rates at 3.00% to 4.00%	10,290,000
\$1,000,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2018D, due in annual installments of \$250,000, final installment of \$250,000 due December 1, 2023 with interest rates at 3.00% to 3.50%	500,000
\$7,490,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2018E, due in annual installments varying from \$1,445,000 to \$1,465,000, final installment of \$1,460,000 due April 1, 2023 with interest rates at 3.00% to 5.00%	1,460,000
\$23,250,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2019A, due in annual installments of \$1,220,000, final installment of \$1,290,000 due December 1, 2039 with interest rates at 2.00% to 3.00%	22,030,000
\$3,280,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2019B, due in annual installments varying from \$645,000 to \$675,000, final installment of \$645,000 due December 1, 2024 with interest rates at 4.00% (Issued to refund the 2009C and 2009D GO Bonds)	1,955,000
\$6,395,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2019C, due in annual installments varying from \$540,000 to \$615,000, final installment of \$540,000 due August 1, 2030 with interest rates at 1.65% to 2.75% (Issued to refund the 2010B GO Bonds)	5,170,000
\$10,060,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2020A, due in annual installments varying from \$770,000 to \$1,140,000, final installment of \$770,000 due August 1, 2031 with interest rates at 0.45% to 1.91% (Issued to refund the 2011 A&B GO Bonds)	8,920,000
\$19,000,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2020B, due in annual installments of \$1,000,000, final installment due December 1, 2040 with interest rates at 2.00%	19,000,000
\$1,000,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2020C, due in annual installments of \$250,000, final installment due December 1, 2025 with interest rates at 1.00% to 2.00%	1,000,000
\$19,500,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2021A, due in annual installments of \$1,025,000, final installment of \$1,050,000 due December 1, 2041 with interest rates at 0.50% to 3.00%	19,500,000
\$1,000,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2021B, due in annual installments of \$110,000, final installment of \$120,000 due December 1, 2031 with interest rates at 1.25% to 2.00%	1,000,000
Total general obligation bonds Unamortized premium on bonds Total general obligations bonds	165,380,000 3,342,944 \$ 168,722,944
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 13,196,869 155,526,075
Total general obligations bonds	\$ 168,722,944

Notes payable-direct borrowings

\$765,000 Note with BOK Financial Equipment Finance dated 1-15-20, secured by equipment, due in annual payments of \$205,265, with interest at 2.89%, final installment due April 1, 2024. In the event of default, the lender may: 1) declare agreement in default; 2) require City to deliver equipment to point of origin; 3) repossess and sell or lease collateral; 4) file suit to enforce or enjoin action or inaction of parties under provisions of the note. \$20,300,000 Construction and Term Loan with Bank of America dated May 10, 2004,	\$393,395
assumed by the City on May 19, 2004. Converted to term loan effective November 1, 2005, due in semi-annual installments ranging from \$15,000 to \$925,000, final installment due November 1, 2025, with interest at the six-month LIBOR rate plus 1.0% (0.081% at June 30, 2020), secured by real and personal property, assignment of rents and leases and a Sales Tax Pledge agreement of sales tax levied by City Ordinance No. 432 in the amount of \$2,750,000 annually. In the event of default, the lender may: 1) accelerate indebtedness, termination; 2) enforce or assign rents; 3) foreclose, including judicial foreclosure and power of sale; 4) declare rights of enforcement with respect to collateral or any part thereof under the UCC; 5) pursue lawsuits; 6) enter property, or any part thereof, and take possession of property; 7) terminate commitment to lend; 8). pursue any and all other rights and remedies available	
under loan documents, at law or in equity.	5,518,037
Total Notes payable	\$ 5,911,432
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 1,718,896 4,192,536
•	
Total notes payable	\$ 5,911,432
Accrued compensated absences	
Accrued compensated absences reported in the governmental activities are comprised of accrued vacation leave and compensatory time	
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 2,527,487 1,263,743
Total accrued compensated absences	\$ 3,791,230
Judgments payable	
\$25,211 judgment in favor of Angela & Hugh Abercrombie, held by sinking fund, final maturity August 2022, with interest at 6.75%	\$8,404
\$75,000 judgment in favor of Lamont Tharps, held by sinking fund, final maturity August 2022, with interest at 6.75%	25,000
\$30,000 judgment in favor of Francis Patrick Charon, held by sinking fund, final maturity November 2022, with interest at 6.75%	10,000
\$44,280 judgment in favor of William R. Quick, held by sinking fund, final maturity March 2023 with interest at 6.75%	14,760

CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ending June 30, 2022

\$178,000 judgment in favor of CWP, Inc., held by sinking fund, final maturity August 2022 with interest at 6.75%	59,333
\$34,050 judgment in favor of Elias Nauman, held by sinking fund, final maturity March 2023 with interest at 6.75%	 11,350
Total judgments payable	\$ 128,847
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 128,847
Total judgments payable	\$ 128,847
Other claims payable	
Actuarial determined automotive and general liability payable, funded by General Fund resources, reported in the governmental activities at June 30, 2020	
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 452,000 793,000
Total automotive and general insurance liabilities	\$ 1,245,000
Claims payable Actuarial determined workers compensation and health claims, funded by General Fund resources, reported in the governmental activities at June 30, 2020	
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 1,002,000 3,889,037
Total claims payable	\$ 4,891,037
Total OPEB liability	
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 711,361
Total other post-employment benefit obligation	\$ 711,361

Business-type activities long-term debt

The Broken Arrow Municipal Authority's notes payable to the Oklahoma Water Resources Board are secured by utility revenues and pledged sales tax. In the event of default, the lender may: 1) file suit for specific performance of any or all of the covenants; 2) accelerate indebtedness; 3) appoint temporary trustees to take over, operate, maintain the System on a profitable basis; 4) pursue any available remedy by suit at law or equity. The notes are subject to maximum annual debt service requirement coverage of at least 125%. Coverage at June 30, 2022, was 230%.

CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ending June 30, 2022

As of June 30, 2022, the long-term debt payable from enterprise fund resources consisted of the following:

Notes payable-direct borrowings

Notes payable-direct boltowings	
2004 Drinking Water SRF Promissory Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, original amount of \$11,500,000, dated August 2004, by Broken Arrow Municipal Authority, secured by utility revenues and pledged sales tax, interest rate at 3.5%, final maturity September 2025	\$1,492,821
2007 SRF Promissory Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, original amount \$15,000,000 dated June 1, 2008, by Broken Arrow Municipal Authority, providing for expansion of the Lynn Lane Wastewater Treatment Plant, secured by pledged sales tax, interest rate at 3.10%, final maturity March 2024	2,468,423
2012 Clean Water SRF Promissory Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, original amount \$6,540,000 dated December 4, 2012, by Broken Arrow Municipal Authority, providing for construction, inspection and design of improvements to the Haikey Creek wastewater treatment plant, secured by pledged sales tax, interest rate at 2.01%, final maturity September 2034	5,020,754
2015 Note Payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, original amount \$11,900,000 dated July 30, 2015, by Broken Arrow Municipal Authority, providing for engineering, design and construction of various water and sewer projects, secured by pledged sales tax with interest rates at 2.20% to 4.04%, final maturity September 2035	9,105,000
2016 Clean Water SRF Promissory Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, original amount \$6,700,000 dated August 12, 2016, by Broken Arrow Municipal Authority, providing for construction and installation of various capital improvements at the Haikey Creek wastewater treatment plant, secured by pledged sales tax, interest rate at 1.96%, final maturity September 2038	4,491,547
2017A Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, original amount \$6,505,000 dated February 1, 2017, by Broken Arrow Municipal Authority, providing for construction of Haikey Creek capital improvements, secured by pledged sales tax, interest rates at 2.20% to 5.20%, final maturity September 2046	6,095,000
2017B Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, original amount \$18,565,000 dated February 1, 2017, by Broken Arrow Municipal Authority, providing for construction of improvement to the sanitary sewer system, secured by pledged sales tax, interest rates at 2.20% to 5.20%, final maturity September 2044	18,175,000
2018 Clean Water SRF Promissory Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, original amount \$2,100,000 dated January 11, 2018, by Broken Arrow Municipal Authority, providing for Phase II of automated water meter project, secured by pledged sales tax, interest rate at 1.80%, final maturity March 2025	1,282,805
2018D Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, original amount \$19,770,000 dated October 25, 2018, by Broken Arrow Municipal Authority, providing for engineering, design and construction of various water and sewer projects, secured by pledged sales tax, interest rates at 4.20% to 5.20%, final maturity September 2048	19,670,000
2019A Clean Water SRF Promissory Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, original amount \$4,255,000 dated January 24, 2019, by Broken Arrow Municipal Authority, providing for construction of improvements to the sanitary sewer system, secured by pledged sales tax, interest rate at 2.57%, final maturity September 2046	4,150,002

9,858,002
25,900,000
7,585,000
4,933,943
4,730,000
2,042,857
985,075
3,435,000
320,789

CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ending June 30, 2022

2021A Utility System & Sales Tax Revenue Note payable to BOK Financial, original amount \$22,640,000 dated November 17, 2021, by Broken Arrow Municipal Authority, providing for the refunding of the 2012 OWRB loan, secured by utilities and pledged sales tax, interest rate at 2.48%, converts to tax-exempt on January 3, 2023 at 2.03% interest rate, final maturity March 2034	22,275,000
Total Notes Payable Unamortized premium on notes payable	\$ 154,017,018 5,655,325
Total Notes Payable	\$ 159,672,343
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 7,535,325 152,137,018
Total Notes Payable	\$ 159,672,343
Total OPEB liability Current portion Noncurrent portion Total other post-employment benefit obligation	\$ - 298,619 \$ 298,619
Accrued compensated absences	
Accrued compensated absences reported in the business-type activities are comprised o vacation leave and compensatory time.	f accrued
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 522,758 261,379
Total accrued compensated absences	\$ 784,137
Customer meter deposit reserves	
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 205,927 823,706
Total customer meter deposit reserves	\$1,029,633

Broken Arrow Economic Development Authority (BAEDA)-Direct Borrowing

Taxable Series 2019 Tax Increment Revenue Note payable, original amount \$7,565,000 dated March 29, 2019, by Broken Arrow Economic Development Authority, for the purpose of refunding the 2010 Promissory Note to BOK dated November 15, 2010, funding the reserve requirement of the note, and paying certain costs of issuance. The Agreement allowed for total borrowing up to \$7,565,000 and is secured by the tax increment financing revenue and the funds in the BAEDA 2019 Reserve Account. The note calls for semi-annual principal payments ranging from \$365,000 to \$485,000 commencing April 1, 2019 together with interest at 3.35%. Currently, TIF revenues generated from the Broken Arrow FlightSafety and Downtown Economic Development District No. One is the source of repayment for this debt.

