

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**JUNE 30, 2014** 

# WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# CONTENTS

List of Principal Officials	1
Independent Auditor's Report	2
Required Supplementary Information:  Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	. 1
Statement of Activities	.2
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	.3
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	5
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	.7
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	8
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	9
Statement of Net Position – Component Units	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Component Units	22
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	23
Notes to Basic Financial Statements2	24
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Post Employment Benefit Obligation	51
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	52
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Notes to Required Supplementary Information	58

# Other Supplementary Information:

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	69
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	72
Schedule of Debt Service Coverage Requirements	75
Schedule of Debt Reserve Account Balance Requirements	76



# City of Broken Arrow, Oklahoma

List of Principal Officials June 30, 2014

# **City Council**

Craig Thurmond, Mayor Richard Carter, Vice Mayor Mike Lester Johnnie Parks Jill Norman

# **City Manager**

Thomas M. Morton

Clerk

Mary E. Bryce

# **Finance Director/Treasurer**

Thomas L. Caldwell



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Broken Arrow, Oklahoma

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Broken Arrow, Oklahoma (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, other post-employment benefits funding schedule, and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, other supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Aledge V Associates, P.C.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 9, 2015, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### June 30, 2014

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Broken Arrow's (the City) financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

# **Financial Highlights**

- For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the City's total net position increased by \$7,414,857 or 2.51% from the prior year's restated net position.
- ➤ During the year, the City's expenses for governmental activities were \$64,324,606 and were funded by program revenues of \$16,642,159, and further funded with taxes and other general revenues that totaled \$59,377,544.
- ➤ In the City's business-type activities, such as utilities, total program expenses exceeded revenues by \$4,873,746.
- At June 30, 2014, the General Fund reported a total fund balance of \$7,234,982, as compared to the prior year balance of \$7,392,311. Fund balance of \$1,547,333 has been restricted for debt service.
- For budgetary reporting purposes, the General Fund reported revenues less than estimates in the amount of \$363,520, or 0.74%, while expenditures were under the final appropriations by \$2,174,793 or 4.19%.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the City and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34. Included in this report are government-wide statements for each of two categories of activities – governmental and business-type. The government-wide financial statements present the complete financial picture of the City from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities and business-type activities separately and combined. These statements include all assets of the City (including infrastructure capital assets) as well as all liabilities (including all long-term debt).

## Reporting the City as a Whole

#### The statement of net position and the statement of activities

One of the most frequently asked questions about the City's finances is "Has the City's overall financial condition improved, declined, or remained steady over the past year?" The statement of net position and statement of activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two government-wide statements report the City's net position and changes in net position from the prior year. You can think of the City's net position – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure the City's financial condition or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's

net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving, deteriorating, or remaining steady. However, you must consider other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the City's tax base, the condition of the City's roads, and the quality of services to assess the overall health and performance of the City.

As mentioned above, in the statement of net position and statement of activities, we divide the City into three kinds of activities:

- ➤ Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, general administration, public services and parks. Sales taxes, franchise fees, fines and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- ➤ Business-type activities The City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water, wastewater, sanitation and stormwater activities are reported here.
- ➤ Discretely presented component units These account for activities of the City's reporting entity that do not meet the criteria for blending. The City has two discretely presented component units to report which include the Broken Arrow Home Finance Authority and the Broken Arrow Hospital Authority.

#### **Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds**

#### **Fund financial statements**

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other money.

Governmental funds – Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operation and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are adequate financial resources available to be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences in results between the governmental fund financial statements in relation to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

*Proprietary funds* — When the City charges customers for services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the City, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. The City's enterprise funds are essentially the same as business-type activities in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

Fiduciary funds – When the City is responsible for assets due to a trust arrangement or other fiduciary requirement in which the assets can be used only for trust beneficiaries or other parties, the City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the City's fiduciary activities, if any, are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position (if applicable). We exclude these activities from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance operations.

# A Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole

# **Net position**

The City's combined net position increased from \$295,004,001 to \$302,418,858 between fiscal years 2014 and 2013. Looking at the net position of governmental and business-type activities separately, governmental activities increased \$11,695,097, while business-type activities decreased \$4,280,240. A comparative, condensed presentation of net position follows (reported in thousands).

	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities Total									
	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	Percentage Change			
Assets: Current and other assets Capital assets, net Other noncurrent assets	\$ 61,088 261,163	\$ 57,195 278,191	\$ 7,050 162,297 20,971	\$ (86) 172,524 21,478	\$ 68,138 423,460 20,971	\$ 57,109 450,715 21,478	(16.19)% 6.44% 2.42%			
Total assets	322,251	335,386	190,318	193,916	512,569	529,302	3.26%			
Deferred Outflows of Resources Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivative	3,177	2,867		-	3,177	2,867	(9.76)%			
<b>Liabilities:</b> Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	21,357 103,251	21,492 104,246	10,984 85,150	9,248 94,764	32,341 188,401	30,740 199,010	(4.95)% 5.63%			
Total liabilities	124,608	125,738	96,134	104,012	220,742	229,750	4.28%			
Net Position: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	149.026	166,620	90.090	91.150	239,116	257.770	7.80%			
Restricted	41,770	36,868	2,363	2,612	44,133	39,480	(10.54)%			
Unrestricted	10,024	9,027	1,731	(3,858)	11,755	5,169	(56.03)%			
Total net position	\$ 200,820	\$ 212,515	\$ 94,184	\$ 89,904	\$ 295,004	\$ 302,419	2.51%			

# **Changes in net position**

For the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the change in net position of the primary government was the result of the following (amounts are reported in thousands):

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities	To	tal	Total Percentage
	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	Change
Expenses:							
General government	\$ 9,932	\$ 10,574	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,932	\$ 10,574	6.46%
Public safety	33,706	36,747	_	· _	33,706	36,747	9.02%
Public services	7,785	8,373	_	_	7,785	8,373	7.55%
Culture and recreation	4,129	4,472	-	_	4,129	4,472	8.30%
Interest on long-term debt	4,229	4,159	-	_	4,229	4,159	(1.66)%
Water	-	-	20,839	19,459	20,839	19,459	(6.62)%
Sewer	-	-	9,185	10,317	9,185	10,317	12.32%
Sanitation	-	-	6,229	6,526	6,229	6,526	4.77%
Stormwater	-	-	4,430	4,646	4,430	4,646	4.88%
Economic development	-	-	-	4,169	-	4,169	100.00)%
Golf			1,601	1,594	1,601	1,594	(0.44)%
Total expenses	59,781	64,325	42,284	46,711	102,065	111,036	8.79%
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	10,602	11,147	39,112	39,279	49,714	50,426	1.43%
Operating grants and							
contributions	484	400	-	-	484	400	(17.36)%
Capital grants and contributions	1,254	5,095	2,664	2,558	3,918	7,653	95.33%
Total program revenues	12,340	16,642	41,776	41,837	54,116	58,479	8.06%
Net revenues (expenses)	(47,441)	(47,683)	(508)	(4,874)	(47,949)	(52,557)	9.61%
General revenues:							
Sales and use taxes	36,798	39,005	-	-	36,798	39,005	6.00%
Property taxes	12,112	12,889	-	-	12,112	12,889	6.42%
Franchise and other taxes	5,361	6,438	-	-	5,361	6,438	20.09%
Investment income (loss)	247	310	32	29	279	339	21.51%
Miscellaneous	1,440	1,301	-	-	1,440	1,301	(9.65)%
Transfers	(304)	(565)	304	565	-	-	0.00%
Total general revenues and							
transfers	55,654	59,378	336	594	55,990	59,972	7.12%
Change in net position	\$ 8,213	\$ 11,695	\$ (172)	\$ (4,280)	\$ 8,041	\$ 7,415	(7.79)%

The City's governmental activities increase in net position of \$11,695,097 represents a 5.82% positive change from the prior year net position. The business-type activities decrease in net position of \$4,280,240 represents a 4.54% negative change in net position. The results indicate the City as a whole, improved its financial condition from the prior year.

#### **Governmental activities**

To aid in understanding the statement of activities, some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different than a typical statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund balance. You will notice that expenses are listed in the first column with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a net revenue (expense). The reason for this format is to highlight the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the City's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from the general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants or contributions. All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note all taxes are classified as general revenue, even if it is restricted for a specific purpose.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the City's governmental activities were funded as follows:

Government Activities Sources									
Sales and use taxes	51.31%								
Other taxes	25.42%								
Program revenue	21.89%								
Other	1.38%								
Government Activities	Government Activities Uses								
General government	16.44%								
Public safety	57.13%								
Public services	13.02%								
Culture and recreation	6.95%								
Interest on long-term debt	6.47%								

For the year ended June 30, 2014, total expenses for governmental activities amounted to \$64,324,606. To fund these activities, taxpayers and other general revenues funded \$59,377,544 while those directly benefiting from the program funded \$5,494,822 from grants and other contributions and \$11,147,337 from charges for services.

#### Net Revenue (Expense) of Governmental Activities

	Total Exper	nse of Services	Net Revenues (Expense) of Services				
	2013	2014	2013	2014			
General government	\$ 9,932,362	\$ 10,574,125	\$ (4,917,609)	\$ (5,553,199)			
Public safety	33,706,037	36,746,774	(28,774,203)	(31,450,700)			
Public services	7,784,421	8,372,738	(5,940,217)	(2,547,907)			
Culture and recreation	4,129,417	4,471,693	(3,579,831)	(3,971,365)			
Interest on long-term debt	4,228,733	4,159,276	(4,228,733)	(4,159,276)			
Total	\$ 59,780,970	\$ 64,324,606	\$ (47,440,593)	\$ (47,682,447)			

# **Business-type activities**

In reviewing the business-type activities net revenue (expense), the following highlights should be noted:

- Total business-type activities reported net expenses of \$4,873,746 for the year ended June 30, 2014.
- Stormwater activities reported net revenues for the year ended June 30 2014, while water, sewer, sanitation, economic development and golf operations, reported net expenses of \$1,258,948, 572,998, 96,356, 4,169,326 and \$32,273, respectively.

#### Net Revenue (Expense) of Business-Type Activities

			Net Revenues (Expense)					
	Total Exper	nse of Services	of Se	rvices				
	2013	2014	2013	2014				
Water	\$ 20,838,768	\$ 19,459,059	\$ (1,946,999)	\$ (1,258,948)				
Sewer	9,184,700	10,316,761	817,010	(572,998)				
Sanitation	6,229,605	6,525,816	56,297	(96,356)				
Storm water	4,429,760	4,646,050	748,277	1,256,155				
Economic development	-	4,169,326	-	(4,169,326)				
Golf	1,600,753	1,594,049	(182,670)	(32,273)				
Total	\$ 42,283,586	\$ 46,711,061	\$ (508,085)	\$ 4,873,746)				

# A financial analysis of the City's funds

As the City completed its 2014 fiscal year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$49,218,828 or a 9.30% decrease from 2013. The combined proprietary funds reported net position of \$88,980,783 or a 5.29% decrease from 2013.

#### Other fund highlights include:

- For the year ended June 30, 2014, the General Fund's total fund balance decreased by \$157,329 or 2 13%
- The Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund's total fund balance increased by \$1,377,349 or 20.15%.
- The General Obligation Bond Funds' total fund balance decreased by \$7,018,489 or 31.83% due to the capital outlay during the year exceeding the proceeds from the issuance of debt.

#### General fund budgetary highlights

Over the course of the year, the City Council revised the General Fund budget at various times. The revised budget included an increase in overall revenue projections of 0.12% or \$77,800 and an increase in appropriations of 1.06% or \$686,500.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### Capital assets

At the end of June 30, 2014, the City had \$450,714,222 invested in capital assets, net of depreciation, including police and fire equipment, buildings, park facilities, water lines and sewer lines (see table below). This represents a net increase in net capital assets of \$27,254,927 or 6.44% over last year.