\$4,890,000

Taxable Series 2021 Tax Increment Revenue Note payable, original amount \$15,525,000 dated June 29, 2021, by Broken Arrow Economic Development Authority, for the purpose paying costs of the project as described in the South Broken Arrow Economic Development Project Plan and paying certain costs of issuance. The Agreement allowed for total borrowing up to \$15,525,000 and is secured by the tax increment financing revenue. The note calls for semi-annual principal payments ranging from \$440,000 to \$570,000 commencing July 1, 2023 together with interest at 2.67%. Currently, TIF revenues generated from the South Broken Arrow TIF District is the source of repayment for this debt.

15,525,000

Total TIF notes payable

\$ 20,415,000

Current portion
Noncurrent portion

\$ 820,000 19,595,000

Total TIF notes payable

\$ 20,415,000

Changes in long-term liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance June 30, 2021	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2022	Amount due in one year
Governmental Activities:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 156,645,000	\$ 20,500,000	\$ 11,765,000	\$ 165,380,000	\$ 12,875,000
Notes payable-direct borrowings	7,716,362	-	1,804,930	5,911,432	1,7 18,896
Accrued Compensated Absences	4,517,212	-	725,982	3,791,230	2,527,487
Judgments payable	339,572	-	210,725	128,847	128,847
Automotive and general liability	1,3 16,000	-	71,000	1,245,000	452,000
Claims payable	4,265,810	13,149,121	12,523,894	4,891,037	1,002,000
	\$ 174,799,956	\$ 33,649,121	\$ 27,101,531	\$ 181,347,546	\$ 18,704,230
Add:					
Unamo rtized premium				3,342,944	321,869
Net pens ion liability				30,251,897	-
Total OP EB liability				711,361	-
Total Derivative Investment Liability-Interest Rate S	wap			299,405	150,964
				\$ 215,953,153	\$ 19,177,063
	Balance June 30, 2021	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2022	Amount due in one year
Business-type Activities:					
Bonds, Notes and Loans Payable-direct borrowings	\$ 149,426,201	\$ 33,668,793	\$ 29,077,976	\$ 154,017,018	\$ 7,307,076
BAEDA-Notes Payable-direct borrowings	21,210,000	-	795,000	20,415,000	820,000
Accrued Compensated Absences	783,394	743	-	784,137	522,758
	\$ 171,419,595	\$ 33,669,536	\$ 29,872,976	\$ 175,216,155	\$ 8,649,834
Add:					
Unamo rtized premium				5,655,325	228,249
Total OP EB liability				298,619	-
Customer Meter Deposit Reserves	1,025,091	283,874	279,332	1,029,633	205,927
				\$ 182,199,732	\$ 9,084,010

Annual debt service requirements – primary government

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for long-term debt, excluding accrued compensated absences, claims payable and customer meter deposit reserves, of the primary government as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ending June 30, 2022

Governmental Activities

	General Obliga		gation Bonds		Notes Payable-D	rect Borrowings	Judgments	s Payable
Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2023	\$	12,875,000	\$	4,609,983	1,718,896	386,682	128,847	8,697
2024		12,520,000		3,999,689	1,834,499	267,785	-	-
2025		11,830,000		3,671,092	1,638,037	140,698	-	-
2026		10,775,000		3,385,149	720,000	26,272	-	-
2027		10,500,000		3,096,630	-	26,272	-	-
2028-2032		51,485,000		11,258,415	-	-	-	-
2033-2037		39,105,000		4,911,971	-	-	-	-
2038-2042		16,290,000		716,094	-	-	-	-
Total	\$	165,380,000	\$	35,649,023	\$ 5,911,432	\$ 847,709	\$128,847	\$ 8,697

Business-Type Activities

Bonds, Notes & Loans Payable-Direct Borrowings				
	Principal		Interest	
\$	8,127,076	\$	6,228,711	
	9,416,454		5,519,562	
	9,004,770		5,368,501	
	9,036,247		5,177,452	
	9,272,202		4,961,905	
	42,923,454		21,298,153	
	44,187,079		15,015,752	
	36,600,000		8,518,908	
	22,970,000		3,578,339	
	13,850,000		680,782	
	1,417,000		680,782	
\$	206,804,282	\$	77,028,847	
	(32,372,264)			
\$	174,432,018			
	\$	Principal \$ 8,127,076 9,416,454 9,004,770 9,036,247 9,272,202 42,923,454 44,187,079 36,600,000 22,970,000 13,850,000 1,417,000 \$ 206,804,282 (32,372,264)	Principal \$ 8,127,076 \$ 9,416,454 9,004,770 9,036,247 9,272,202 42,923,454 44,187,079 36,600,000 22,970,000 13,850,000 1,417,000 \$ 206,804,282 \$ (32,372,264)	

Sources of debt repayments

General obligation bonds are issued for governmental activity purposes and are paid through the collection of property taxes by the Debt Service Fund. Sales tax revenue notes and the term loan included in governmental activities are paid by the Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund and the General Fund, respectively. Compensated absences incurred by governmental activities are paid by the General Fund. Judgments are paid through the collection of property taxes by the Debt Service Fund. Automotive and general insurance liabilities are paid by the General Fund. The other postemployment benefit obligation will be paid by the General Fund. The workers' compensation unfunded liability will be paid by the General Fund and BAMA according to their respective portion of the liability. Revenue bonds and promissory notes issued for business-type activities are paid by those activities. Compensated absences incurred by business-type activities are paid by those activities. Customer meter deposits will be paid by BAMA. The revenue notes issued by BAEDA will be paid by BAEDA through the collection of the incremental increase in sales and ad valorem tax revenue generated by the development within their respective Tax Increment Districts.

Pledge of future revenues

Sales Tax and Utility Net Revenues Pledge – The City has pledged a one cent (\$0.01) sales tax and utility revenues to repay the \$11,500,000 2004 Drinking Water SRF note payable, \$15,000,000 2007 SRF note payable, \$35,000,000 2012 Drinking Water SRF note payable, \$6,540,000 2012 Clean Water SRF note payable, \$11,900,000 2015 Drinking Water SRF note payable, \$6,700,000 2016 Clean Water SRF note payable, \$6,505,000 2017A Drinking Water SRF note payable, \$18,565,000 2017B Drinking Water SRF note payable, \$2,100,000 2018 Clean Water SRF note payable, \$19,770,000 2018D Drinking Water SRF note payable, \$4,255,000 2019A Clean Water SRF note payable, \$11,415,000 2019B Clean Water SRF note payable, \$26,335,000 2020A Drinking Water SRF note payable, \$7,585,000 2020B Drinking Water SRF note payable, \$19,695,000 2020C Clean Water SRF note payable to the Oklahoma Water Resources Board (OWRB), \$5,675,000 2019 Utility System & Sales Tax Revenue Note payable to BOK Financial, \$3,435,000 2021B Drinking Water SRF note payable, \$16,285,000 2021C Clean Water SRF note payable, and \$22,640,000 2021A Utility System & Sales Tax Revenue Note payable to BOK Financial. These notes are payable through 2053. The total remaining principal and interest payable for the life of these notes is \$223,596,269. Pledged sales taxes received in the current year were \$15,638,549 and net utility revenues were \$13,821,436 for total pledged net revenues of \$29,459,985. Debt service payments of \$10,729,466 (excluding the \$22,547,900 refinanced portion of the 2012 OWRB loan) for the current year were 36.4% of net pledged revenues for these notes.

Interfund balances and activities

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2022, consist of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	Nature of Interfund Balance
General Fund	Police Enhancement	\$ 765	Operational advances
General Fund	BAMA	3,280,154	Operational subsidy
Sales Tax Capital Improvement	Battle Creek Golf Course	128,453	Operational advances
Debt Service Fund	BAEDA	30,389	Deposit to wrong account
BAMA	General	3,280,154	Sales tax collections
BAMA	Battle Creek Golf Course	465,024	Operational advances
		\$ 7,184,939	
	:	\$ 1,10 1 ,233	, =

Due From/Due To:

Reconciliation to Fund Financial Statements:

	Due from	Due to	Balances		
Governmental Funds	\$ 3,439,761	\$ (3,280,919)	\$	158,842	
Proprietary Funds	3,745,178	(3,904,020)		(158,842)	
	\$ 7,184,939	\$ (7,184,939)	\$	-	

Net Interfund

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Transfer from	Transfer to	Amount	Nature of Transfer
General Fund	BAMA	\$15,626,940	Sales Tax Collections
General Fund	Public Safety Sales Tax-Police	28,568,817	Sales Tax Collections
General Fund	Public Safety Sales Tax-Fire	23,898,165	Sales Tax Collections
General Fund	BAEDA	600,000	Economic Development
Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund	BAMA	1,717	Operating subsidy
Debt Service Fund	General Fund	50,000	Operational/Interest
2014 General Obligation Bond Fund	BAMA	9,892	Operational/General Government
Convention and Visitor's Bureau	General Fund	275,000	Operational/General Government
Street and Alley	General Fund	1,000,000	Operational/Streets
E911	Public Safety Sales Tax-Police	1,000,000	Operational/Public Safety
BAMA	General Fund	15,626,940	Operating subsidy
BAMA	BAEDA	600,000	Economic Development
		\$87,257,471	

Transfers:

Reconciliation to Fund Financial Statements:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Net Transfers	
Governmental Funds	\$ 70,418,922	\$ (71,030,531)	\$	(611,609)
Proprietary Funds	16,838,549	(16,226,940)		611,609
Total Transfers	\$ 87,257,471	\$ (87,257,471)	\$	-
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:				

Governmental		Governmental Business-Type		N	Net Interfund Balances
\$	(611,609)	\$	611,609	\$	-
	-				-
\$	(611,609)	\$	611,609	\$	-
		\$ (611,609)	\$ (611,609) \$	\$ (611,609) \$ 611,609 	Governmental Business-Type \$ (611,609) \$ 611,609 - -

Fund Balance:

The following tables show the fund balance classifications as shown on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet:

	GeneralFund	Public Safety Sales Tax- Police	Public Safety Sales Tax- Fire	Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund	American Relief Fund	2018 General Obligation Bond Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Fund Balance									
Restricted For:									
Debtservice	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,211,908	\$ -	\$ 13,211,908
Capital improvements	-	-	-	17,924,792	-	43,133,959	-	24,185,978	85,244,729
Convention and Visitor's Bureau	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,387,564	1,387,564
Public safety	-	15,282,859	5,555,457	-	-	=	-	189,002	21,027,318
Cemetery care	-	=	-	-	-	=	-	153,958	153,958
Street and alley operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,694,697	1,694,697
Housing and Urban Development	-	=	-	-	-	=	-	245,872	245,872
E911	-	=	-	-	-	=	=	1,6 12,0 13	1,612,013
Industrial Development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,160	33,160
Crime Prevention	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	143,871	143,871
Alcoholenforcement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	94,179	94,179
Sub-total restricted	-	15,282,859	5,555,457	17,924,792	-	43,133,959	13,211,908	29,740,294	124,849,269
Committed for:									
Excess capacity sewer escrow	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	1,662,568	1,662,568
Storm water capital improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,205,978	1,205,978
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-		736,394	736,394
Cemetery care	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	253,121	253,121
Street lights	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	932,739	932,739
Economic development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	198,532	198,532
Sub-total committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,989,332	4,989,332
As signed for:									
Subsequent year budget/activities	11,306,342	=	-	-	-	=	-	7,292,603	18,598,945
Sub-total as signed	11,306,342	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,292,603	18,598,945
Unassigned (deficit):	14,637,084	-	-	-	(9,617)	-	-	-	14,627,467
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$ 25,943,426	\$ 15,282,859	\$ 5,555,457	\$ 17,924,792	\$ (9,617)	\$ 43,133,959	\$ 13,211,908	\$ 42,022,229	\$ 163,065,013

Note 4 - Employee Pension and Other Benefit Plans

The City participates in three employee pension systems as follows:

Name of Plan/System	Type of Plan				
Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Fund Plan	Cost Sharing Multiple Employer – Defined Benefit Plan				
Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement Fund Plan	Cost Sharing Multiple Employer – Defined Benefit Plan				
Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund (OMRF) Plan	Agent Multiple Employer – Defined Contribution Plan				

Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Plan description</u> - The City of Broken Arrow, as the employer, participates in the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Plan—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, through the Oklahoma Legislature, grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the OPPRS. OPPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/OPPRS

Benefits provided - OPPRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to members of the plan. The normal retirement date under the Plan is the date upon which the participant completes 20 years of credited service, regardless of age. Participants become vested upon completing 10 years of credited service as a contributing participant of the Plan. No vesting occurs prior to completing 10 years of credited service. Participants' contributions are refundable, without interest, upon termination prior to normal retirement. Participants who have completed 10 years of credited service may elect a vested benefit in lieu of having their accumulated contributions refunded. If the vested benefit is elected, the participant is entitled to a monthly retirement benefit commencing on the date the participant reaches 50 years of age or the date the participant would have had 20 years of credited service had employment continued uninterrupted, whichever is later. Monthly retirement benefits are calculated at 2.5% of the final average salary (defined as the average paid base salary of the officer over the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of credited service) multiplied by the years of credited service, with a maximum of 30 years of credited service considered.

Monthly benefits for participants due to permanent disability incurred in the line of duty are 2.5% of the participants' final average salary multiplied by 20 years. This disability benefit is reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. After 10 years of credited service, participants who retire due to disability incurred from any cause are eligible for a monthly benefit based on 2.5% of their final average salary multiplied by the years of service. This disability benefit is also reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. Effective July 1, 1998, once a disability benefit is granted to a participant, that participant is no longer allowed to apply for an increase in the dollar amount of the benefit at a subsequent date.

Survivor's benefits are payable in full to the participant's beneficiary upon the death of a retired participant. The beneficiary of any active participant killed in the line of duty is entitled to a pension benefit.

Contributions – The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Members of the OPPRS are required to pay 8% of their base pay to the pension plan. The City is contractually required to pay 13% of base salary. For the year ended June 30, 2022 the total contribution to the system amounted to \$2,841,717 of which \$1,759,158 was made by the City and \$1,082,559 was made by the employees. The State of Oklahoma also made on-behalf contributions to OPPRS in the amount of \$1,544,115 during the calendar year and this is reported as both an expenditure and revenue in the General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenue is recognized for the state's on-behalf contributions on an accrual basis of \$1,032,611. These on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

Pension liabilities (assets), pension expense, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions—At June 30, 2022, the City reported an asset of \$17,461,926 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2021. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was 3.6401%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense (benefit) of (\$1,759,354). At June 30, 2022 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ending June 30, 2022

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual					
experience	\$	250,711	\$	689,220	
Changes of assumptions		265,538		-	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments	-			12,737,870	
Changes in proportion		5,291		69,890	
City contributions during measurement date	26,740		20,317		
City contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		1,759,158			
Total	\$ 2,307,438		\$	13,517,297	

In the year ending June 30, 2023, the \$1,759,158 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported above will be recognized as a reduction of or addition to the net pension liability (asset). Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2023	\$ (2,924,699)
2024	(2,573,011)
2025	(3,246,395)
2026	(4,257,394)
2027	 32,482
	\$ (12,969,017)

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> – The total pension liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuations was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.5% to 12% average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.5% net of pension plan investment expense
Cost of living adjustments	Police officers eligible to receive increased benefits according to repealed Section 50-120 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes pursuant to a court order receive an adjustment of 1/3 to 1/2 of the increase or decrease of any adjustment to the base salary of a regular police officer, based on an increase in base salary of 3.5% (wage inflation)
Mortality rates	Active employees (pre-retirement) RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with age set back 4 years with fully generational improvement using Scale AA.

Active employees (post-retirement) and nondisabled pensioners: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with fully generational improvement using Scale AA.

Disabled pensioners: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with age set forward 4 years with fully generational improvement using Scale AA..

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021, valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term
	Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	of Return
Fixed income	3.22%
Domestic equity	4.55%
International equity	8.50%
Real estate	7.97%
Private equity	9.36%
Commodities	0.00%

The current allocation policy is that approximately 60% of assets in equity instruments, including public equity, long-short hedge, venture capital, and private equity strategies; approximately 25% of assets in fixed income to include investment grade bonds, high yield and non-dollar denominated bonds, convertible bonds, and low volatility hedge fund strategies; and 15% of assets in real assets to include real estate, commodities, and other strategies.

<u>Discount Rate</u>-The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 14% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate-The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Cur	rent Discount	1% Inc	rease
		(6.5%) Rate (7.5%)		(8.5%)		
Police Pension net pension liability (asset)	\$	(6,548,750)	\$	(17,461,926)	\$ (26,68	39,829)

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OPPRS; which can be located at www.ok.gov/OPPRS.

Oklahoma Fire Pension and Retirement System

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Plan description</u> - The City of Broken Arrow, as the employer, participates in the Firefighters Pension & retirement—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (FPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the FPRS. FPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/fprs

<u>Benefits provided</u> - FPRS provides defined retirement benefits based on members' final average compensation, age, and term of service. In addition, the retirement program provides for benefits upon disability and to survivors upon death of eligible members. The Plan's benefits are established and amended by Oklahoma statute. Retirement provisions are as follows:

Normal Retirement:

- Hired Prior to November 1, 2013
 - Normal retirement is attained upon completing 20 years of service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 50% of the member's final average compensation. Final average compensation is defined as the monthly average of the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of participating service. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$150.60 per month.
- Hired After November 1, 2013

Normal retirement is attained upon completing 22 years of service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 55% of the member's final average compensation. Final average compensation is defined as the monthly average of the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of participating service. Also, participants must be age 50 to begin receiving benefits. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$165.66 per month.

All firefighters are eligible for immediate disability benefits. For paid firefighters, the disability in-the-line-of-duty benefit for firefighters with less than 20 years of service is equal to 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months of service. For firefighters with over 20 years of service, a disability in the line of duty is calculated based on 2.5% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months, per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years of service. For disabilities not in the line of duty, the benefit is limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 60-month salary as opposed to 30 months. For volunteer firefighters, the not-in-the-line-of-duty disability is also limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is \$7.53 per year of service. For volunteer firefighters, the in-the-line-of-duty

pension is \$150.60 with less than 20 years of service or \$7.53 per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years.

A \$5,000 lump sum death benefit is payable to the qualified spouse or designated recipient upon the participant's death. The \$5,000 death benefit does not apply to members electing the vested benefit.

Contributions – The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 9% percent of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 14% of the employees' annual pay. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the total contribution to the system amounted to \$3,671,989 of which \$2,235,125 was made by the City and \$1,436,864 was made by the employees. The State of Oklahoma also made on-behalf contributions to FPRS in the amount of \$4,540,795 during the calendar year and this is reported as both an expenditure and revenue in the General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenue is recognized for the state's on-behalf contributions on an accrual basis of \$3,349,831. These on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions –

At June 30, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$30,251,897 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2021. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was 4.5936%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,413,775. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 ferred Inflows f Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	10,971,678	\$ 531,273
Changes of assumptions		-	670,985
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	24,048,965
Changes in proportion	3,985,123		1,333,134
City contributions during measurement date	80,424		7
City contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	2,235,125		-
Total	\$	17,272,350	\$ 26,584,364

In the year ending June 30, 2023, the \$2,235,125 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported above will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2023	\$ (794,557)
2024	(2,080,971)
2025	(2,999,434)
2026	 (5,672,177)
	\$ (11,547,139)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>- The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.75%

Salary increases: 2.75% to 10.5% average, including inflation Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the RP2000 combined healthy with blue collar adjustment as appropriate, with adjustments for generational mortality improvement using scale AA for healthy lives and no mortality improvement for disabled lives.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, to June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	20%	3.53%
Domestic equity	47%	5.73%
International equity	15%	8.50%
Real estate	10%	7.97%
Otherassets	8%	4.73%
	100%	

<u>Discount Rate</u>- The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 36% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>-The following presents the net pension liability of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net

pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1% De	1% Decrease		Current Discount		% Increase
	(6.	5%)	Rate (7.5%)		(8.5%)	
Fire Pension net pension liability	\$ 47,	,274,854	\$	30,251,897	\$	16,000,199

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is avail-able in the separately issued financial report of the FPRS which can be located at www.ok.gov/FPRS.

Related-party investments

As of June 30, 2022, the Systems held no related-party investments of the City or of its related entities.

Defined contribution plan – OMRF

The City has also provided effective November 1, 1990, a defined contribution plan and trust known as the City of Broken Arrow Plan and Trust (the Plan) in the form of The Oklahoma Municipal Retirement System Master Defined Contribution Plan (OMRF). OMRF operations are supervised by a nine-member Board of Trustees elected by the participating municipalities. The Plan is administered by the OMRF. The defined contribution plan is available to all full-time employees not already participating in another plan. The employee may contribute to the Plan an amount not less than 2% or more than 10% of their compensation. The City Council determines the City's contribution rate each year and for the year ended June 30, 2022, contributed at the rate of 10% of employee compensation. City contributions for each employee begin vesting after three years of service and are fully vested after seven years. If an employee terminates before becoming fully vested, the employer's contributions that are forfeited may be used to reduce the City's current-period contribution requirements. The authority to establish and amend the provisions of the Plan rests with the City Council.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the following amounts related to actual contributions to the defined contribution plan:

Employee contributions made	\$ 231,002
Employer (City) contributions made	\$ 2,901,766

Post-employment benefits other than pensions

<u>Plan description.</u> The City sponsors and administers a self-funded, single employer defined benefit plan providing medical, prescription drug, life, dental, vision and long-term disability insurance for active eligible employees. The City also provides medical, prescription drug and dental coverage for retirees and their dependents who elect to make the required contributions.