# **Primary Government Capital Assets** (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-Ty	ype Activities	Total			
	2013	2013 2014		2014	2013	2014		
Land	\$ 25,416,777	\$ 27,253,179	\$ 4,003,349	\$ 4,574,472	\$ 29,420,126	\$ 31,827,651		
Buildings	45,842,961	51,989,880	3,514,324	3,337,990	49,357,285	55,327,870		
Improvements	20,352,733	20,121,338	75,144,861	74,114,129	95,497,594	94,235,467		
Machinery and equipment	14,830,307	15,386,670	5,074,038	5,427,015	19,904,345	20,813,685		
Infrastructure	142,047,747	152,154,245	21,077,990	20,453,902	163,125,737	172,608,147		
Construction in progress	12,672,193	11,285,166	53,482,015	64,616,236	66,154,208	75,901,402		
Total assets	\$ 261,162,718	\$ 278,190,478	\$ 162,296,577	\$ 172,523,744	\$ 423,459,295	\$ 450,714,222		

This year's more significant capital asset additions included:

- Construction of new Public Safety Complex totaling \$7,599,804
- Street improvements totaling \$14,110,206
- Utility system improvements totaling \$3,360,762
- Storm water drainage improvements totaling \$611,637

Additionally, the City is currently in the process of constructing a new water treatment plant anticipated to be complete in Fiscal Year 2015 at a total cost of approximately \$60,000,000. The cost to date for the water treatment plant is included in the Construction in Progress category.

See the notes to the financial statements for more detail information on the City's capital assets and changes therein.

#### **Long-term debt**

At year end, the City had \$217,106,648 in long-term debt outstanding which represents a \$12,526,744 or 6.12% increase from prior year amount. The City's change in long-term debt by type of debt is as follows:

# **Primary Government Long-Term Debt**

	Governmental Activities					Business-Ty	pe A	ctivities	Total			
		2013		2014	2013 2014					2013		2014
Accrued compensated absences	\$	2,299,318	\$	2,549,907	\$	511,622	\$	529,699	\$	2,810,940	\$	3,079,606
Arbitrage rebate payable	Ψ	19,125	Ψ	19,125	Ψ	511,022	Ψ	527,077	Ψ	19,125	Ψ	19,125
General obligation bonds		92,070,625		93,958,621		-		_		92,070,625		93,958,621
Notes payable		16,598,037		15,023,037		77,255,009		89,373,008		93,853,046		104,396,045
Judgments payable		2,130,358		1,348,990		-		-		2,130,358		1,348,990
Automotive and general												
liability		831,000		857,000		-		-		831,000		857,000
Meter deposit liability		-		-		879,512		871,607		879,512		871,607
Claims payable		1,645,000		2,158,000		-		-		1,645,000		2,158,000
Other post employment benefit obligation		1,004,048		1,272,654						1.004.048		1,272,654
e e				1,272,034		1 226 250		1 145 000		, ,		
Capital lease obligation		-		-		1,336,250		1,145,000		1,336,250		1,145,000
Revenue bond payable		-		-		8,000,000		8,000,000		8,000,000		8,000,000
Total long-term debt	\$	116,597,511	\$1	17,187,334	\$	87,982,393	\$	99,919,314	\$	204,579,904	\$	217,106,648

See the notes to the financial statements for more detail information on the City's long-term debt and changes therein.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates**

City growth continues to present a major challenge to funding the personnel and other operating costs as well as the increased demand for infrastructure improvements. The City's General Fund is highly influenced by the receipt of sales tax Except for Fiscal Year 2010 which had a slight decrease; the City has experienced a consistent increase in sales tax collections since Fiscal Year 2003. Based on the historical growth in sales tax the City is projecting an increase in sales tax revenue of 3.5% for Fiscal Year 2015. The City continues to monitor the local and regional economy as well as the City's expenditures to prudently manage the needs and resources available.

The Municipal Authority continues to add utility customers, water, sewer, trash and stormwater, as the City grows. The Municipal Authority's Financial Plan for Fiscal Year 2015 factored in the average growth in formulating its Financial Plan.

#### **Contacting the City's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Director's Office at 220 South First Street, P.O. Box 610, Broken Arrow, Oklahoma 74013-0610 or phone at (918) 259-2400, extension 5411.

# CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units		
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,972,626	\$ 5,870,159	\$ 22,842,785	\$ 13,706		
Investments	15,951,595	6,667	15,958,262	-		
Taxes receivable	1,282,502	-	1,282,502	-		
Internal balances	12,366,115	(12,366,115)	-	-		
Due from other governments	7,563,766	-	7,563,766	-		
Accrued interest receivable	83,708	4,200	87,908	-		
Other receivables, net	2,711,322	5,534,946	8,246,268	-		
Notes receivable	-	8,000,000	8,000,000	-		
Inventories	-	839,452	839,452	-		
Other assets	263,838	24,544	288,382	-		
Investment in joint venture Capital assets:	-	13,478,072	13,478,072	-		
Land and construction in progress	38,538,345	69,190,708	107,729,053	_		
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	239,652,133	103,333,036	342,985,169	-		
Total assets	335,385,950	193,915,669	529,301,619	13,706		
Deferred outflow						
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging						
derivative	2,867,414		2,867,414			
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	2,057,845	2,092,921	4,150,766	-		
Retainage payable	266,804	142,968	409,772	-		
Accrued payroll	2,005,259	546,087	2,551,346	-		
Accrued interest payable	1,246,444	722,135	1,968,579	-		
Due to other governments	4,380	-	4,380	-		
Other payables	-	114,734	114,734	-		
Amounts held in escrow	102,543	473,995	576,538	-		
Interest rate swap	2,867,414		2,867,414			
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year	12,941,373	5,155,715	18,097,088	-		
Due in more than one year	104,245,961	94,763,599	199,009,560			
Total liabilities	125,738,023	104,012,154	229,750,177			
Net Position						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	166,619,521	91,149,621	257,769,142	-		
Restricted for:						
Capital projects	23,614,228	-	23,614,228	-		
Debt service	13,253,877	2,612,106	15,865,983	-		
Unrestricted	9,027,715	(3,858,212)	5,169,503	13,706		
Total net position	\$ 212,515,341	\$ 89,903,515	\$ 302,418,856	\$ 13,706		

# CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Functions/Programs Expenses  Primary Government:  Governmental activities:  General government \$ 10,574,12  Public safety \$ 36,746,77		Charges for Services	Co	Grants and ntributions	C	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		Compo	nent
Primary Government: Governmental activities: General government \$ 10,574,12			Co				Governmental	Business-type		Compo	nent
Primary Government: Governmental activities: General government \$ 10,574,12		Services	Co	ntributions	Co					-	
Governmental activities: General government \$ 10,574,12					CC	ontributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Unit	t
General government \$ 10,574,12											
Public safety 36 746 7'			\$	254,410	\$	-	\$ (5,553,199)	\$ -	\$ (5,553,199)	\$	-
2 0010 00101	74	5,076,389		145,213		74,472	(31,450,700)	-	(31,450,700)		-
Public services 8,372,73	38	812,895		-		5,011,936	(2,547,907)	-	(2,547,907)		-
Culture and recreation 4,471,69	93	491,537		-		8,791	(3,971,365)	-	(3,971,365)		-
Interest on long-term debt 4,159,2°	76	-		-		-	(4,159,276)	-	(4,159,276)		-
Total governmental activities 64,324,60	)6	11,147,337		399,623		5,095,199	(47,682,447)	-	(47,682,447)		-
Business-type activities:											
Water 19,459,05	59	17,262,310		-		937,801	-	(1,258,948)	(1,258,948)		-
Sewer 10,316,76	51	9,492,905		-		250,858	-	(572,998)	(572,998)		-
Sanitation 6,525,83	16	6,429,460		-		-	-	(96,356)	(96,356)		-
Stormwater 4,646,05	50	4,588,633		-		1,313,572	-	1,256,155	1,256,155		-
Economic development 4,169,32	26	_		-		_	-	(4,169,326)	(4,169,326)		-
Golf 1,594,04	<b>1</b> 9	1,505,819		-		55,957	-	(32,273)	(32,273)		-
Total business-type activities 46,711,00	51	39,279,127		-		2,558,188	-	(4,873,746)	(4,873,746)		-
Total primary government \$ 111,035,66	57 \$	50,426,464	\$	399,623	\$	7,653,387	\$ (47,682,447)	\$ (4,873,746)	\$ (52,556,193)	\$	-
General Revenues:											
Taxes:											
Property taxes							12,888,460	-	12,888,460		-
Franchise and miscell	laneou	s taxes					4,687,906	-	4,687,906		-
Sales and use taxes							39,005,250	-	39,005,250		-
Hotel/motel taxes							483,424	-	483,424		-
Tobacco tax							435,206	-	435,206		-
E-911 taxes							831,248	-	831,248		-
Intergovernmental revenue	e not re	estricted to sp	pecif	ic programs			177,306	-	177,306		-
Investment income (loss)							309,859	28,473	338,332		10
Miscellaneous							1,123,918	-	1,123,918		-
Transfers - internal activities							(565,033)	565,033	-		-
Total general revenues and tran	sfers						59,377,544	593,506	59,971,050		10
Change in net position							11,695,097	(4,280,240)	7,414,857		10
Net position, beginning of year							200,820,244	94,183,757	295,004,001	13	3,696
Net position, end of year							\$ 212,515,341	\$ 89,903,517	\$ 302,418,858	\$ 13	3,706

# **BALANCE SHEET**

# GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# **JUNE 30, 2014**

	General Fund	Sales Tax Capital provement Fund	0	2004 General bligation ond Fund	(	2008 General Obligation ond Fund	2011 General Obligation Bond Fund	Debt Service Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 185,811	\$ 84,066	\$	433,888	\$	5,048,319	\$ 3,596,585	\$ 3,140,592	\$	3,104,456	\$	15,593,717
Investments	-	-		-		-	7,500,000	7,441,595		1,010,000		15,951,595
Taxes receivable, net	280,765	-		-		-	-	1,001,737		-		1,282,502
Due from other funds	4,676,690	7,066,115		-		-	-	-		3,950,000		15,692,805
Receivable from other governments	5,821,624	1,589,824		-		-	-	-		152,318		7,563,766
Accrued interest receivable	-	-		-		-	74,096	9,014		598		83,708
Other receivables, net	7,583,109	-		-		-	-	-		165,045		7,748,154
Prepaid expenses	13,838	250,000		-		-				-		263,838
Total assets	\$ 18,561,837	\$ 8,990,005	\$	433,888	\$	5,048,319	\$ 11,170,681	\$ 11,592,938	\$	8,382,417	\$	64,180,085
Liabilities and Fund Balances												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$ 314,709	\$ 288,330	\$	186	\$	588,425	\$ 689,691	\$ -	\$	109,055	\$	1,990,396
Retainage payable	-	-		-		71,245	195,559	-		-		266,804
Accrued payroll	2,005,259	-		-		-	-	-		-		2,005,259
Accrued interest payable	-	-		-		-	-	25,260		-		25,260
Due to other funds	2,170,429	-		-		-	-	-		6,261		2,176,690
Payable to other governments	4,380	-		-		-	-	-		-		4,380
Amounts held in escrow	102,543	-		-		-	-	-		293,112		395,655
Total liabilities	4,597,320	288,330		186		659,670	885,250	25,260		408,428		6,864,444
Deferred inflows of resources	•											
Deferred revenue	6,729,535	489,903		-		-	74,096	646,134		157,145		8,096,813
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable	-	-		-		-	-	-		-		-
Restricted	1,547,333	8,211,772		433,702		4,388,649	10,211,335	10,921,544		5,057,121		40,771,456
Committed	-	-		-		-	-	-		2,756,239		2,756,239
Assigned	5,687,649	-		-		-	-	-		3,484		5,691,133
Unassigned		-		-		-				-		
Total fund balances	7,234,982	8,211,772		433,702		4,388,649	10,211,335	10,921,544		7,816,844		49,218,828
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	\$ 18,561,837	\$ 8,990,005	\$	433,888	\$	5,048,319	\$ 11,170,681	\$ 11,592,938	\$	8,382,417	\$	64,180,085