<u>Funding policy.</u> The City funds the benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Eligible employees are required to pay premiums for a set percentage of the cost, with the City subsidizing the remaining costs. Contribution requirements are established and amended as needed by the City Council on an annual basis.

CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ending June 30, 2022

Employees covered by benefit terms. At June 30, 2022 the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active Employees	601
Inactive or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	8
Total	<u>609</u>

<u>Total OPEB Liability</u>. The City's total OPEB liability of \$1,009,980 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>- The total OPEB liability was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
- Discount Rate 3.54%, based on June 30, 2021 published Bond Pay Go-20 bond index
- Termination Civilian employees are based on actual experience of the Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund. Rates for police and firefighters are based on rates for these groups in Oklahoma.

Retirement Age:	
	Civilian
	Retirement
Age	Rate
55	25%
60	17%
61	17%
62	30%
63	20%
64	15%
65	30%
70	100%

Years of Service	Police	Fire	
20	20%	10%	
25	20%	15%	
30	100%	20%	
35		100%	

- Participation 100% of all retirees who currently have healthcare coverage will continue with the same coverage. 20% of all actives who currently have individual coverage will continue with individual coverage upon retirement. 20% of all actives who currently have dependent coverage will continue coverage upon retirement with 70% continuing as individual coverage and 30% as individual with spouse coverage.
- Healthcare cost trend rates Level 4.5%
- Mortality Rates RPH-2014 Mortality Table with cohort mortality projection

<u>Changes in Total OPEB Liability</u> –The following table reports the components of changes in total OPEB liability:

	Total OPEB			
	Liability			
Balances at Beginning of Year	\$ 1,231,393			
Changes for the Year:				
Service Cost	98,191			
Interest expense	28,388			
Difference between expected and actual experience	(166,329)			
Change of assumptions	(151,024)			
Expected net benefit payments	(30,639)			
Net Changes	(221,413)			
Balances at End of Year	\$ 1,009,980			
Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$ 711,361 298,619			
	\$ 1,009,980			

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate-The following presents the total OPEB liability of the employer calculated using the discount rate of 3.54%, as well as what the Plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.54%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.54%) than the current rate:

	1%	1% Decrease		ent Discount	1%	Increase
		(2.54%)		te (3.54%)	((4.54%)
				_		
OPEB liability	\$	1,117,102	\$	1,009,980	\$	914,642

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate-The following presents the total OPEB liability of the employer calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 4.50%, as well as what the Plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage point lower (3.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.50%) than the current rate:

		Healthcare Cost							
	1%	1% Decrease 3.50%		Trend Rates 4.50%		1% Increase 5.50%			
OPEB liability	\$	886,766	\$	1,009,980	\$	1,156,637			

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$57,516. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ending June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities					Business-Type Activities			Total Activities			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources			red Inflows Resources		ed Outflows Resources				ed Outflows Resources		rred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	128,293	\$	-	\$	53,856	\$	-	\$	182,149
Changes of assumptions Changes in proportion		4,018		188,673 45,648		1,687 45,648		79,202		5,705 45,648		267,875 45,648
Total	\$	4,018	\$	362,614	\$	47,335	\$	133,058	\$	51,353	\$	495,672

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	_	Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total A		
Year ended June 30:							
2023	\$	(59,734)	\$ (9,329)		\$	(69,063)	
2024		(59,734)	(9,329)			(69,063)	
2025		(59,734)	(9,329)			(69,063)	
2026		(54,384)	(14,679)			(69,063)	
2027		(51,463)	(17,600)			(69,063)	
Thereafter		(73,547)	 (25,457)			(99,004)	
	\$	(358,596)	\$ (85,723)		\$	(444,319)	

Note 5 – Tax Abatements

The City enters into sales tax rebate agreements with local businesses as allowed in the Oklahoma State Constitution, Article 10, Section 14. Under this law, the City may establish economic development programs and provide sales tax increments for development as part of its economic development plan.

The sales tax rebate program allows a retail store business or developer to receive rebated sales tax in an amount equal to various percentages of reported annual total taxable sales of each business, based solely upon each agreement. To be eligible for this program, the project area should be developed or redeveloped after a significant vacancy to provide economic opportunity to the City and its' citizens.

Due to the confidentiality laws in Oklahoma Statutes, Title 68, Section 1354.11, the amounts of sales taxes rebated will not be disclosed. The following businesses had rebate agreements with the City as of June 30, 2022:

• A developer received rebated sales taxes during 2022. The sales tax rebated cannot exceed the lesser of (i) 1.375% of the gross sales tax generated over a 15 year period, or (ii) \$3,250,000. This sales tax rebate period is for fifteen years from the sales tax commencement date (the date the City first receives sales tax). The agreement must be renewed for the City Council annually to ensure a continuing public benefit. This agreement was entered into October 2012 and will terminate no later than April 2030.

The City is subject to ad valorem tax abatements granted by the State of Oklahoma in accordance with the Oklahoma Constitution, Article X, Section 6B for qualifying manufacturing concerns.

Under this program, a 5-year ad valorem tax exemption exempts all real and personal property that is necessary for the manufacturing of a product and facilities engaged in research and development which meet the requirements set by the Oklahoma Constitution and Statutes. In exchange for the five-year exemption, qualifying manufacturing concerns must incur investment costs of \$250,000 or more for construction, acquisition, or expansion of a manufacturing facility. In addition, there are general minimal payroll requirements that must be met and qualifying manufacturing concern must offer a basic health benefit plan to all full-time employees within 180 days of employment.

The City of Broken Arrow had \$42,964 of ad valorem taxes abated under this program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

The State has an Ad Valorem Reimbursement Fund in accordance with Title 62 O.S., Section 193 that is used to reimburse the City for the loss of revenue. Contributions to this Fund come from a dedicated tax stream comprised of one percent of net state personal and corporate income tax revenues. The City received \$0 during the fiscal year 2022 and has an outstanding, unpaid claim of \$42,964 of reimbursement from the State as of June 30, 2022.

Note 6 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employees' health and life; and natural disasters. The City manages these various risks of loss as follows:

Type of Loss	Method Managed	Risk of Loss Retained
a. General Liability:- Torts- Errors and omissions	Self-insured with limits of the Oklahoma Tort Liability Act as follows: - \$25,000 property loss - \$100,000 per individual - \$1,000,000 per incident	Entire risk of loss retained.
b. Physical Property:TheftDamage to assetsNatural disasters	All physical property except vehicles is insured through commercial insurance with deductibles ranging from \$10,000 to \$50,000. Vehicle damage is covered through self-insurance.	All physical property except vehicles subject to \$10,000 to \$50,000 risk of loss. Vehicles — entire risk of loss retained through fund incurring the loss.
c. Workers Compensation: - Employee injuries	Self-insured with third-party administration of the claims process. Workers Compensation Internal Service Fund used to account for activities with participating funds charged through an estimated annual claim cost for each fund.	Entire risk of loss retained. Claim liability determined through estimate of loss by the City's Risk Management staff and third-party.

CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ending June 30, 2022

- d. Health and Life:
 - Medical
 - Dental
 - Vision

Self-insured with third-party administration of the claims provided by CoreSouce, Inc.

Participation in Vision Service Plan. City purchases annual eye examination benefits for insured at a monthly cost of \$.63 per month for single coverage, \$.93 per month for employee and children, \$1.00 per month for employee and spouse and \$1.59 per month for family coverage.

Group Health & Life Internal Service Fund used to account for self-insurance activities with participating funds making payments to the internal service fund based upon factors determined by the City's benefit consultant.

Claims up to \$125,000 per individual are self-funded. Individual specific stop loss reinsurance covers claims in excess of \$125,000 per insured once a \$100,000 deductible has been met. The City does not carry Aggregate stop loss coverage.

(1) H.M. Insurance Group

Life and health benefit plan

The City offers group health and dental benefits to all full-time employees and their dependents except for fire fighters covered by the labor agreement between the City and the International Association of Fire Fighters Local # 2551. The City funds over 85% of the program with employees paying a monthly fee to purchase single or family coverage.

The City is self-funded for health and dental benefits and has an Administrative Services Agreement with CoreSource Inc. to process claim payments, provide preferred provider medical and dental service networks, recovery litigation services and other third-party administration services.

All assets acquired by the plan are vested in the plan and remain assets of the City. Monthly contributions are transferred to a reserve fund and such funds are used to reimburse CoreSource Inc. for claims paid, administrative services and stop loss coverage.

The plan has excess stop loss coverage agreements which cover losses in excess of specific and aggregate retention levels. Stop loss coverage is purchased from Unimerica Insurance Company.

Life insurance benefits are funded entirely by the City through Minnesota Life.

Claims liability analysis

The claims liabilities related to the above noted risks of loss that are retained are determined in accordance with the requirements of Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 5., which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

For the two internal service self-insurance funds, changes in the claims liability for the City from June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2022, are as follows:

		Workers'			
	Compensation]	Health Care	Total
Claim liability, June 30, 2019	\$	4,090,000	\$	1,087,049	\$ 5,177,049
Claims and changes in estimates		534,559		8,312,101	8,846,660
Claims payments		(934,559)		(8,679,302)	(9,613,861)
Claim liability, June 30, 2020	\$	3,690,000	\$	719,848	\$ 4,409,848
Claims and changes in estimates		634,941		10,517,233	11,152,174
Claims payments		(951,941)		(10,344,271)	(11,296,212)
Claim liability, June 30, 2021	\$	3,373,000	\$	892,810	\$ 4,265,810
Claims and changes in estimates		1,333,018		11,816,103	13,149,121
Claims payments		(1,071,018)		(11,452,876)	(12,523,894)
Claim liability, June 30, 2022	\$	3,635,000	\$	1,256,037	\$ 4,891,037
Assets available to pay claims at June 30, 2022	\$	2,836,500	\$	1,890,344	\$ 4,726,844
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:					
Current portion					\$ 1,002,000
Noncurrent portion					3,889,037
Total					\$ 4,891,037

Note 7 – Commitments and Contingencies

Construction commitments

At June 30, 2022 the following construction commitments were outstanding:

	Original Contract	Balance Remaining
	Contract	remaining
Belt Construction	\$ 42,058	\$ 42,058
Belt Construction	33,852	33,852
Grade Line Construction, LLC	218,423	37,459
Regional Metropolitan Utility	10,765	10,765
Holloway, Updike and Bellen	100,000	66,700
Crossland Heavy Contractors	2,539,172	1,182,813
Timber Wolf Excavating LLC	1,847,544	201,045
Isai Gomez Mendez	668,544	176,231
Becco Contractors Inc	47,384	47,384
Becco Contractors Inc	2,622,000	5,405
Jerry's Excavation Inc	769,697	210,919
Regional Metropolitan Utility	9,062,133	46,558
Regional Metropolitan Utility	1,472,116	96,672
Regional Metropolitan Utility	3,499,061	3,312,153
Regional Metropolitan Utility	345,879	20,461
Crossland Heavy Contractors	996,200	40,398
Crossland Heavy Contractors	10,407	10,407
Poe and Associates, Inc	30,040	8,764
Ground Zero Roofing & Construction	89,260	8,510
Ground Zero Roofing & Construction	159,260	94,897
Ground Zero Roofing & Construction	76,260	10,596
Ground Zero Roofing & Construction	192,060	143,311

Construction commitments, (continued)

construction communicates, (commuca)	Original Contract	Balance Remaining
Ground Zero Roofing & Construction	\$ 351,660	\$ 129,798
Cherokee Pride Construction, Inc	2,375,316	901,234
Cherokee Pride Construction, Inc	25,440	25,440
Cherokee Pride Construction, Inc	914,534	405,481
Timber Wolf Excavating LLC	1,775,704	22,133
Scissor Tail Construction LLC	303,508	12,841
RGROUP Inc	2,519,320	393,334
Cherokee Pride Construction, Inc	477,085	28,217
Cherokee Pride Construction, Inc	30,000	30,000
Cherokee Pride Construction, Inc	3,931,544	2,445,091
Diversified Civil Contractors	390,217	16,731
Diversified Civil Contractors	104,530	104,530
R&L Construction LLC	400,000	160,911
R&L Construction LLC	1,813,239	686,213
R.L. Shears Company PC	10,200	2,083
R.L. Shears Company PC	22,580	22,580
Westech Engineering LLC	641,655	641,655
Xylem Water Solutions USA Inc	550,381	550,381
Crossland Heavy Contractors	4,569,764	4,191,376
Crossland Heavy Contractors	881,193	696,301
Crossland Heavy Contractors	41,615	41,615
Diversified Civil Contractors	149,881	101,992
Benchmark Enterprises LLC	18,550	18,550
Benchmark Enterprises LLC	414,050	414,050
TLS Group Inc	159,000	159,000
Daris Contractors LLC	1,646,183	1,309,517
Diversified Civil Contractors	394,000	394,000
Diversified Civil Contractors	400,000	230,314
Diversified Civil Contractors	200,000	115,157
Diversified Civil Contractors	1,400,000	806,099
Diversified Civil Contractors	1,571,993	905,130

Contingencies

Grant program involvement

In the normal course of operations, the City participates in various federal or state grant/loan programs from year to year. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loan agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.

Litigation

The City is a party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in the course of government operations. The financial statements do not include accrual or provisions for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings. State statutes provide for the levy of an ad valorem tax over a three-year period by a City "Sinking Fund" for the payment of any court assessed judgment rendered against the City. These statutory provisions do not apply to the City's public trust or Authorities.

While the outcome of the above noted proceedings cannot be predicted, due to the insurance coverage maintained by the City and the State statute relating to judgments, the City feels that any settlement or insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City, but could substantially increase the City's ad valorem tax levy.

Note 8 – Subsequent Events

City:

On July 19, 2022, the City approved the sale of \$40,000,000 of General Obligation Bond Series 2022A to be issued as of December 1, 2021 payable in annual payments.

Broken Arrow Municipal Authority:

On December 6, 2022, the trustees of the Broken Arrow Municipal Authority (BAMA) approved resolution #1502 authorizing BAMA to issue Rural Development debt to construct a fertilizer production facility at Haikey Creek WW Treatment Facility in the amount not to exceed \$18,000,000.

RE	CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA QUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2022
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENT	ARYINFORMATION

CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts			riance with	
]	Budgetary		Positive
		Original		Final	Basis		(Negative)	
Beginning budgetary fund balance	\$	18,761,251	\$	18,761,251	\$	19,989,352	\$	1,228,101
Resources (inflows):								
Taxes:								
Sales tax		41,647,071		46,728,971		47,241,881		512,910
Use tax		9,000,000		10,066,600		10,330,084		263,484
Tobacco tax		550,000		550,000		511,865		(38,135)
Franchise tax		4,502,000		4,502,000		4,771,791		269,791
Total taxes		55,699,071		61,847,571		62,855,621		1,008,050
Intergovernmental:								
Intergovernmental		300,000		452,878		542,252		89,374
Alcoholic beverage tax		345,000		345,000		352,683		7,683
Total intergovernmental		645,000		797,878		894,935		97,057
Charges for services:								
Planning and zoning		170,000		170,000		185,785		15,785
Sale of material		20,000		20,000		24,134		4,134
BAMA PILOT		4,150,000		4,150,000		3,757,787		(392,213)
Rural fire runs & subscriptions		47,500		47,500		46,088		(1,412)
Inspection fees		875,000		875,000		832,040		(42,960)
Ambulance revenue		6,320,000		6,320,000		7,406,567		1,086,567
Training		2,500		2,500		=		(2,500)
Special Events		10,000		10,000		900		(9,100)
Cemetery fee		170,000		170,000		223,131		53,131
Animal control fees		50,000		50,000		54,564		4,564
Nuisance abatement		50,000		50,000		47,825		(2,175)
Parks and recreation		165,000		165,000		239,523		74,523
Swimming pools		200,000		200,000		242,866		42,866
Administrative fees		15,000		15,000		15,069		69
Schools		48,000		48,000		-		(48,000)
Juvenile court		45,000		45,000		50,029		5,029
Total charges for services		12,338,000		12,338,000		13,126,308		788,308
		_		_			((Continued)

CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (continued) GENERAL FUND

	Budge	ted	Actual	Variance with
	Amou	nts	Amounts	Final Budget
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	Positive (Negative)
Fines, forfeitures and assessments	1,303,000	1,303,000	818,349	(484,651)
Licenses and permits:				
Occupational licenses	290,000	290,000	269,902	(20,098)
Peddlers licenses	2,400	2,400	2,519	119
Food licenses	48,000	48,000	37,241	(10,759)
Other fees	80,000	80,000	56,375	(23,625)
Special events	-	-	11,212	11,212
Farmer's market	-	-	24,750	24,750
Building permits	900,000	900,000	991,691	91,691
Total licenses and permits	1,320,400	1,320,400	1,393,690	73,290
Investment income	32,000	32,000	99,751	67,751
Miscellaneous:				
Rental property	1,300,000	1,300,000	615,346	(684,654)
Donations	-	-	1,316	1,316
Miscellaneous	100,000	100,000	168,477	68,477
Sale of capital assets	-	-	115,083	115,083
Insurance proceeds	25,000	25,000	173,700	148,700
Total miscellaneous	1,425,000	1,425,000	1,073,922	(351,078)
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in from other funds	18,178,533	18,178,533	16,951,940	(1,226,593)
Total other financing sources	18,178,533	18,178,533	16,951,940	(1,226,593)
Total revenues and other financing sources	90,941,004	97,242,382	97,214,516	(27,866)
Amounts available for appropriation	109,702,255	116,003,633	117,203,868	1,200,235
				(Continued)

CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (continued) GENERAL FUND

	Bud	geted	Actual	Variance with
	Amo	ounts	Amounts	Final Budget
			Budgetary	Positive
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)
Charges to appropriations (outflows):				
General government:				
City manager	2,017,536	2,023,286	1,840,080	183,206
Finance	1,417,920	1,537,920	1,478,624	59,296
City attorney	1,322,562	1,326,502	1,178,740	147,762
Human resources	1,343,200	1,384,950	1,228,476	156,474
Information services	1,984,643	2,245,138	2,045,433	199,705
Community development	3,764,265	3,770,960	3,582,732	188,228
General government	2,227,035	2,495,233	2,128,350	366,883
City Clerk	861,600	1,093,600	893,609	199,991
Total general government	14,938,761	15,877,589	14,376,044	1,501,545
Public services:				
Streets	3,467,875	3,498,517	3,262,075	236,442
General services		158	158	
Total public services	3,467,875	3,498,675	3,262,233	236,442
Parks and recreation	5,660,780	5,699,899	4,928,243	771,656
Other financing uses:				
Transfers to other funds	66,497,123	71,787,196	68,693,922	3,093,274
Total charges to appropriations	90,564,539	96,863,359	91,260,442	5,602,917
Ending budgetary fund balance	\$ 19,137,716	\$ 19,140,274	\$ 25,943,426	\$ 6,803,152

Broken Arrow Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Special Revenue Fund - Public Safety Sales Tax Fund - Police For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Public Safety Sales Tax Fund - Police							
	Ori	ginal Budget	Fi	nal Budget		Actual	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	10,760,509	\$	10,760,509	\$	10,863,872	\$	103,363
Resources (Inflows):								
Taxes		2,479,353		2,479,353		2,834,512		355,159
Intergovernmental		100,000		100,000		159,188		59,188
Investment income		6,000		6,000		(21,760)		(27,760)
Miscellaneous		12,500		82,500		58,591		(23,909)
Transfers from other funds		27,704,744		27,704,744		29,568,817		1,864,073
Amounts available for appropriation		30,302,597		30,372,597		32,599,348		2,226,751
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):								
Police		29,418,945		29,575,636		28,180,361		1,395,275
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	11,644,161	\$	11,557,470	\$	15,282,859	\$	3,725,389

Broken Arrow Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Special Revenue Fund - Public Safety Sales Tax Fund - Fire For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Public Safety Sales Tax Fund - Fire							
	Orig	ginal Budget	Fi	nal Budget		Actual	Fina P	ance with I Budget - ositive egative)
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance (restated)	\$	5,409,343	\$	5,409,343	\$	5,422,173	\$	12,830
Resources (Inflows):								
Taxes		2,479,353		2,479,353		2,834,512		355,159
Investment income		3,000		3,000		(12,400)		(15,400)
Miscellaneous		8,000		8,000		12,237		4,237
Transfers from other funds		22,338,846		23,897,846		23,898,165		319
Amounts available for appropriation		24,829,199		26,388,199		26,732,514		344,315
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):								
Fire .		24,786,683		26,901,800		26,599,230		302,570
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	5,451,859	\$	4,895,742	\$	5,555,457	\$	659,715

NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

Note 1 - Budgetary Accounting

The annual operating budgets are prepared and presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Per City ordinance, the City utilizes encumbrance accounting during the year on a limited basis for certain purchase orders and other commitments for the expenditure of funds which are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are not considered expenditures for budgetary purposes, and are considered lapsed, as are all unused appropriations. Any open purchase orders to be honored in the subsequent budget year are re-appropriated and re-encumbered in the next year's budget. As a result, no reserve for encumbrances is reported at year end; however, they are disclosed as commitments by fund type in Note 6, where applicable.