# BALANCE SHEET

# **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

# **JUNE 30, 2014**

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position:

Total fund balance, governmental funds	:	\$ 49,218,828
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position		278,190,478
		, ,
Certain other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures		
and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported		
in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position:	1 216 555	
Receivable from other governments  Court fines receivable	1,216,555	
Ambulance receivable	925,712 730,741	
Cemetery receivable	28,995	
Street light fee	30,362	
Interest receivable	83,710	
Miscellaneous receivables	43,906	
Wiscentificous receivables	+3,700	3,059,981
Certain assets are not reported in the funds on the modified		3,037,701
accrual basis of accounting, however, at the government-wide		
financial statements are reported due to the accrual basis of		
accounting:		
Deferred outflow - interest rate swap		2,867,414
Certain special revenue funds are used by management to perform business-type		
activities. The assets and liabilities of these special revenue funds are included		
in the business-type activities on the Statement of Net Position:	(222 020)	
Excess Capacity Sewer Fund	(332,930)	
Stormwater Capital Fund	(589,802)	(022.722)
The assets and liabilities of certain internal services funds are not included in this fund		(922,732)
financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position		(2,053,350)
Statement of Net I ostion		(2,055,550)
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not included		
in this fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities		
of the Statement of Net Position:		
General obligation bonds payable	(93,958,621)	
Notes payable	(15,023,037)	
Accrued compensated absences	(2,549,907)	
Accrued interest payable	(1,221,184)	
Interest rate swap liability	(2,867,414)	
Automotive and general liability	(857,000)	
Judgments payable	(1,348,990)	
Arbitrage rebate payable	(19,125)	
	_	(117,845,278)
Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	<u></u>	\$ 212,515,341

# CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE	730	. 2014
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	General Fund	Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund	2004 General Obligation Bond Fund	2008 General Obligation Bond Fund	2011 General Obligation Bond Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:								
Property tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,889,543	\$ -	\$ 12,889,543
Sales and use taxes	32,820,837	6,184,413	-	-	-	-	-	39,005,250
Franchise and miscellaneous taxes	4,243,412	-	-	-	-	-	483,424	4,726,836
Licenses and permits	1,060,822	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,060,822
Intergovernmental	395,538	8,791	-	-	-	-	1,234,417	1,638,746
Charges for services	6,784,363	-	-	-	-	-	1,978,295	8,762,658
Fees and fines	2,072,320	-	-	-	-	-	25,748	2,098,068
Rental income	1,060,394	-	-	-	=	-	-	1,060,394
Interest income	17,355	8,915	995	10,724	111,859	142,754	5,385	297,987
Miscellaneous	73,839	11,293	-	-	-	-	290,292	375,424
Total revenues	48,528,880	6,213,412	995	10,724	111,859	13,032,297	4,017,561	71,915,728
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government	8,098,381	-	-	-	-	-	391,690	8,490,071
Public safety	33,837,646	-	-	-	-	-	160,673	33,998,319
Public services	2,844,630	-	-	-	-	-	350,665	3,195,295
Parks and recreation	3,219,650	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,219,650
Debt service:								
Principal	830,000	745,000	-	-	-	8,980,889	-	10,555,889
Interest and other charges	918,200	39,010	-	-	-	3,312,343	-	4,269,553
Capital outlay		4,076,509	165,528	4,347,533	12,386,658	-	1,436,059	22,412,287
Total expenditures	49,748,507	4,860,519	165,528	4,347,533	12,386,658	12,293,232	2,339,087	86,141,064
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,219,627)	1,352,893	(164,533)	(4,336,809)	(12,274,799)	739,065	1,678,474	(14,225,336)
Other financing sources (uses):	'							_
Proceeds from long-term debt, net	-	-	-	3,700,000	6,200,000	-	-	9,900,000
Bond premium	-	-	-	-	-	96,077	-	96,077
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	(62,488)	(79,860)	-	-	(142,348)
Transfers in	14,141,417	24,456	-	-	-	-	-	14,165,873
Transfers out	(13,079,119)	-	-	-	-	(142,754)	(1,620,000)	(14,841,873)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	1,062,298	24,456	-	3,637,512	6,120,140	(46,677)	(1,620,000)	9,177,729
Net change in fund balances	(157,329)	1,377,349	(164,533)	(699,297)	(6,154,659)	692,388	58,474	(5,047,607)
Fund balances, beginning of year	7,392,311	6,834,423	598,235	5,087,946	16,365,994	10,229,156	7,758,370	54,266,435
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 7,234,982		\$ 433,702	\$ 4,388,649	\$ 10,211,335	\$ 10,921,544	\$ 7,816,844	\$ 49,218,828

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

# GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of governmental funds to the Statement of Activities:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ (5,047,607)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the

Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets and bond issue costs as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation and amortization expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:

Capital asset purchases capitalized 22,208,342

Net effect of various transactions affecting capital assets (i.e. sales, transfers, etc.) (17,385)

Bond premium capitalized (96,077)

Amortization of bond premium 13,081

Depreciation expense (8,331,256)

13,776,705

Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned.

3,885,577

Governmental funds report bond proceeds as current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such issuance of debt as a liability. Governmental funds report repayment of bond principal as an expenditure. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.

551,367

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Accrued interest not reflected on governmental funds
Accrued compensated absences not reflected on governmental funds
Claims

(179,393)

Certain special revenue funds are used by management to perform business-type activities. The net change in fund balances of these special revenue funds are included in the business-type activities on the

Statement of Activities: Excess Capacity Sewer Fund

Stormwater Capital Fund

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities

(690,337)

97,196

(250,589)

(26,000)

(214,800)

(475,537)

activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.

11,695,097

(601,215)

Change in net position of governmental activities

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# PROPRIETARY FUNDS

# **JUNE 30, 2014**

Broken

	Broken Arrow Municipal Authority	Arrow Economic Development Authority	Battle Creek Golf Course	Total Proprietary Funds	Internal Service Funds
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 87,223	\$ 112,938	\$ 158,455	\$ 358,616	\$ 1,444,753
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,862,050	-	-	1,862,050	-
Investments	6,667	-	-	6,667	-
Accounts receivable, net	5,530,332	-	4,614	5,534,946	-
Due from other funds	2,635,473	-	-	2,635,473	-
Interest receivable	-	4,200	-	4,200	-
Inventories	776,954	-	62,498	839,452	-
Prepaid assets	20,500	<del>-</del>	4,044	24,544	
Total current assets	10,919,199	117,138	229,611	11,265,948	1,444,753
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	3,132,813	450,836	-	3,583,649	-
Notes receivable	-	8,000,000	-	8,000,000	-
Restricted interest receivable	-	-	-	-	-
Investment in joint venture	13,478,072	-	-	13,478,072	-
Capital assets:	66 721 046	2 220 005	220 (77	60 100 700	
Land and other nondepreciable assets	66,731,046	2,229,985	229,677	69,190,708	-
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	98,522,892	193,114	4,617,030	103,333,036	
Total noncurrent assets	181,864,823	10,873,935	4,846,707	197,585,465	1 444 752
Total assets	192,784,022	10,991,073	5,076,318	208,851,413	1,444,753
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:	1 712 602	109 277	271.052	2,002,021	67.440
Accounts payable Retainage payable	1,712,692	108,277 8,089	271,952	2,092,921	67,449
Accrued payroll	134,879 546,087	8,089	-	142,968 546,087	-
Accrued interest payable	664,160	57,975		722,135	_
Due to other funds	12,170,429	3,300,000	681,159	16,151,588	_
Other accrued expenses	12,170,42)	3,300,000	114,734	114,734	_
Amounts held in escrow	180,883	_	-	180,883	_
Compensated absences	353,133	-	_	353,133	-
Claims and judgments	-	-	-	-	283,000
Customer meter deposit reserves	174,321	-	-	174,321	· <u>-</u>
Bonds, notes and loans payable, net	3,998,261	375,000	-	4,373,261	-
Capital lease obligation	255,000			255,000	
Total current liabilities	20,189,845	3,849,341	1,067,845	25,107,031	350,449
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences	176,566	-	-	176,566	-
Claims and judgments	-	-	-	-	3,147,654
Customer meter deposit reserves	697,286	-	-	697,286	-
Bonds, notes and loans payable, net	76,014,747	16,985,000	-	92,999,747	-
Capital lease oligation	890,000			890,000	
Total noncurrent liabilities	77,778,599	16,985,000		94,763,599	3,147,654
Total liabilities	97,968,444	20,834,341	1,067,845	119,870,630	3,498,103
Net Position					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	84,095,930	2,423,099	4,630,592	91,149,621	-
Restricted for debt service	2,311,462	450,836	-	2,762,298	-
Unrestricted	8,408,186	(12,717,203)	(622,119)	(4,931,136)	(2,053,350)
Total net position	\$ 94,815,578	\$ (9,843,268)	\$ 4,008,473	88,980,783	\$ (2,053,350)
Amounts reported for business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:  Certain special revenue funds are used by management to perfe					
activities. The assets and liabilities of certain special reven				000 -00	
in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Positi	on.			922,732	
Total net position per government-wide financial statements				\$ 89,903,515	

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

# PROPRIETARY FUNDS

# YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Broken

		Broken			
	Broken	Arrow	Battle		
	Arrow	Economic	Creek	Total	Internal
	Municipal	Development	Golf	Proprietary	Service
	Authority	Authority	Course	Funds	Funds
Operating revenues:					
Water charges	\$ 16,105,552	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,105,552	\$ -
Sewer charges	8,856,815	-	-	8,856,815	_
Sanitation charges	5,998,650	-	-	5,998,650	-
Stormwater fees	3,720,772	-	-	3,720,772	-
Fees and fines	776,128	-	-	776,128	-
Golf	-	-	1,500,579	1,500,579	-
Miscellaneous	495,073	1,033,503	5,240	1,533,816	42,947
Self insurance charges					7,915,513
Total operating revenues	35,952,990	1,033,503	1,505,819	38,492,312	7,958,460
Operating expenses:					
General government	1,143,869	690,858	_	1,834,727	_
Finance and administration	926,305	070,030	_	926,305	_
Engineering and construction	1,858,753	_	_	1,858,753	_
Water distribution	11,596,510	_	_	11,596,510	_
Sanitary sewer system	4,940,728	_	_	4,940,728	_
Sanitation services	4,756,924	_	_	4,756,924	_
Support services	2,663,587	4,169,326	_	6,832,913	_
Stormwater	2,390,218	1,100,520	_	2,390,218	_
Claims expense	2,370,210	_	_	2,370,210	8,560,039
Golf	_	_	1,449,590	1,449,590	-
Depreciation	6,455,960	9,641	141,829	6,607,430	_
Total operating expenses	36,732,854	4,869,825	1,591,419	43,194,098	8,560,039
Operating income (loss)	(779,864)	(3,836,322)	(85,600)	(4,701,786)	(601,579)
	(117,004)	(3,030,322)	(65,000)	(4,701,700)	(001,577)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Interest and investment revenue	8,927	19,230	113	28,270	364
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	(35,816)	-	-	(35,816)	-
Gain (loss) from joint venture	(700,891)	-	-	(700,891)	-
issuance costs	(2.552.205)	(225.241)	(2.620)	(2.700.256)	
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(2,552,385)	(225,241)	(2,630)	(2,780,256)	
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(3,280,165)	(206,011)	(2,517)	(3,488,693)	364
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(4,060,029)	(4,042,333)	(88,117)	(8,190,479)	(601,215)
Capital contributions	2,598,912	-	55,956	2,654,868	-
Transfers in	12,378,663	715,033	-	13,093,696	-
Transfers out	(12,528,663)			(12,528,663)	
Change in net position	(1,611,117)	(3,327,300)	(32,161)	(4,970,578)	(601,215)
Total net position, beginning of year	96,426,695	(6,515,968)	4,040,634	93,951,361	(1,452,135)
Total net position, end of year	\$ 94,815,578	\$ (9,843,268)	\$ 4,008,473	\$ 88,980,783	\$ (2,053,350)
Change in net position, per above	<del></del>			\$ (4,970,578)	
Amounts reported for business-type activities in the Statement				Ψ (4,270,370)	
of Activities are difference because:					
Certain special revenue funds are used by management					
to perform business-type activities. The activities of					
certain special revenue funds are included in the					
business-type activities in the Statement of Activities.				690,338	
**				370,330	
Change in business-type activities in net position per government-wide financial statements				\$ (4.280.240)	
government-wide imancial statements				\$ (4,280,240)	