Under the provisions of the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act of 1979 (the "Budget Act"), the legal level of control at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is the department level within a fund. At June 30, 2022, the City's expenditures did not exceed appropriations in any department.

Note 2 - Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to Modified Accrual Basis - General Fund

The budgetary basis differs from the modified accrual basis as shown in the schedule below:

	G	eneral Fund
Total budgetary resources (inflows)	\$	97,214,516
Less: transfers in from other funds		(16,951,940)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues,		
expenditures and changes in fund balance - governmental funds	\$	80,262,576
Total budgetary expenditures and transfers	\$	91,260,442
Less: transfers to other funds		(68,693,922)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues,		
expenditures and changes in fund balance - governmental funds	\$	22,566,520

Note 2 – Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to Modified Accrual Basis – Major Special Revenue Funds

	Public Safety Sales Tax Fund
	- Police
Total budgetary resources (inflows)	\$ 32,599,348
Add: On-behalf payments	1,544,115
Less: Transfers in from other funds	(29,568,817)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues,	
expenditures and changes in fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 4,574,646
	Ф. 20 100 2 <i>C</i> 1
Total budgetary expenditures and transfers	\$ 28,180,361
Add: On-behalf payments Total amonditures as reported on the statement of revenues	1,544,115
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 29,724,476
expenditules and changes in fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 29,724,476
	Public Safety Sales Tax Fund
	- Fire
Total budgetary resources (inflows)	\$ 26,732,514
Add: On-behalf payments	4,540,795
Less: Transfers in from other funds	(23,898,165)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues,	
expenditures and changes in fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 7,375,144
Total budgetary expenditures and transfers	\$ 26,599,230
Add: On-behalf payments	4,540,795
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 31,140,025

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information
SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OF BROKEN ARROW'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)
OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

For the year June 30,

For the year suite 50,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	3.1323%	3.2237%	3.1605%	3.3097%	3.4646%	3.5076%	3.6693%	3.6401%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$(1,054,626)	\$ 131,444	\$4,840,062	\$ 254,584	\$ (1,650,356)	\$ (223,922)	\$ 4,213,955	\$(17,461,926)
City's covered-employee payroll	** N/A	\$9,112,431	\$9,320,477	\$10,248,277	\$10,594,254	\$11,433,128	\$12,091,461	\$ 12,594,259
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	** N/A	1.44%	51.93%	2.48%	15.58%	1.96%	34.85%	138.65%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	101.53%	99.82%	93.50%	99.68%	101.89%	100.24%	95.80%	117.07%

Notes to Schedule:

* Only eight fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available. Current year measurement date is June 30, 2021.

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Statutorily required contribution	\$1,184,616	\$1,211,662	\$ 1,332,276	\$ 1,377,253	\$ 1,486,307	\$ 1,597,656	\$ 1,637,241	\$ 1,759,158
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	1,184,616	1,211,662	1,332,276	1,377,253	1,486,307	1,597,656	1,637,241	1,759,158
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered-employee payroll	\$9,112,431	\$9,320,477	\$10,248,277	\$10,594,254	\$11,433,128	\$12,091,461	\$12,594,259	\$13,872,246
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13%	13%	13%	13%	13%	13%	13%	13%

Notes to Schedule:

Only eight fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

^{**} Information was not available.

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OF BROKEN ARROW'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OKLAHOMA FIREFIGHTERS PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years*

For the year June 30,

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
City's proportion of the net pension liability	3.6826%	3.8107%	3.9641%	4.2472%	4.4499%	4.1400%	4.5698%	4.5936%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$37,869,951	\$40,447,082	\$48,430,529	\$53,418,020	\$50,090,663	\$43,746,453	\$56,296,367	\$30,251,897
City's covered-employee payroll	** N/A	\$10,409,757	\$11,090,514	\$12,517,279	\$13,237,331	\$ 13,875,665	\$14,699,910	\$14,908,009
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	** N/A	388.55%	436.68%	426.75%	378.40%	315.27%	382.97%	202.92%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	68.12%	68.27%	64.87%	66.61%	70.73%	72.85%	69.98%	84.24%

Notes to Schedule:

* Only eight fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available. Current year measurement date is June 30, 2021.

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OKLAHOMA FIREFIGHTERS PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 1,457,366	\$ 1,552,672	\$ 1,752,419	\$ 1,852,898	\$ 1,942,593	\$ 2,057,989	\$ 2,087,122	\$ 2,235,125
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	1,457,366	1,552,672	1,752,419	1,852,898	1,942,593	2,057,989	2,087,122	2,235,125
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 10,409,757	\$ 11,090,514	\$ 12,517,279	\$ 13,237,331	\$ 13,875,665	\$ 14,699,910	\$ 14,908,009	\$ 15,996,124
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14%	14%	14%	14%	14%	14%	14%	14%

Notes to Schedule:

^{**} Information was not available.

^{*} Only eight fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last 10 Years*

	2018		2019		2020		2021		 2022
Total OPEB Liability									
Service cost	\$	81,277	\$	84,431	\$	84,431	\$	97,491	\$ 98,191
Interest		44,794		45,537		52,705		27,902	28,388
Difference between expected and actual experience		-		-		-		(47,742)	(166,329)
Change in assumptions		-		-		(210,425)		7,465	(151,024)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(25,646)		(25,646)		(33,656)		(37,547)	 (30,639)
Net change in total OPEB liability		100,425		104,322		(106,945)		47,569	(221,413)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		1,086,022		1,186,447		1,290,769		1,183,824	1,231,393
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	1,186,447	\$	1,290,769	\$	1,183,824	\$	1,231,393	\$ 1,009,980
Covered employee payroll	\$	30,068,853	\$	30,068,853	\$	33,734,659	\$	33,734,659	\$ 39,094,305
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		3.95%		4.29%		3.51%		3.65%	2.58%

Notes to Schedule:

^{*} Only five fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Combining Balance Sheet – General Fund Accounts

Broken Arrow Balance Sheet General Fund Accounts June 30, 2022

	Gen	eral Fund	Es	crow Fund	Tc	otal General Fund
ASSETS	_		_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,723,022	\$	1,121,628	\$	9,844,650
Investments		9,063,367		-		9,063,367
Taxes receivable, net		427,611		-		427,611
Due from other funds		3,280,154		-		3,280,154
Receivable from other governments		10,153,835		-		10,153,835
Accrued interest receivable		23,110		-		23,110
Leases receivable		7,103,969		-		7,103,969
Other receivables, net		1,890,794		44,454		1,935,248
Prepaid expenses		220,233		-		220,233
Total assets		40,886,095		1,166,082		42,052,177
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		446,325		9,875		456,200
Accrued payroll		2,756,680		-		2,756,680
Due to other funds		3,280,919		_		3,280,919
Due to other governments		11,840		_		11,840
Due to bondholders		,		81,271		81,271
Unearned revenue		_		217,550		217,550
Amounts held in escrow		336,093		857,386		1,193,479
Total liabilities		6,831,857		1,166,082		7,997,939
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows-leases		7,603,378		-		7,603,378
Deferred revenue		507,434		-		507,434
Total deferred inflows of resources		8,110,812				8,110,812
Fund balances:						
Assigned		11,306,342		-		11,306,342
Unassigned		14,637,084				14,637,084
Total fund balances		25,943,426		-		25,943,426
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	40,886,095	\$	1,166,082	\$	42,052,177

<u>Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – General Fund Accounts</u>

Broken Arrow Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Accounts For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Ge	neral Fund	Escrow	Fund	Total	General Fund
REVENUES					•	
Sales and use taxes	\$	57,571,965	\$	-	\$	57,571,965
Franchise and miscellaneous taxes		5,283,656		-		5,283,656
Intergovernmental		894,935		-		894,935
Charges for services		13,126,308		-		13,126,308
Fines and forfeitures		818,349		-		818,349
Licenses and permits		1,393,690		-		1,393,690
Rental income		615,346		-		615,346
Investment income		99,751		-		99,751
Miscellaneous		458,576		-		458,576
Total revenues		80,262,576		-		80,262,576
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		14,375,533		-		14,375,533
Public services		3,262,233		-		3,262,233
Parks and recreation		4,928,243		-		4,928,243
Capital Outlay		511		-		511
Total Expenditures	-	22,566,520		_	-	22,566,520
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					-	
expenditures		57,696,056		<u>-</u>		57,696,056
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		16,951,940		-		16,951,940
Transfers out		(68,693,922)		-		(68,693,922)
Total other financing sources and uses		(51,741,982)		_		(51,741,982)
Net change in fund balances	-	5,954,074		-		5,954,074
Fund balances - beginning		19,989,352		-		19,989,352
Fund balances - ending	\$	25,943,426	\$		\$	25,943,426

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Broken Arrow Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS											
	Excess Capacity Sewer Escrow		ormwater Capital	Convention and Visitor's Bureau		Police ancement		Street and Alley		using and Urban relopment	С	ARES Act Fund
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,662,568	\$	1,224,687	\$ 1,317,986	\$	195,201	\$	1,574,652	\$	250,434	•	2,449,854
Investments	\$ 1,002,000 -	φ	1,224,007	φ 1,317,900 -	φ	195,201	Ą	1,574,052	φ	230,434	φ	4,895,465
Due from other funds	_		_	_		765		_		-		-,000,400
Receivable from other governments	_		_	_		-		174,676		36.993		_
Accrued interest receivable	_		_	_		_		-		-		23,640
Other receivables, net	_		-	90,679		-		-		-		-
Prepaid expense	-		-	38,680		-		-		-		-
Total assets	1,662,568		1,224,687	1,447,345		195,966	_	1,749,328		287,427	_	7,368,959
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUNI Liabilities: Accounts payable Amounts held in escrow Total liabilities	D BALANCES		18,709	50,111		6,964 - 6,964		54,631 - 54,631		4,476 86 4,562		52,716 - 52,716
			10,700	30,111	_	0,304		34,031		4,302	_	32,710
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				0.070								00.010
Unavailable revenue Total deferred inflows of resources				9,670			_			36,993	_	23,640
lotal deferred inflows of resources			-	9,670						36,993		23,640
Fund balances:												
Restricted	-		-	1,387,564		189,002		1,694,697		245,872		-
Committed	1,662,568		1,205,978	-		-		-		-		-
Assigned												7,292,603
Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and	1,662,568		1,205,978	1,387,564		189,002		1,694,697		245,872		7,292,603
fund balances	\$ 1,662,568	\$	1,224,687	\$ 1,447,345	\$	195,966	\$	1,749,328	\$	287,427	\$	7,368,959 (Continued)