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

# PROPRIETARY FUNDS

# YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Broken			
	Broken	Arrow	Battle		
	Arrow	Economic	Creek	Total	Internal
	Municipal	Development	Golf	Proprietary	Service
	Authority	Authority	Course	Funds	Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Receipts from customers	\$ 36,005,976	\$ 1,033,503	\$ 1,502,267	\$ 38,541,746	\$ 8,117,547
Payments to employees	(12,162,933)	ψ 1,033,303 -	ψ 1,502,207 -	(12,162,933)	Φ 0,117,517
Payments to suppliers	(14,819,939)	(4,382,997)	(1,215,254)	(20,418,190)	(7,745,604)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	9,023,104	(3,349,494)	287,013	5,960,623	371,943
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities					
Transfers in from other funds	12,378,663	715,033	_	13,093,696	_
Transfers out to other funds	(12,528,663)	-	_	(12,528,663)	_
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital	(12,320,003)			(12,320,003)	
	(150,000)	715 022		565,022	
financing activities	(150,000)	715,033		565,033	
<b>Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities</b>					
Proceeds of borrowings for capital purposes	10,970,948	3,330,200	-	14,301,148	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	50,222	-	-	50,222	-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(14,817,932)	-	(229,025)	(15,046,957)	-
Principal paid on bonds and notes	(2,019,400)	(355,000)	-	(2,374,400)	-
Interest paid on bonds and notes	(2,383,185)	(209,569)	(2,630)	(2,595,384)	
Net cash used in capital and related					
financing activities	(8,199,347)	2,765,631	(231,655)	(5,665,371)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Investment income	8,927	19,077	113	28,117	364
(Increase) decrease in investments	52,861	, -	-	52,861	-
Investment in joint venture	(530,193)	-	-	(530,193)	-
Net cash provided by investing activities	(468,405)	19,077	113	(449,215)	364
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	205,352	150,247	55,471	411,070	372,307
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	4,876,734	413,527	102,984	5,393,245	1,072,446
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 5,082,086	\$ 563,774	\$ 158,455	\$ 5,804,315	\$ 1,444,753

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

# PROPRIETARY FUNDS (continued)

# YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Broken Arrow Municipal Authority	Broken Arrow Economic Development Authority	Battle Creek Golf Course	Total Proprietary Funds	Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash					
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (779,864)	\$ (3,836,322)	\$ (85,600)	\$ (4,701,786)	\$ (601,579)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash					
provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation	6,455,960	9,641	141,829	6,607,430	-
Change in assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable	52,986	-	(3,551)	49,435	159,087
Due from other funds	(115,400)	-	-	(115,400)	-
Inventories	57,573	-	1,214	58,787	-
Prepaid assets	-	-	(1,433)	(1,433)	-
Accounts payable	(2,350,150)	(122,578)	(52,899)	(2,525,627)	32,829
Retainage payable	(1,849,054)	(235)	-	(1,849,289)	-
Accrued payroll	88,661	-	-	88,661	-
Due to other funds	7,410,400	600,000	216,115	8,226,515	-
Other payables		-	71,338	71,338	-
Amounts held in escrow	41,820	-	-	41,820	-
Compensated absences	18,077	-	-	18,077	-
Customer meter deposit reserves	(7,905)	-	-	(7,905)	-
Claims and judgments	-	-	-	-	781,606
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 9,023,104	\$ (3,349,494)	\$ 287,013	\$ 5,960,623	\$ 371,943
Noncash Activities					
Contributed capital assets	\$ 2,598,912	\$ -	\$ 55,956	\$ 2,654,868	\$ -

# CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION COMPONENT UNITS JUNE 30, 2014

	E	Broken				
	1	Arrow	Broken			
	]	Home	-	Arrow		
	F	inance	Hospital			
	Αι	ıthority	A	uthority	,	Totals
Assets		•				
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,786	\$	10,920	\$	13,706
Total assets		2,786		10,920		13,706
Net position - unrestricted	\$	2,786	\$	10,920	\$	13,706

# CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION COMPONENT UNITS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	В	roken				
	A	Arrow	E	Broken		
	I	Home	1	Arrow		
	F	inance	Н	lospital		
	Au	thority	Authority		Totals	
Charges for services	\$		\$		\$	
Nonoperating revenues:						
Interest and investment revenue				10		10
Total nonoperating revenues				10		10
Change in net position		_		10		10
Total net position, beginning of year		2,786		10,910		13,696
Total het position, beginning of year		2,780		10,910		13,090
Total net position, end of year	\$	2,786	\$	10,920	\$	13,706

# CITY OF BROKEN ARROW STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	Agency Funds
Assets	ф. д.ю.дед
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 740,757 90,819
Total assets	\$ 831,576
Liabilities	
Amounts held in escrow	\$ 831,576
Total liabilities	\$ 831,576

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **INDEX**

# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization and operations	25
Financial reporting entity	25
Blended component units	
Discretely presented component units	27
Related organizations	27
Joint venture	28
Basis of presentation	28
Measurement focus and basis of accounting	31
Assets, liabilities and net position	32
Internal and interfund balances and activities	
Revenues, expenditures and expenses	36
Use of estimates	
Note 2 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability	
Deposits and investments laws and regulations	
Debt restrictions and covenants	
Fund equity/net position restrictions	
Budgetary compliance	39
Note 3 – Detail Notes on Transaction Classes/Accounts	
Deposits	40
Accounts receivable	41
Note receivable	41
Restricted assets	42
Capital assets	42
Investment in joint venture	44
Long-term debt	4
Interfund balances and activities	51
Fund balances and net position	52
Note 4 – Employee Pension and Other Benefit Plans	52
Note 5 – Risk Management	56
Note 6 – Commitments and Contingencies	58
Note 7 – Subsequent Events	59

# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# Organization and operations

The City's accounting and financial reporting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

# Financial reporting entity

The City's financial reporting entity is comprised of the following:

Primary Government: City of Broken Arrow

Blended Component Units: Broken Arrow Municipal Authority

Broken Arrow Economic Development

Authority

Discretely Presented Component Units: Broken Arrow Home Finance Authority

**Broken Arrow Hospital Authority** 

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* and includes all component units of which the City is fiscally accountable. Each of these component units are Public Trusts established pursuant to Title 60 of Oklahoma State law. Public Trusts (Authorities) have no taxing power. The Authorities are generally created to finance city services through issuance of revenue bonds or other nongeneral obligation debt and to enable the City Council to delegate certain functions to the governing body (Trustees) of the Authority. The Authorities generally retain title to assets which are acquired or constructed with Authority debt or other Authority generated resources. In addition, in most cases, the City has leased certain existing assets at the creation of the Authorities to the trustees on a long-term basis. The City, as beneficiary of the Public Trusts, receives title to any residual assets when a Public Trust is dissolved.

#### Blended component units

Blended component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above and whose governing body is the same or substantially the same as the City council or the component unit provides services entirely to the City. These component units' funds are blended into those of the City's by appropriate fund type to comprise part of the primary government presentation.

Two component units are blended in to the primary government's fund types as presented below:

Component Unit	Brief Description/Inclusion Criteria	Reporting Fund
Broken Arrow Municipal Authority (BAMA)	Created July 1, 1979, to finance, develop and operate the water, sewer and solid waste activities. The current City Council serves as its entire governing body (Trustees). Any issuance of debt would require a two-thirds approval of the City Council.	Enterprise Fund
Broken Arrow Economic Development Authority (BAEDA)	Created November 19, 1973, to promote and encourage development of industry and commerce and other related activities on behalf of the City. Five trustees are appointed by the City Council and may be removed at will by the City Council. During 2008, the current City Council began serving as its entire governing body (Trustees). As a result, BAEDA is presented as a blended component unit, whereas in years prior to 2008, it was presented as a discretely presented component unit. Any issuance of debt would require two-thirds approval of the City Council.	Enterprise Fund

# Discretely presented component units

Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above but do not meet the criteria for blending. The City has two component units that are discretely presented in the City's report as presented below.

#### Component Unit

#### Brief Description/Inclusion Criteria

Broken Arrow Home Finance Authority (BAHFA)

Created May 9, 1980, to provide, improve and secure decent safe and sanitary housing facilities, especially for low to moderate income families and to prevent blight, hazardous and unhealthy housing conditions. The governing body consists of five members appointed by the City Council. One of these members must also serve on the City Council. The governing body members may be removed at will by the City Council. Any issuance of debt would require a two-thirds approval of the City Council.

Broken Arrow Hospital Authority (BAHA)

Created May 1, 1974, to construct, maintain and operate the hospital and medical facilities of the City. Trustees are appointed by the City Council from a list supplied by the hospital board. They may be removed at will by the City Council. Any issuance of debt would require a two-thirds approval of the City Council.

The Broken Arrow Home Finance Authority and the Broken Arrow Hospital Authority did not issue separate annual financial statements.

# Related organizations

The following related organizations are not included in the financial reporting entity:

<u>Broken Arrow Housing Development Corporation</u> – a nonstock, nonprofit corporation acting as an instrumentality of the City for the purpose of assisting in financial dwelling accommodations for persons of low income. The Corporation issued first lien revenue bonds after approval by the City Council. The bonds do not constitute debt of the City and are secured by revenues received from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development. The revenues represent monthly housing assistance payments for project units occupied by eligible low income tenants.

<u>Broken Arrow Economic Development Corporation</u> – a nonstock, nonprofit corporation acting as an instrumentality of the City for the purpose of assisting in economic development.

<u>Broken Arrow Industrial Trust Authority</u> – A Title 60 Public Trust created November 1, 1962, to own, acquire, construct, improve, maintain and operate facilities used in securing or developing industry in the City. The City Manager serves as trustee along with two appointees made by the Broken Arrow Chamber of Commerce. This trust currently is inactive.

#### Joint venture

The City is currently a participant (with equity interest) in the general operating portion of the Regional Metropolitan Utility Authority (RMUA). The RMUA is a Title 60 Public Trust created to provide, operate, and maintain water supply, wastewater and pollution control facilities for the benefit of various governmental entities. Currently, the Authority is providing wastewater facilities (Haikey Creek and Rolling Hills sewage treatment plants) and is conducting studies for future facilities. On dissolution of the Authority, the net position will be distributed to the beneficiaries based upon their pro-rata interest. Separate audited financial statements of RMUA for the year ended June 30, 2014, are available from the Office of Finance, City of Tulsa, Oklahoma.

#### Basis of presentation

## Government-wide financial statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the City as a whole including component units. They include all financial activities of the reporting entity except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double reporting of transactions involving internal activities. Individual funds are not displayed in these statements. Instead, the statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between the expenses and program revenues directly associated with the different governmental functions and business-type activities to arrive at the net revenue or expense of the function or activity prior to the use of taxes and other general revenues. Program revenues include 1) fees, fines and service charges generated by the program or activity, 2) operating grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of the program or activity, and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the capital requirements of the program or activity.

#### Fund financial statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Separate financial statements are presented for the three major fund categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. An emphasis of the fund financial statements is placed on major governmental and enterprise funds. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

c. A fund not meeting the criteria of (a) and (b), however, management has elected to report the fund as a major fund due to its significance to users of the financial statements.

All remaining governmental and enterprise funds not meeting the above criteria are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

# Governmental funds:

# General fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

### Special revenue funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or administratively restricted to expenditures for certain purposes. The reporting entity includes the following special revenue funds:

Fund	Brief Description
Parks and Recreation	Accounts for fees collected on the construction of new residences which are restricted in use for park and recreation improvements.
Cemetery Care	Accounts for 12.5% of cemetery revenue restricted by state law and an additional 12.5% contributed by the City for cemetery capital improvement.
Crime Prevention	Accounts for revenues and expenditures of a grant from the U.S. Department of Justice.
Police Reserves	Accounts for donations to the Broken Arrow Police Officers Reserves.
Police Enhancement	Accounts for monies limited in use for police department education and drug prevention activities.
Sales Tax Capital Improvement	Accounts for the revenues generated by a 0.5% sales tax to be used strictly for capital improvements. This fund is the primary funding source for capital outlay expenditures of General Fund departments.
Housing and Urban Development	Accounts for revenue and expenditures of Community Development Block Grants and the Home program.
Street and Alley	Accounts for commercial vehicle tax and gasoline excise tax legally restricted for street and alley repairs and maintenance.
E-911 Escrow	Accounts for the City's share of E-911 customer assessment that is legally restricted for public safety.

Excess Capacity Sewer Escrow	Accounts for acreage fees limited in use to expenditures for excess capacity sewer lines.
Convention & Visitors Bureau	Accounts for a 4% tax to be used in economic development and promotion of tourism.
Stormwater Capital	Accounts for funds received in lieu of building a detention facility to be used for future or ongoing stormwater improvement and regional detention projects.
Alcohol Enforcement	Accounts for funds received limited in use for juvenile education and enforcement related to alcohol.
Street Light Fee	Accounts for funds received limited in use for operating, maintaining and construction of the street light program.

# Debt service fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for ad-valorem taxes levied by the City for use in retiring general obligation bonds, court-assessed judgments, and their related interest expense and fiscal agent fees.

# Capital project funds

Capital project funds are used to account for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items. The reporting entity includes the following capital project funds:

Fund	Brief Description
1994 Industrial Development Limited Tax Bonds	Accounts for bond proceeds to be used for industrial development purposes within the City.
2004 General Obligation Bond Fund	Accounts for bond proceeds to be used for street, public safety, park and recreation improvements and public buildings.
2008 General Obligation Bond Fund	Accounts for bond proceeds to be used for street, public safety, park and recreation and stormwater improvements.
2011 General Obligation Bond Fund	Accounts for bond proceeds to be used for street, public safety, park and recreation and stormwater improvements.

### Proprietary funds

Proprietary funds include both enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. Internal service funds are used to account for business-like activities provided and charged to other funds or entities within the reporting entity. Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund.

Nonoperating revenues of the proprietary funds include such items as investment earnings, interest expense and subsidies. The reporting entity includes the following enterprise funds and internal service funds:

### Enterprise funds

Fund	Brief Description
Broken Arrow Municipal Authority	Accounts for activities of the public trust in providing water, wastewater and solid waste services to the public.
Broken Arrow Economic Development Authority	Accounts for revenue and expenses of the public trust used to promote economic development.
Battle Creek Golf Course	Accounts for recreational activities of the municipal golf course.
Internal service funds	
Fund	Brief Description
Workers Compensation	Accounts for charges to the operating funds of the City used to pay worker's compensation claims.
Group Health and Life	Accounts for charges to the operating funds of the City used to pay the expenses of the City's shared risk group health and life insurance plans.

## Component units

Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities whose governing body (in majority) is appointed by the Mayor or City Council, but whose governing body is not substantially the same as the City Council nor an entity established to provide services primarily to the City. Since these component units are not as closely associated with the City as are the blended component units, they are reported in a discretely presented column on the combined financial statements labeled Component Units. The reporting entity includes the following discretely presented component units:

Component Unit	Brief Description
Broken Arrow Home Finance Authority	Accounts for revenue and expenses of the public trust used to assist in providing single family, owner occupied residential housing facilities.
Broken Arrow Hospital Authority	Accounts for revenue and expenses of the public trust used in establishing and developing healthcare facilities.

#### Measurement focus and basis of accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe how transactions are recorded within the financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### Measurement focus:

Government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, and the proprietary and fiduciary fund statements the *economic resources* measurement focus is applied. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported.

#### Governmental fund financial statements

In the governmental fund financial statements, a *current financial resources* measurement focus is applied. Under this focus, only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

# Basis of accounting:

Government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, and the proprietary fund financial statements the accrual basis of accounting is applied. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

#### Governmental fund financial statements

In the governmental fund financial statements, the modified accrual basis of accounting is applied. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when *measurable and available*. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City has defined "available" as collected within 60 days after year end. Sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, hotel/motel taxes, court fines and interest are considered susceptible to accrual. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general long-term debt principal and interest, claims and judgments, and accrued compensated absences, which are recorded as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Proceeds of general long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financial sources.

#### Assets, liabilities and net position

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposits or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less. Investments in open-ended, mutual-fund money-market accounts are also considered cash equivalents and reported at the funds current share price.

#### Investments

Investments consist of certificates of deposit whose original maturing term exceeds three months and U.S. government securities. Investment in long-term U.S. government securities are carried at fair value from quoted market prices. All other investments are carried at cost or amortized cost.

#### Receivables

Material receivables in governmental funds and governmental activities include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues, since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible, but not available, are deferred in accordance with GASB 33. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned, only if paid within 60 days, since they would be considered both measurable and available at the fund level.

Proprietary type funds, business-type activities and similar component unit's material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable and interest earnings comprise the majority of proprietary fund receivables. Component unit material receivables consist of notes receivable of the Broken Arrow Economic Development Authority from industrial occupants used entirely as security for retirement of the Authority's long-term debt.

Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

#### Inventories

The City has chosen to record consumable materials and supplies as an asset when purchased and expended as consumed. Such inventory is valued at cost.

#### Capital assets and depreciation

The accounting treatment of property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund type or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

#### Government-wide statements

In government-wide financial statements, property, plant and equipment are accounted for as capital assets. The City's capitalization threshold is \$5,000 for all capital assets with the exception of the Battle Creek Golf Course which has a threshold of \$2,500. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. General infrastructure assets (such as roads, bridges, and traffic systems) acquired prior to July 1, 2002, are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement costs. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs to these assets that do not add materially to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' useful lives are not capitalized. Interest costs, net of interest earned on any invested capital debt proceeds, are capitalized when incurred by proprietary funds.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an operating expense in proprietary fund financial statements and an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives

using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	25 - 50 years
Other improvements	10-50 years
Infrastructure	25 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment	3-20 years

In the governmental fund financial statements, capital assets acquired are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures.

#### Restricted assets

Restricted assets include cash and investments of enterprise funds and business-type activities that are legally restricted as to their use. The primary restricted assets are related to utility customer deposits and revenue bond and Oklahoma Water Resources Board (OWRB) trustee accounts.

#### Long-term debt

Accounting treatment of long-term debt varies depending upon the source of repayment and the measurement focus applied, and whether the debt is reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental activities, business-type activities, proprietary fund and component unit resources are reported as liabilities as incurred. The long-term debt consists primarily of accrued compensated absences, judgments payable, arbitrage rebate liability, liability for claims, general obligation bonds payable, notes payable, capital lease obligations payable, revenue notes payable and revenue bonds payable. This long-term debt is reported net of unamortized premiums, discounts, and amounts deferred from refundings.

Long-term debt of governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures.

#### Compensated absences

The City's policies regarding vacation and compensatory time permit employees to accumulate varying amounts as determined by management and contracts with employee groups. Sick leave does not vest to the employee.

The estimated liabilities for vested benefits also include salary-related payments such as employment taxes. Compensated absences are reported as accrued in the government-wide, proprietary, fiduciary and component unit financial statements. Governmental funds report only the matured compensated absences payable to currently terminating employees.

#### Equity classifications:

*Government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements* 

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

It is the City's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

#### Governmental fund financial statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as defined in Governmental Accounting Board Standard Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. These classifications are:

- 1. Nonspendable amounts not in spendable form, such as inventory or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- 2. Restricted amounts constrained to be being used for a specific purpose by either external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed amounts with constraint on use imposed by the government itself, using its highest level of decision making authority that can be removed or changed only by taking the same action
- 4. Assigned amounts intended to be used for specific purposes as expressed by the governing body or official authorized by the governing body.
- 5. Unassigned amounts available for any purpose.

#### Internal and interfund balances and activities

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

#### Government-wide financial statements:

- 1. Interfund balances amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statement of Net Position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as internal balances.
- 2. Internal activities amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as transfers internal activities. The effects of interfund services between funds are not eliminated in the statement of activities.

3. Primary government and component unit activity and balances – resource flows between the primary government, the City and BAMA, are reported as if they were external transactions.

#### Fund financial statements

Interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental, proprietary fund and fiduciary categories is reported as follows in the fund financial statements:

- 1. Interfund loans amounts provided with a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund receivables and payables.
- 2. Interfund services sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses.
- 3. Interfund reimbursements repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements but as adjustments to expenditures/expenses in the respective funds.
- 4. Interfund transfers flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected are reported as transfers in and out.

#### Revenues, expenditures and expenses

#### Sales tax

The City presently levies a three-cent sales tax on taxable sales within the City. The sales tax is collected by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and remitted to the City in the month following receipt by the Tax Commission. The sales tax recorded is allocated 50% for General Fund operations, 33% for the Broken Arrow Municipal Authority and 17% for capital improvements. Sales tax resulting from sales occurring prior to year end and received by the City after year end have been accrued and are included under the caption *due from other governments*, since they represent taxes on sales occurring during the reporting period.

#### Property tax

Under State law, municipalities are limited in their ability to levy a property tax. Such tax may only be levied to repay principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt approved by voters and any court-assessed judgments. At the present time, the City levies a property tax to fund the annual debt service requirements of the general obligation bonds and court-assessed judgments.

The property tax levy, as determined by the City's debt service needs, is submitted to the County Excise Board for approval. County assessors, elected officials, determine the taxable value of real estate and personal property in the County. A State Board of Equalization hears complaints on real estate values with the power to equalize assessments. Under present State law, the ratio of assessed value to true value cannot be less than 11% or more than 13.5%.

Property taxes levied by the City are billed and collected by the County Treasurer's Office and remitted to the City in the month following collection. Property taxes are levied normally in October and are due in equal installments on December 31 and March 31. Property taxes unpaid for the fiscal year are attached by an enforceable lien on property in the following October. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the City's

net assessed valuation of taxable property was \$744,792,427. The taxes levied by the City per \$1,000 of net assessed valuation for the year ended June 30, 2014, was \$17.32.