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds, (Continued)

Broken Arrow Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS									
	E911	Crime Prevention	Alcohol Enforcement	Street Light	Admin Technology Fund	Creek TIF Apportionment Fund	2014 General Obligation Bond Fund			
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,516,800	\$ 142,778	\$ 93,929	\$ 957,720	\$ 97,621	\$ 33,160	\$ 7,445,603			
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,142,930			
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Receivable from other governments	-	27,777	-	-	-	-	-			
Accrued interest receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,733			
Other receivables, net	102,159	-	1,532	74,581	2,745	-	-			
Prepaid expense										
Total assets	1,618,959	170,555	95,461	1,032,301	100,366	33,160	15,598,266			
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND Liabilities: Accounts payable Amounts held in escrow	6,946	6,907		96,214	5,588 - 5,588		48,212			
•										
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenue		19,777	1,282	3,348			9,733			
Total deferred inflows of resources		19,777	1,282	3,348			9,733			
Fund balances:										
Restricted	1,612,013	143,871	94,179	-	94,778	33,160	15,540,321			
Committed	-	-	-	932,739	-	-	-			
Assigned										
Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and	1,612,013	143,871	94,179	932,739	94,778	33,160	15,540,321			
fund balances	\$ 1,618,959	\$ 170,555	\$ 95,461	\$ 1,032,301	\$ 100,366	\$ 33,160	\$ 15,598,266 (Continued)			

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds, (Continued)

Broken Arrow Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

		CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS												
*	-	arks and ecreation	С	Cemetery Care		reet Sales Tax	1994 General Obligation Bond Issue	2008 General Obligation Bond Fund		2011 General Obligation Bond Fund		Go	Total evernmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	756,419	\$	407,129	\$	2,303,384	\$ 198,532	\$	81,218	\$	2,876,891	\$	25,586,566	
Investments	ф	750,419	Ф	407,129	Ф	2,303,364	\$ 190,532	ф	01,210	Ф	2,070,091	ф	15,975,156	
Due from other funds		-		-		2,930,701	-		-		-		765	
Receivable from other governments		-		-		820.039	-		-		-		1.059.485	
Accrued interest receivable		-		-		10,278	-		-		-		43.651	
Other receivables, net		14,288		78		10,276	-		-		-		286,062	
Prepaid expense		14,200		70		-	-		-		-		38,680	
Total assets		770,707		407,207		6,070,462	198,532		81,218		2,876,891	_	42,990,365	
Total assets		770,707	_	407,207	_	0,070,402	190,002		01,210	_	2,070,091	_	42,990,303	
Liabilities: Accounts payable Amounts held in escrow Total liabilities		34,313 - 34,313	_	50 - 50		398,610 - 398,610		_	18,110 - 18,110	-	50,694	_	853,251 86 853,337	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES														
Unavailable revenue		-		78		10,278	-		-		-		114,799	
Total deferred inflows of resources		-	_	78	_	10,278		_	-	_		_	114,799	
Fund balances:														
Restricted		-		153,958		5,661,574	-		63,108		2,826,197		29,740,294	
Committed		736,394		253,121		-	198,532		-		-		4,989,332	
Assigned		-		-		-			-		-		7,292,603	
Total fund balances		736,394		407,079		5,661,574	198,532		63,108		2,826,197		42,022,229	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	s	770.707	\$	407.207	\$	6.070.462	\$ 198,532	\$	81,218	\$	2.876.891	\$	42.990.365	
·		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-	,201	-	2,2. 3, 102	÷ .00,002	-	27,210	Ψ_	_, _ , _ , _ ,	Ψ.	,.50,000	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Broken Arrow Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			SPE	ECIAL REVENUE FUNI	DS		
	Excess Capacity Sewer Escrow	Stormwater Capital	Convention and Visitor's Bureau	Police Enhancement	Street and Alley	Housing and Urban Development	CARES Act Fund
REVENUES	•	•	•		•	•	•
Sales and use tax Franchise and miscellaneous taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	-	-	863,736	17,584	1,097,937	488.607	-
Intergovernmental Charges for services	-	316.508	-	17,504	1,097,937	400,007	-
Fees and fines	-	310,500	-	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	1,583	1.166	1,256	368	1,500	-	(6,284)
Miscellaneous	94,387	1,100	317	300	1,500	-	(0,204)
Total revenues	95,970	317,674	865,309	17,952	1,099,437	488,607	(6,284)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	24.612	_	292,850	_	_	74,222	_
Public safety	-	-	-	82,187	-	· -	-
Public services	-	_	-	· -	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	597,053	-	9,424	54,631	417,585	1,155,192
Total expenditures	24,612	597,053	292,850	91,611	54,631	491,807	1,155,192
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	71,358	(279,379)	572,459	(73,659)	1,044,806	(3,200)	(1,161,476)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out			(275,000)		(1,000,000)		
Total other financing sources and uses			(275,000)		(1,000,000)	<u>-</u> _	
Net change in fund balances	71,358	(279,379)	297,459	(73,659)	44,806	(3,200)	(1,161,476)
Fund balances - beginning	1,591,210	1,485,357	1,090,105	262,661	1,649,891	249,072	8,454,079
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,662,568	\$ 1,205,978	\$ 1,387,564	\$ 189,002	\$ 1,694,697	\$ 245,872	\$ 7,292,603 (Continued)

<u>Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds, (Continued)</u>

Broken Arrow Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			SPECIAL R	EVENUE FUNDS			CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS
	E911	Crime Prevention	Alcohol Enforcement	Street Light	Admin Technology Fund	Creek TIF Apportionment Fund	2014 General Obligation Bond Fund
REVENUES							
Sales and use tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Franchise and miscellaneous taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	46,750	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	1,207,084	-	-	997,140	25,498	-	-
Fees and fines	-	-	4,155	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	1,445	151	89	912	92	-	47,321
Miscellaneous				86,258			
Total revenues	1,208,529	46,901	4,244	1,084,310	25,590		47,321
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Public safety	-	94,201	1,461	-	-	_	-
Public services	-		-	554,943	-	_	-
Capital outlay	372,900	-	_	247,101	43,225	-	3,090,467
Total expenditures	372.900	94,201	1,461	802,044	43,225		3,090,467
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	835,629	(47,300)	2,783	282,266	(17,635)		(3,043,146)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out	(1,000,000)						(9,892)
Total other financing sources and uses	(1,000,000)	_	_	_	_	_	(9,892)
Net change in fund balances	(164,371)	(47,300)	2,783	282,266	(17,635)	-	(3,053,038)
Fund balances - beginning	1,776,384	191,171	91,396	650,473	112,413	33,160	18,593,359
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,612,013	\$ 143,871	\$ 94,179	\$ 932,739	\$ 94,778	\$ 33,160	\$ 15,540,321
							(Continued)

<u>Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds, (Continued)</u>

Broken Arrow Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS													
		arks and creation	Cem	etery Care	Street Sales Tax				2008 General Obligation Bond Fund		2011 General Obligation Bond Fund		Total-Other Government Funds	
REVENUES												,		
Sales and use tax	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,724,188	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,724,188
Franchise and miscellaneous taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-		863,736
Intergovernmental				-		-		-		-		-		1,650,878
Charges for services		257,482		65,321		-		-		-		-		2,869,033
Fees and fines		-		-		-		-		-		-		4,155
Investment earnings		717		387		9,663		189		77		10,677		71,309
Miscellaneous		136,372												317,334
Total revenues		394,571		65,708		4,733,851		189		77		10,677		10,500,633
EXPENDITURES														
Current:														
General government		-		-		-		-		-		-		391,684
Public safety		-		-		-		-		-		-		177,849
Public services		-		-		-		-		-		-		554,943
Capital outlay		551,921		26,589		4,385,220		_		37,519		1,524,800		12,513,627
Total expenditures		551,921		26,589		4,385,220				37,519		1,524,800		13,638,103
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over														
expenditures		(157,350)		39,119		348,631		189		(37,442)		(1,514,123)		(3,137,470)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)														
Transfers out														(2,284,892)
Total other financing sources and uses		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>								<u>-</u>		(2,284,892)
Net change in fund balances		(157,350)		39,119		348,631		189		(37,442)		(1,514,123)		(5,422,362)
Fund balances - beginning		893,744		367,960		5,312,943		198,343		100,550		4,340,320		47,444,591
Fund balances - ending	\$	736.394	\$	407.079	\$	5.661.574	\$	198.532	\$	63.108	\$	2.826.197	\$	42.022.229

<u>Combining Schedule of Net Position – BAMA Enterprise Fund Accounts</u>

Broken Arrow Combining Schedule of Net Position Broken Arrow Municipal Authority Accounts June 30, 2022

	Municipal Authority	BAMA Sales Tax Account	Sanitary Capital Account	Total		
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ (27,001,911)	\$ 26,018,061	\$ 1,328,273	\$ 344,423		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	205,927	19,594,451	-	19,800,378		
Accounts receivable, net	9,012,244	-	-	9,012,244		
Due from other funds	3,745,178	-	-	3,745,178		
Due from other governments	48,880	2,248,340	-	2,297,220		
Inventories	1,297,477	-	-	1,297,477		
Prepaid assets	231,476	-		231,476		
Total current assets	(12,460,729)	47,860,852	1,328,273	36,728,396		
Non-current assets:						
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	823,706	849,706	-	1,673,412		
Investment in joint venture	38,245,607	-	-	38,245,607		
Capital Assets:						
Land and other nondepreciable assets	19,955,613	-	-	19,955,613		
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	202,347,905			202,347,905		
Total non-current assets	261,372,831	849,706		262,222,537		
Total assets	248,912,102	48,710,558	1,328,273	298,950,933		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred charge on refunding	-	34,813	-	34,813		
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	47,335	-	-	47,335		
Total deferred outflows of resources	47,335	34,813		82,148		
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	3,658,585	500	-	3,659,085		
Accrued payroll payable	849,695	-	-	849,695		
Accrued interest payable	-	1,375,337	-	1,375,337		
Due to other funds	3,280,154	-	-	3,280,154		
Amounts held in escrow	351,982	-	-	351,982		
Compensated absences	522,758	-	-	522,758		
Meter deposit liability	205,927	-	-	205,927		
Bonds, notes and loans payable, net	550,533	6,984,792	-	7,535,325		
Total current liabilities	9,419,634	8,360,629		17,780,263		
Non-current liabilities:						
Compensated absences	261,379	_	-	261,379		
Meter deposit liability	823,706	_	-	823,706		
Bonds, notes and loans payable, net	2,477,400	149,659,618	-	152,137,018		
Total OPEB liability	298,619	-	_	298,619		
Total non-current liabilities	3,861,104	149,659,618		153,520,722		
Total liabilities	13,280,738	158,020,247		171,300,985		
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES						
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	133,058			133,058		
Total deferred inflow of resources	133,058			133,058		
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in capital assets	219,275,585	(140, 196, 653)	-	79,078,932		
Restricted for debt service	-	2,621,063	-	2,621,063		
Unrestricted	16,270,056	28,300,714	1,328,273	45,899,043		
Total net position	\$ 235,545,641	\$ (109,274,876)	\$ 1,328,273	\$ 127,599,038		