#### Program revenues

In the statement of activities, revenues are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the City's taxpayers and are reported as program revenues. The City has the following program revenues in each activity:

- 1. General government Cemetery fees, licenses and permits, planning and zoning fees; operating and capital grants and contributions include U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- 2. Public safety Ambulance revenue, court fines and administrative fees; operating and capital grants and contributions include U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Emergency Management Agency and miscellaneous donations.
- 3. Public services Operating and capital grants and contributions include Federal Emergency Management Agency, U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, motor fuel and commercial vehicle intergovernmental revenues.
- 4. Culture and recreation Park and recreation fees, swimming pool fees, rents and royalties; operating and capital grants and contributions include Oklahoma Arts Council and miscellaneous donations.

#### Expenditures and expenses

In the government-wide statement of activities, expenses, including depreciation of capital assets, are reported by function or activity. In the governmental fund financial statements, expenditures are reported by class as current (further reported by function), capital outlay and debt service. In proprietary fund financial statements, expenses are reported by object or activity. Fiduciary funds report additions and deductions to net position.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures.

#### Note 2 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the City and its component units are subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations.

#### Deposits and investments laws and regulations

In accordance with State law, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral valued at the lower of market or par. Acceptable collateral includes certain U.S. Government or Government Agency securities, certain State of Oklahoma or political subdivision debt obligations or surety bonds. As required by 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial

institutions pledging collateral to the City must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee.

Investments of the City (excluding Public Trusts) are limited by State law to the following:

- 1. Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State of Oklahoma is pledged.
- 2. Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- 3. With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime banker's acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- 4. County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- 5. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- 6. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs 1, 2, 3, and 4.

Public trusts created under O.S. Title 60, are not subject to the above noted investment limitations and are primarily governed by any restrictions in their trust or bond indenture.

#### Debt restrictions and covenants

#### Other long-term debt

As required by the Oklahoma State Constitution, the City (excluding Public Trusts) may not incur any indebtedness that would require payment from resources beyond the current fiscal year revenue, without first obtaining voter approval. During Fiscal Year 2013, the City issued General Obligation Bonds Series 2013A in the amount of \$3,200,000 and Series 2013B in the amount of \$6,700,000 which were approved by the citizens of the City in 2008 and 2011 respectively.

#### Revenue bond and promissory note debt

The various bond and note indentures relating to the revenue bond and promissory note issuances of the Broken Arrow Municipal Authority contain a number of restrictions or covenants that are financial related. These include covenants such as a required flow of funds through special accounts, a debt service coverage requirement and required reserve account balances. The following schedule presents a brief summary of the most significant requirements and the Authorities' level of compliance thereon as of June 30, 2014.

#### Requirement

#### Level of Compliance

#### a. Flow of Funds:

#### **OWRB Loans:**

- Utility Revenue Fund
- Sales Tax Fund
- Operation and Maintenance Fund
- Bond Fund (interest, principal and reserve accounts)

All funds, except for a separate Utility Revenue Fund have been established. Utility revenue is deposited directly into O & M Fund. Method of actual transfers of funds is not made specifically in accordance with bond covenants; however, the end result of the flow of funds is being accomplished.

#### b. Reserve Account Requirement:

#### **OWRB Loans:**

• Account balance on the 2012 OWRB note payable should equal \$2,435,677.

Account balance at June 30, 2014 for the 2012 OWRB note payable is \$2,435,677.

#### c. Revenue Bond Coverage:

#### **OWRB Loans:**

 Net revenues of the Authority plus 125% of maximum annual debt service of all obligations on a parity with the OWRB 1997 A & C, 1999B, 2001, 2004, 2007, 2009, 2011 and 2012 notes.

• Net revenues of the Authority plus 125% of Maximum annual debt service on all parity debt maximum annual debt service of all is \$6,637,272. Coverage is 304%.

#### Fund equity/net position restrictions

#### Fund equity deficit

Title 11, section 17-211 of the Oklahoma statutes prohibits the creation of a deficit fund balance in any individual fund of the City (excluding public trusts). The City had no fund balance deficits at June 30, 2014.

#### Budgetary compliance

The City prepares its annual operating budget under the provisions of the Municipal Budget Act (the Budget Act). In accordance with those provisions, the following process is used to adopt the annual budget.

- a. Prior to June 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments. At least one public hearing must be held no later than 15 days prior to July 1.
- c. Subsequent to the public hearings, but no later than seven days prior to July 1, the budget is adopted by resolution of the City Council.
- d. By July 1, the adopted budget is filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector.

All funds of the City with revenues and expenditures are required to have annual budgets. The legal level of control at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is the departmental level.

All transfers of appropriations between departments and supplemental appropriations require City Council approval. The City Manager may transfer appropriations within a department without City Council approval. Budget supplements must also be filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector.

In accordance with Title 60 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, all of the City's Title 60 Public Trusts (accounted for as enterprise funds and similar component units) are required to prepare an annual budget and submit a copy to the City as beneficiary. However, there are no further requirements such as form of budget, approval of the budget or definition of a legal level of control.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the City complied in all material respects with the applicable budget laws relating to expenditures and appropriations at the legal level of control.

Workers compensation and Group Health and Life, internal service funds, have net deficits of \$786,319 and \$1,267,031 primarily due to actuarial determined unfunded liabilities. It is the City's intent to fund the liabilities as soon as economically feasible.

#### Note 3 – Detail Notes on Transaction Classes/Accounts

The following notes present detail information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for the City's various assets, liabilities, equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

#### **Deposits**

As of June 30, 2014, the City had the following investments:

Investment	Maturities	Fair Value
Certificates of deposit	6 to 12 months	\$5,109,272
U.S. Government securities		9,500,000
Judgments		1,348,990
Total		\$ 15,958,262

The City's policies and applicable laws regarding investments are discussed in Notes 1 and 2.

*Interest rate risk.* The City's investment policy allows the City to invest in any securities authorized by the State of Oklahoma Statutes, Title 62, Section 348.1-348.3. The City attempts to match investment maturities with expected cash flow requirements and will generally invest in securities with maturities of three years or less.

*Credit risk.* In accordance with state statute, the City is required to collateralize uninsured deposits with financial institutions with a minimum security pledge of 110% of acceptable securities. Certificates of deposit above include no under collateralized investments.

Concentration of credit risk. The City's investment policy restricts a single issuer to hold no more than 50% of the City's total investments.

Interest rate swap agreement

In May 2004, the City entered into a twenty year interest rate swap agreement as a cash flow hedge for \$15,035,000 of its variable rate portion of a Construction and Term loan. The City owes interest on this portion of the loan at a variable rate of LIBOR plus 100 basis points not to exceed 6.2975%. The counterparty to the swap agreement owes the City interest if the LIBOR rate exceeds 6.2975%. The counterparty has not made any payments to the City since the LIBOR rate has not yet exceeded 6.2975%. The objective of the hedge is to cap the interest rate paid at 6.2975% plus 100 basis points (7.2975%). The City has achieved that objective and is reporting the derivative under hedge accounting standards according to GASB 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments. The notional amount of the hedging derivative at June 30, 2014 is \$11,480,000.

The expected future net cash flows of the hedging derivative are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Assumed Interest Rate	Hedging Derivative <u>Cash Flow</u>
2015	< 6.2975%	(639,200)
2016	< 6.2975%	(594,800)
2017	< 6.2975%	(547,600)
2018	< 6.2975%	(478,800)
2019	< 6.2975%	(472,400)
2019-2024	< 6.2975%	(1,227,600)
2025-2026	< 6.2975%	(90,800)
Total	<u> </u>	\$ (4,051,200)

#### Accounts receivable

Other receivables of the governmental activities include customers' ambulance services provided, court receivables and other receivables, reported net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. Accounts receivable of the business-type activities includes customers' utilities services provided, both billed and unbilled, and other receivables, reported net of allowance for uncollectible amounts.

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Accounts receivable	\$ -	\$ 7,203,383
Accounts receivable ambulance	5,936,366	-
Accounts receivable court	1,050,685	-
Other	726,485	-
Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(5,002,214)	(1,668,437)
Other receivables, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts	\$ 2,711,322	\$ 5,534,946

#### Note receivable

The note receivable reported by the Broken Arrow Economic Development Authority totaling \$8,000,000 consists of one note with Blue Bell Creameries, Inc. The note was funded through industrial development and revenue notes and bonds for the expansion and construction of facilities and/or the purchase of equipment. The Authority entered into note purchase agreements on each project with the borrower.

#### Restricted assets

The amounts reported as restricted assets of the enterprise funds on the proprietary funds statement of net position are comprised of cash and investments held by the trustee bank on behalf of the various public trusts (authorities) related to their required revenue bond and note accounts as described in Note 2. The restricted assets as of June 30, 2014, were as follows:

	Current Cash and Cash	Noncurrent Cash and Cash	Accrued	
Type of Restricted Assets	Equivalents	Equivalents	Interest	Total
BAMA				
Revenue bond and note trustee accounts	\$ 1,687,729	\$ 2,435,527	\$ -	\$ 4,123,256
Meter deposits	174,321	697,286	-	871,607
Total BAMA	\$ 1,862,050	\$ 3,132,813	\$ -	\$ 4,994,863
BAEDA				
Revenue bond and note trustee accounts	\$ -	\$ 450,836	\$ -	\$ 450,836
Total BAEDA	\$ -	\$ 450,836	\$ -	\$ 450,836

#### Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2013	Additions	Deductions	Balance at June 30, 2014
Governmental activities:				
Nondepreciable:				
Land	\$ 23,379,277	\$ 1,836,402	\$ -	\$ 25,215,679
Land under capital lease				
obligation	2,037,500	=	=	2,037,500
Construction-in-progress	12,672,193	20,731,697	(22,118,724)	11,285,166
Total nondepreciable assets at				
historical cost	38,088,970	22,568,099	(22,118,724)	38,538,345
Depreciable:				
Buildings	55,241,703	7,352,931	(21,540)	62,573,094
Improvements	28,380,379	751,736	(184,427)	28,947,688
Machinery and equipment	32,779,97	2,712,154	(681,084)	34,810,977
Infrastructure	212,566,760	14,110,206	-	226,676,966
Total depreciable assets				
at historical cost	328,968,749	24,927,027	(887,051)	353,008,725
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	(9,398,742)	(1,195,975)	11,503	(10,583,214)
Improvements	(8,027,646)	(983,131)	184,427	(8,826,350)
Machinery and equipment	(17,949,600)	(2,148,442)	673,735	(19,424,307)
Infrastructure	(70,519,013)	(4,003,708)	-	(74,522,721)
Total accumulated depreciation	(105,895,001)	(8,331,256)	869,665	(113,356,592)
Net depreciable assets	223,073,748	16,595,771	(17,386)	239,652,133
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	\$ 261,162,718	\$ 39,163,870	\$ (22,136,110)	\$ 278,190,478