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – BAMA Enterprise Fund Accounts

Broken Arrow Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Broken Arrow Municipal Authority Accounts For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Municipal Authority	BA	AMA Sales Tax Account	x Sanitary Capital Account		•	
REVENUES	 						
Water charges	\$ 24,869,926	\$	-	\$	-	\$	24,869,926
Sewer charges	15,501,981		-		-		15,501,981
Sanitation charges	6,972,712		-		-		6,972,712
Stormwater fees	7,326,259		-		-		7,326,259
Fees and fines	928,992		-		-		928,992
Miscellaneous	550,305		-		-		550,305
Total operating revenues	56,150,175						56,150,175
OPERATING EXPENSES							
General government	1,100,471		-		-		1,100,471
Finance and administration	2,311,974		-		-		2,311,974
Engineering and construction	3,743,718		-		-		3,743,718
Water distribution	11,993,928		-		-		11,993,928
Saitary sewer system	9,982,185		_		_		9,982,185
Sanitation services	6,675,514		_		_		6,675,514
Support services	2,953,839		_		_		2,953,839
Stormwater	3,569,798		_		_		3,569,798
Depreciation	12,416,772		_		_		12,416,772
Total Operating Expenses	 54,748,199		_		_		54,748,199
Operating income	1,401,976		-		-		1,401,976
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Interest and investment revenue	1,309		114		1,265		2,688
Gain on disposal of capital assets	80,212		-		-		80,212
Operating grant	39,597		-		_		39,597
Bond issuance costs	, <u> </u>		(584,058)		_		(584,058)
Interest expense and fiscal charges	_		(4,412,859)		_		(4,412,859)
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	121,118		(4,996,803)		1,265		(4,874,420)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	1,523,094		(4,996,803)		1,265		(3,472,444)
Capital contributions	7,187,101		-		-		7,187,101
Transfers in	15,638,549		-		-		15,638,549
Transfers out	(16,226,940)		-		-		(16,226,940)
Change in net position	8,121,804		(4,996,803)		1,265		3,126,266
Total net position - beginning	 227,423,837	_	(104,278,073)		1,327,008		124,472,772
Total net position - ending	\$ 235,545,641	\$	(109,274,876)	\$	1,328,273	\$	127,599,038

Combining Schedule of Cash Flows – BAMA Enterprise Fund Accounts

Broken Arrow Combining Schedule of Cash Flows Broken Arrow Municipal Authority Accounts For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		funicipal Authority		IA Sales Tax Account		itary Capital Account		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•	F4 000 000	•		•		•	F4 000 000
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers	\$	54,998,969 (21,451,496)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	54,998,969 (21,451,496)
Payments to supplies		(20,480,304)		-		-		(20,480,304)
Receipts of customer meter deposits		283,874		-		-		283,874
Payment of customer meter deposits		(279,332)		-		-		(279,332)
Interfund payments & receipts		(2,255,137)		(4,736,136)				(6,991,273)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		10,816,574		(4,736,136)				6,080,438
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from other funds		15,638,549		-		-		15,638,549
Transfer to other funds		(16,226,940)						(16,226,940)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		(588,391)		-		-		(588,391)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Purchase of capital assets		(9,405,715)		-		-		(9,405,715)
Proceeds from issuance of debt		1,000,000		38,812,174		-		39,812,174
Note issuance costs		-		(584,058)		-		(584,058)
Premium on issuance of debt		- 04.075		466,093		-		466,093
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt		81,075 (386,353)		(28,691,623)		-		81,075 (29,077,976)
Interest paid on capital debt		(300,333)		(4,585,243)		-		(4,585,243)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(8,710,993)		5,417,343				(3,293,650)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Sales of investments		8,333		_		_		8,333
(Increase) decrease in investment in joint venture		(672,039)		-		-		(672,039)
Interest and dividends		1,309		114		1,265		2,688
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(662,397)		114		1,265		(661,018)
Net Increase in cash and cash equivalents		854,793		681,321		1,265		1,537,379
Balances-beginning of year		(26,827,071)		45,780,897		1,327,008		20,280,834
Balances-end of year	\$	(25,972,278)	\$	46,462,218	\$	1,328,273	\$	21,818,213
Reconciliation to Combining Statement of Net Position:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	(27,001,911)	\$	26,018,061	\$	1,328,273	\$	344,423
Restricted cash and cash equivalents-current		205,927		19,594,451	•	-	·	19,800,378
Restricted cash and cash equivalents-noncurrent		823,706		849,706		-		1,673,412
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year		(25,972,278)		46,462,218		1,328,273		21,818,213
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Opera	-							
Operating income	\$	1,401,976	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,401,976
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation expense		12,416,772		_		_		12,416,772
Operating grants and contributions		39,597		-		-		39,597
Change in assets, liabilities and deferrals:		•						
Receivables, net		(1,139,454)		-		-		(1,139,454)
Due from other funds		(187, 185)		-		-		(187,185)
Due from other governments		3,540		-		-		3,540
Inventories Propoid goods		394,103		-		-		394,103
Prepaid assets Deferred amounts related to OPEB		(210,976) 80,701		-				(210,976) 80,701
Accounts payables		(65,951)		_		_		(65,951)
Accrued payroll		262,671		_		_		262,671
Due to other funds		(2,067,952)		(4,736,136)		-		(6,804,088)
Amounts held in escrow		(54,889)		-		-		(54,889)
Accrued compensated absences		743		-		-		743
Customer meter deposits payable		4,542		-		-		4,542
Total OPEB liability	•	(61,664)	-	- (4 70C 40C)	•			(61,664)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	Þ	10,816,574	\$	(4,736,136)	\$		_	6,080,438
Non-cash Activities:								
Capital assets contributed	\$	7,187,101	\$		\$		\$	7,187,101
Total Non-cash Activities	\$	7,187,101	\$		\$	-	\$	7,187,101

Combining Statement of Net Position – Internal Service Funds

Broken Arrow Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2022

	Worker's Compensation		Gro	up Health & Life	Total
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,836,500	\$	1,553,240	\$ 4,389,740
Other receivables		-		337,104	337,104
Total assets		2,836,500		1,890,344	 4,726,844
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		15,026		44,552	59,578
Claims liability		1,002,000		-	1,002,000
Total current liabilities		1,017,026		44,552	 1,061,578
Non-current liabilities:					
Claims liability		2,633,000		1,256,037	3,889,037
Total non-current liabilities		2,633,000		1,256,037	 3,889,037
Total liabilities		3,650,026		1,300,589	4,950,615
NET POSITION					
Unrestricted (deficit)		(813,526)		589,755	(223,771)
Total Net Position	\$	(813,526)	\$	589,755	\$ (223,771)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Internal Service Funds

Broken Arrow

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Worker's Compensation		Group Health & Life		Total
OPERATING REVENUES						
Self insurance charges	\$	1,072,000	\$	11,038,510	\$	12,110,510
Total operating revenues		1,072,000		11,038,510		12,110,510
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Claims expense		1,333,018		11,816,103		13,149,121
Total operating expenses		1,333,018		11,816,103		13,149,121
Operating income (loss)		(261,018)		(777,593)		(1,038,611)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Interest and investment revenue		2,804		1,565		4,369
Miscellaneous revenue		29,737		-		29,737
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)		32,541		1,565		34,106
Change in net position		(228,477)		(776,028)		(1,004,505)
Total net position - beginning		(585,049)		1,365,783		780,734
Total net position - ending	\$	(813,526)	\$	589,755	\$	(223,771)

Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Funds

Broken Arrow Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Worker's npensation	Gro	oup Health & Life		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from customers	\$	1,099,757	\$	10,704,765	\$	11,804,522
Claims paid		(1,071,513)		(11,415,515)		(12,487,028)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		28,244	_	(710,750)	_	(682,506)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest and dividends		2,804		1,565		4,369
Net cash provided by investing activities		2,804		1,565		4,369
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		31,048		(709,185)		(678,137)
Balances-beginning of year		2,805,452		2,262,425		5,067,877
Balances-end of year	\$	2,836,500	\$	1,553,240	\$	4,389,740
Reconciliation to Combining Statement of Net Position: Cash, including time deposits	\$	2,836,500	\$	1,553,240	\$	4,389,740
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	2,836,500	\$	1,553,240	\$	4,389,740
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(261,018)	\$	(777,593)	\$	(1,038,611)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Miscellaneous non-operating revenue		29,737		-		29,737
Change in assets and liabilities:						
Other receivable		-		(333,745)		(333,745)
Accounts and other payables		(495)		37,361		36,866
Amounts held in escrow		(1,980)		-		(1,980)
Claims liability		262,000		363,227		625,227
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	28,244	\$	(710,750)	\$	(682,506)

CITY OF BROKEN ARROW (BROKEN ARROW MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY)

SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE

	O	WRB 2004,
	2007	7, 2012, 2016,
	2017	7, 2018, 2019,
	202	20 and 2021
	No	tes Payable
	and	2019 STRN,
	20	021 STRN
Gross revenue available for debt service:		
Charges for services	\$	56,150,175
Investment income		2,688
Sales tax transferred from the City General Fund		15,638,549
Total gross revenues available		71,791,412
Operating expenses (1)		
General government		1,100,471
Finance and administration		2,311,974
Engineering and construction		3,743,718
Water distribution		11,993,928
Sanitary sewer system		9,982,185
Sanitation services		6,675,514
Support services		2,953,839
Stormwater		3,569,798
Total operating expenses		42,331,427
Net revenue available for debt service	\$	29,459,985
Debt service requirements		
Maximum annual debt service on all BAMA parity debt	\$	12,788,696
Computed coverage		230%
Coverage requirement		125%

⁽¹⁾ Operating expenses exclude such noncash items as depreciation, amortization and bad debt expenses.

CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA

SCHEDULE OF DEBT RESERVE ACCOUNT BALANCE REQUIREMENTS

	Series 2019 BAEDA Note Payable			Series 2015 OWRB Note Payable		
Required balance	\$	500,000	\$	849,706		
Balance in Trustee Account, June 30, 2022		500,000		849,706		
Excess of account balance over (under) required balance	\$		\$			