	Balance at	A 1.15.5	<b>5</b> 1 .:	Balance at
Dusings trms activities	June 30, 2013	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2014
Business-type activities: Nondepreciable:				
Land	\$ 4,003,349	\$ 571,123	\$ -	\$ 4,574,472
Construction-in-progress	53,482,015	12,652,226	(1,518,005)	64,616,236
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Total nondepreciable assets	57 ASE 26A	12 222 240	(1.510.005)	CO 100 709
at historical cost	57,485,364	13,223,349	(1,518,005)	69,190,708
Depreciable:				
Buildings	11,489,206	-	(6,600)	11,482,606
Improvements	185,650,644	3,360,762	(5,160)	189,006,246
Machinery and equipment	14,231,281	1,242,894	(830,695)	14,643,480
Infrastructure – drainage	32,847,560	611,637		33,459,197
Total depreciable assets				
at historical cost	244,218,691	5,215,293	(842,455)	248,591,529
at instolled cost	244,210,071	3,213,273	(0+2,+33)	240,371,327
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	(7,974,882)	(175,035)	5,301	(8,144,616)
Improvements	(110,505,783)	(4,388,806)	2,472	(114,892,117)
Machinery and equipment	(9,157,243)	(807,864)	748,642	(9,216,465)
Infrastructure – drainage	(11,769,570)	(1,235,725)	-	(13,005,295)
Total accumulated depreciation	(139,407,478)	(6,607,430)	756,415	(145,258,493)
Net depreciable assets	104,811,213	(1,392,137)	(86,040)	103,333,036
Business-type capital assets, net	\$ 162,296,577	\$ 11,831,212	\$ (1,604,045)	\$ 172,523,744
Depreciation expense was charged t	o functions in the	statement of acti	vities as follows:	
Depreciation expense charged to govern	nmental activities:			
General government				\$ 1,237,158
Public safety				1,491,904
Public services				4,403,640
Culture and recreation				1,198,554
Total government activities depreciation	n expense			\$ 8,331,256
Depreciation expense charged to busine	ss-type activities:			Φ <b>2.117.</b> 005
Water				\$ 2,115,806
Sewer				2,661,090
Sanitation				229,382
Stormwater management				1,459,323
Golf				141,829
Total business-type activities depreciati	on expense			\$ 6,607,430

#### Investment in joint venture

As discussed in Note 1, the City participates (with equity interest) in the general operations portion of the Regional Metropolitan Utility Authority (RMUA). The City of Broken Arrow and the City of Tulsa each maintain approximately 50% equity interest in the Haikey Creek portion of the RMUA. The City of Broken Arrow makes annual capital contributions to the joint venture in addition to making payments to RMUA for wastewater treatment services. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the "investment in joint venture" balance changed as follows:

Beginning investment in joint venture	\$12,947,879
Current year contributions	1,231,084
Gain (loss) from joint venture	(700,891)
Ending investment in joint venture	\$13,478,072

#### Long-term debt

The reporting entity's long-term debt is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental funds (governmental activities long-term debt) and amount to be repaid from proprietary funds (business-type activities debt).

Governmental activities long-term debt

As of June 30, 2014, the governmental activities long-term debt consisted of the following:

\$6,800,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2001A, due in annual installments of \$520,000, final installment of \$560,000 due July 1, 2015, with interest rates at 3.9% to 6.75%	\$ 1,080,000
\$9,500,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2001B, due in annual installments of \$675,000, final installment of \$725,000 due August 1, 2016, with interest rates at 3.75% to 5.0%	2,075,000
\$4,075,000 General Obligation Bonds of 2002, due in annual installments of \$290,000, final installment of \$305,000 due August 1, 2017, with interest rates at 2.75% to 5.75%	1,175,000
\$7,725,000 General Obligation Bonds of 2003, due in annual installments of \$550,000, final installment of \$575,000 due August 1, 2018, with interest rates at 3.0% to 4.0%	2,775,000
\$10,070,000 General Obligation Bonds of 2004, due in annual installments of \$715,000, final installment of \$775,000 due August 1, 2019, with interest rates at 3.0% to 5.25%	4,350,000
\$8,600,000 General Obligation Bonds of 2005, due in annual installments of \$610,000, final installment of \$670,000 due December 1, 2020, with interest rates at 3.625% to 6.125%	4,330,000
\$12,000,000 General Obligation Bonds of 2006, due in annual installments of \$850,000, final installment of \$950,000 due August 1, 2021, with interest rates at 4.25% to 4.50%	6,900,000
\$10,685,000 General Obligation Bonds of 2008, due in annual installments of \$760,000, final installment of \$805,000 due April 1, 2023, with interest rates at 3.50% to 5.0%	6,885,000
\$11,400,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2009B, due in annual installments of \$810,000, final installment of \$870,000 due March 1, 2024, with interest rates at 2.50%	
to 4.65%	8,160,000

\$3,225,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2009C, due in annual installments of \$230,000, final installment of \$235,000 due December 1, 2024, with interest rates at 2.25% to 3.75%	2,535,000
\$6,400,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2009D, due in annual installments of \$455,000, final installment of \$485,000 due December 1, 2024, with interest rates at 2.25% to 3.75%	5,035,000
\$1,940,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2010A, due in annual installments of \$215,000, final installment of \$220,000 due August 1, 2020, with interest rates at 1.35% to 4.00%	1,510,000
\$10,575,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2010B, due in annual installments of \$555,000, final installment of \$585,000 due August 1, 2030, with interest rates at 2.00% to 4.00%	9,465,000
\$5,000,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2011A, due in annual installments of \$260,000, final installment of \$320,000 due August 1, 2031, with interest rates at 2.00% to 4.125%	4,740,000
\$11,400,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2011B, due in annual installments of \$600,000, final installment of \$650,000 due August 1, 2031, with interest rates at 2.00% to 4.125%	10,850,000
\$12,000,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2012, due in annual installments of \$630,000, final installment of \$660,000 due November 1, 2032, with interest rates at 1.00% to 4.00%	12,000,000
\$3,700,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2013A, due in annual installments of \$410,000, final installment of \$420,000 due December 1, 2023, with interest rates at 1.00% to 2.375%	3,700,000
\$12,000,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2012, due in annual installments of \$630,000, final installment of \$660,000 due November 1, 2032, with interest rates at 1.00% to 4.00%	6,200,000
Total general obligation bonds Unamortized premium on bonds	\$ 93,765,000 193,621
Total general obligations bonds	\$ 93,958,621
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 8,740,791 85,217,830
Total general obligations bonds	\$ 93,958,621

#### Notes payable

\$20,300,000 Construction and Term Loan dated May 10, 2004, assumed by the City on May 19, 2004. Converted to term loan effective November 1, 2005, due in semi-annual installments ranging from \$15,000 to \$925,000, final installment due November 1, 2025, with interest at the six-month LIBOR rate plus 1.0% (1.4299% at June 30, 2013), secured by real and personal property, assignment of rents and leases and a Sales Tax Pledge agreement of sales tax levied by City Ordinance No. 432 in the amount of \$2,750,000 annually	\$ 14,643,037
\$2,500,000 Sales Tax Revenue Note of 2008, due in semi-annual installments ranging from \$75,000 to \$380,000, final installment due December 1, 2014, with interest rate at 4.15%	380,000
Total notes payable	\$ 15,023,037
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 1,275,000 13,748,037
Total notes payable	\$ 15,023,037
Accrued compensated absences	
Accrued compensated absences reported in the governmental activities are comprised of accrued vacation leave and compensatory time	
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 1,699,938 849,969
Total accrued compensated absences	\$ 2,549,907
Judgments payable	
\$4,407 judgment in favor of Wachovia Bank, held by sinking fund, final maturity June 2015, with interest at 5.25%	\$1,469
\$20,000 judgment in favor of David Geiger, held by sinking fund, final maturity February 2015, with interest at 5.25%	6,667
\$16,000 judgment in favor of Becky Sanders, held by sinking fund, final maturity February 2016, with interest at 5.25%	10,667
\$25,000 judgment in favor of Ernest A. Couch, held by sinking fund, final maturity October 2015, with interest at 5.25%	16,667
\$1,700,000 judgment in favor of Roland Investments LTD, held by sinking fund, final maturity December 2016, with interest at 5.25%	1,133,333
\$10,000 judgment in favor of Grace Irene Couch Irrevocable Living Trust, held by BAMA fund, final maturity November 2015, with interest at 5.25%	6,667
\$69,000 judgment in favor of Bonnie Blalack, held by sinking fund, final maturity and interest to be determined	69,000
\$56,521 judgment in favor of Charles Conley, held by sinking fund, final maturity and interest to be determined	56,521
\$48,000 judgment in favor of Jared & Tonya Miller, held by sinking fund, final maturity September 2016 with interest at 5.25%	48,000
Total judgments payable	\$ 1,348,990

Current portion \$649,644 Noncurrent portion \$699,346  Total judgments payable \$1,348,990  Actuarial determined automotive and general insurance liabilities, funded by General Fund resources, reported in the governmental activities at June 30, 2014  Current portion \$564,000 Noncurrent portion \$564,000 Total automotive and general insurance liabilities \$857,000  Other claims payable  Actuarial determined workers compensation claims payable, funded by General Fund
Total judgments payable \$ 1,348,990  Actuarial determined automotive and general insurance liabilities, funded by General Fund resources, reported in the governmental activities at June 30, 2014  Current portion \$ 564,000 Noncurrent portion 293,000  Total automotive and general insurance liabilities \$ 857,000  Other claims payable  Actuarial determined workers compensation claims payable, funded by General Fund
Actuarial determined automotive and general insurance liabilities, funded by General Fund resources, reported in the governmental activities at June 30, 2014  Current portion  Noncurrent portion  Total automotive and general insurance liabilities  Other claims payable  Actuarial determined workers compensation claims payable, funded by General Fund
resources, reported in the governmental activities at June 30, 2014  Current portion \$ 564,000  Noncurrent portion 293,000  Total automotive and general insurance liabilities \$ 857,000  Other claims payable  Actuarial determined workers compensation claims payable, funded by General Fund
Noncurrent portion 293,000  Total automotive and general insurance liabilities \$857,000  Other claims payable  Actuarial determined workers compensation claims payable, funded by General Fund
Total automotive and general insurance liabilities \$ 857,000  Other claims payable  Actuarial determined workers compensation claims payable, funded by General Fund
Other claims payable  Actuarial determined workers compensation claims payable, funded by General Fund
Actuarial determined workers compensation claims payable, funded by General Fund
resources, reported in the governmental activities at June 30, 2014
Current portion \$ 1,091,000
Noncurrent portion 1,067,000
Total claims payable \$\frac{\$2,158,000}{}
Other post employment benefit obligation
Current portion \$ -
Noncurrent portion 1,272,654
Total other post employment benefit obligation \$ 1,272,654
<u>Arbitrage rebate</u>
Current portion \$ -
Noncurrent portion 19,125
Total arbitrage rebate \$ 19,125

#### Business-type activities long-term debt

The Broken Arrow Municipal Authority's notes payable to the Oklahoma Water Resources Board are secured by utility revenues and pledged sales tax. The notes are subject to maximum annual debt service requirement coverage of at least 125%. Coverage at June 30, 2014, was 304%.

As of June 30, 2014, the long-term debt payable from enterprise fund resources consisted of the following:

#### Notes payable

1997A SRF Promissory Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, original amount of \$1,079,559, dated October 1997, by Broken Arrow Municipal Authority, secured by utility revenues and pledged sales tax, interest rate at 0.5%, final maturity February 2017

\$ 166,086

1997C SRF Promissory Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, original amount of \$1,570,000, dated December 1997, by Broken Arrow Municipal Authority, secured by utility revenues and pledged sales tax, interest rate at 0.5%, final maturity	
August 2017	274,750
1999B SRF Promissory Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, original amount of \$1,110,359, dated June 1999, by Broken Arrow Municipal Authority, secured by utility revenues and pledged sales tax, interest rate at 0.5%, final maturity February 2018	233,760
2001 Clean Water SRF Promissory Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, original amount of \$371,954, dated December 2001, by Broken Arrow Municipal Authority, secured by utility revenues and pledged sales tax, interest rate at 0.5%, final maturity February 2021	133,522
2004 Drinking Water SRF Promissory Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, original amount of \$11,500,000, dated August 2004, by Broken Arrow Municipal Authority, secured by utility revenues and pledged sales tax, interest rate at 3.5%, final maturity September 2025	6,674,544
2007 SRF Promissory Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, original amount \$15,000,000 dated June 1, 2008, by Broken Arrow Municipal Authority, providing for expansion of the Lynn Lane Wastewater Treatment Plant, secured by pledged sales tax, interest rate at 3.10%, final maturity March 2024	9,872,885
2009 Drinking Water SRF Promissory Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, original amount \$4,000,000 dated December 29, 2009, by Broken Arrow Municipal Authority, providing for engineering and design of the Water Treatment Plant, secured by pledged sales tax, interest rate at 3.11%, final maturity March 2031	3,342,945
2011 Clean Water SRF Promissory Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, original amount \$4,680,000 dated July 20, 2011, by Broken Arrow Municipal Authority, providing for construction of a lift station and sanitary sewer lines, secured by pledged sales tax, interest rate at 2.85%, final maturity March 2029	3,518,687
2012 Drinking Water SRF Promissory Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, original amount \$35,000,000 dated January 19, 2012, by Broken Arrow Municipal Authority, providing for engineering, design and construction of the Water Treatment Plant, secured by pledged sales tax, interest rate at 2.94%, final maturity March 2034	26,040,829
2012 Drinking Water Promissory Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, original amount \$29,7550,000 dated January 19, 2012, by Broken Arrow Municipal Authority, providing for engineering, design and construction of the Water Treatment Plant, secured by pledged sales tax, with interest rates at 2.145% to 4.145%, final maturity September 2040	29,755,000
2012 Clean Water SRF Promissory Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, original amount \$6,540,0000 dated December 4, 2012, by Broken Arrow Municipal Authority, providing for construction, inspection and design of improvements to the Haikey Creek Wastewater Treatment Plant, secured by pledged sales tax, with interest rates at 2.01%, final maturity September 2034	
Total notes payable	\$ 80,013,008

Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 3,998,261 76,014,747
Total notes payable	\$ 80,013,008
<u>Capital lease obligation</u>	
Capital lease obligation for land payable in quarterly installments of \$63,750 plus interest at 3.0%. final payment due October 2018	1,145,000
Total capital lease obligation	\$ 1,145,000
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 255,000 890,000
Total capital lease obligation	\$ 1,145,000
Accrued compensated absences	
Accrued compensated absences reported in the business-type activities are comprised of leave and compensatory time.	accrued vacation
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 353,133 176,566
Total accrued compensated absences	\$ 529,699
Customer meter deposit reserves	
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 174,321 697,286
Total customer meter deposit reserves	\$ 871,607

#### Broken Arrow Economic Development Authority (BAEDA)

The Authority has one industrial revenue bond issue outstanding at June 30, 2014. This issue is for the promotion of economic development. The bonds pay interest quarterly at various rates, is secured by a mortgage and matures April 1, 2019. At June 30, 2014, the total amount of outstanding industrial revenue bonds is \$8,000,000.

The Authority's liability on the long-term debt is limited to the Authority's ability to collect on the corresponding note receivable taken when the pass-through funds are loaned.

The Authority entered into a Credit Agreement dated November 15, 2010 for the purpose of promoting economic development. The Agreement allows for total borrowing up to \$9,715,000 and is secured by the annual encumbering, subject to the constraints of Article X, Sections 14(A) and 26 of the Constitution of the State Oklahoma, of one-eighth (1/8) of one cent of the City's general sales tax revenues and to the funds in the BAEDA 2010 Reserve Account. The Authority has withdrawn \$9,715,000 as of June 30, 2014 and the balance at June30, 2014 is \$9,360,000. The note calls for semi-annual principal payments ranging from \$175,000 to \$410,000 commencing October 1, 2013 together with interest based on the 6 month LIBOR rate plus 2%.

Changes in long-term debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2014:

T. CD 1.	Balance,	A 4.45.5	<b>5</b> 1 3	Balance,	Amounts Due
Type of Debt	June 30, 2013	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2014	Within a Year
Governmental activities:					
General obligation					
bonds	\$ 92,070,625	\$ 9,996,080	\$ 8,108,084	\$ 93,958,621	\$ 8,740,791
Notes payable	16,598,037	-	1,575,000	15,023,037	1,275,000
Accrued compen-					
sated absences	2,299,318	250,589	-	2,549,907	1,699,938
Judgments payable	2,130,358	104,521	885,889	1,348,990	649,644
Claims payable	2,476,000	539,000	-	3,015,000	576,000
Other post					
employment					
benefit obligation	1,004,048	268,606	-	1,272,654	-
Arbitrage rebate	19,125	-		19,125	
Total communicatel					
Total governmental	¢ 11 <i>C</i> 507 511	¢ 11 150 70 <i>c</i>	¢10 500 072	¢ 117 107 224	¢ 12 041 272
activities	\$ 116,597,511	\$ 11,158,796	\$10,568,973	\$ 117,187,334	\$ 12,941,373
Business-type activities:					
Notes payable	\$ 77,255,009	\$ 14,301,149	\$ 2,183,150	\$ 89,373,008	\$ 4,373,261
Accrued compen-	\$, <b>2</b> 00,000	ψ 1 ·,ε σ 1,1 · ·	\$ <b>2</b> ,100,100	Ψ 0,2,2,2,000	Ψ .,ε/ε,201
sated absences	511,622	18,077	_	529,699	353,133
Customer meter	- ,-	- ,		, , , , , , , ,	,
deposit reserves	879,512	_	7,905	871,607	174,321
Capital lease	,		,	,	,
obligation	1,336,250	_	191,250	1,145,000	255,000
Revenue bonds					
payable	8,000,000	-	-	8,000,000	-
m . 11					
Total business-type	Ф 07 002 202	Ф 1 4 210 22 c	Φ 2 202 207	Φ 00 010 214	Φ 5 155 715
activities	\$ 87,982,393	\$ 14,319,226	\$ 2,382,305	\$ 99,919,314	\$ 5,155,715

Annual debt service requirements – primary government

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for long-term debt, excluding accrued compensated absences, claims payable and customer meter deposit reserves, of the primary government as of June 30, 2014, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					
Year ending	General Obl	igation Bonds	Notes 1	Payable	Judgments Payable	
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2015	\$ 8,740,791	\$ 2,916,993	\$ 1,275,000	\$ 1,059,092	\$ 649,644	\$ 70,822
2016	9,515,799	2,614,590	955,000	986,114	641,507	36,716
2017	9,005,805	2,292,943	1,015,000	915,328	57,839	3,037
2018	8,295,587	2,019,802	1,090,000	839,981	-	-
2019	8,014,763	1,758,844	1,160,000	759,162	-	-
2020-2024	29,739,525	5,496,221	7,170,000	2,371,518	-	-
2025-2029	12,596,776	2,281,096	2,358,037	166,969	-	-
2030-2034	8,049,578	418,288	-	-	-	
Total	\$ 93,958,624	\$ 19,798,777	\$ 15,023,037	\$ 7,098,164	\$ 1,348,990	\$ 110,575

	Business-Type Activities					
Year ending	Note Payable Capital Lease Obligatio		bligation			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal		Interest	
2015	\$ 4,477,973	\$ 2,811,146	\$ 255,000	\$	29,569	
2016	4,550,605	2,687,025	255,000		21,919	
2017	4,632,451	2,559,495	255,000		14,269	
2018	4,646,111	2,426,611	255,000		6,619	
2019	12,657,380	2,280,764	125,000		459	
2020-2024	24,433,301	9,179,189	-		-	
2025-2029	16,629,752	6,356,662	-		-	
2030-2034	4,320,435	4,664,814	-		-	
2035-2038	14,080,000	3,034,474	-		-	
2040-2044	6,945,000	290,669	-		-	
Total	\$ 97,373,008	\$36,290,849	\$1,145,250	\$	72,836	

#### Sources of debt repayments

General obligation bonds are issued for governmental activity purposes and are paid through the collection of property taxes by the Debt Service Fund. Sales tax revenue notes and the term loan included in governmental activities are paid by the Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund and the General Fund, respectively. Compensated absences incurred by governmental activities are paid by the General Fund. Judgments are paid through the collection of property taxes by the Debt Service Fund. Automotive and general insurance liabilities are paid by the General Fund. The other post employment benefit obligation will be paid by the General Fund. The workers' compensation unfunded liability will be paid by the General Fund and BAMA according to their respective portion of the liability. Revenue bonds and promissory notes issued for business-type activities are paid by those activities. Compensated absences incurred by business-type activities are paid by those activities. Customer meter deposits will be paid by BAMA. The revenue bond issued by BAEDA will be paid by BAEDA through the collection of the corresponding note receivable.

#### Interfund balances and activities

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2014, consist of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	Nature of Interfund Balance
BAMA	General	\$2,170,429	Sales tax collections
BAMA	Battle Creek Golf Course	465,044	Operational advances
General Fund	BAMA	2,170,429	Operational subsidy
General Fund	BAMA	2,500,000	Eliminated negative cash
General Fund	Crime Prevention	6,261	Operation advances
Excess Capacity Sewer	BAMA	600,000	Eliminated negative cash
Stormwater Capital	BAMA	50,000	Eliminated negative cash
Stormwater Capital	BAEDA	500,000	Eliminated negative cash
Hotel/Motel Tax	BAEDA	900,000	Eliminated negative cash
Sales Tax Capital Improvement	BAMA	6,850,000	Eliminated negative cash
Park and Recreation Capital	BAEDA	250,000	Eliminated negative cash
Cemetery Care	BAEDA	550,000	Eliminated negative cash
Street and Alley	BAEDA	800,000	Eliminated negative cash
Street Light	BAEDA	300,000	Eliminated negative cash

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2014, were as follows:

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount	Nature of Transfer
General Fund	BAMA	12,378,663	Sales tax collections
General Fund	BAEDA	676,000	Economic development
General Fund	Sales Tax Capital	24,456	Capital Outlay
	Improvements		
BAMA	General Fund	12,378,663	Operating subsidy
BAMA	BAEDA	150,000	Economic Development
Convention & Visitors Bureau	General Fund	270,000	Operational/General Government
Street and Alley	General Fund	720,000	Operational/Streets
E-911	General Fund	630,000	Operational/Public Safety
Debt Service	General Fund	142,754	Operational/Interest
Debt Service	General Fund	142,754	Operational/Interest

#### Fund balances and net position

Net positon reserves at June 30, 2014, consist of the following:

	Primary
	Government
	BAMA & BAEDA
	Enterprise
	Funds
Restricted assets in:	
Bond accounts	\$ 986,731
Bond reserve account	2,435,527
	3,422,258
Accrued interest receivable	-
Less: accrued interest payable	(655,572)
Restricted for debt service	\$ 2,766,686

#### Note 4 - Employee Pension and Other Benefit Plans

The City participates in three employee pension systems as follows:

Name of Plan/System	Type of Plan
Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Fund	Cost Sharing Multiple Employer – Defined Benefit Plan
Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement Fund	Cost Sharing Multiple Employer – Defined Benefit Plan
Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund (OMRF)	Agent Multiple Employer – Defined Contribution Plan

Oklahoma police and firefighters pension and retirement systems

The City of Broken Arrow, as the employer, participates in two state-wide cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit plans on behalf of the police officers and firefighters. The systems are funded by contributions from participants, employers, insurance premium taxes and state appropriations as necessary. The following is a summary of eligibility factors, contribution methods, and benefit provisions.

Eligibility factors, contribution methods and benefit provisions

	Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System	Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System
Obtaining separately issued financial statements	Police Pension and Retirement 1001 N.W. 63 <sup>rd</sup> St., Suite 605 Oklahoma City, OK 73116-7335	Firefighter's Pension & Retirement 4545 N. Lincoln Blvd., Suite 265 Oklahoma City, OK 73105-3414
Eligibility to participate	All full-time officers employed by a participating municipality, not less than 21 years of age or more than 45 years of age when hired.	All full-time or voluntary firefighters of a participating municipality hired before age 45.
Authority establishing contribution obligations and benefits	State Statute	State Statute
Employee's contribution rate (percent of covered payroll)	8%	9%
City's contribution rate (percent of covered payroll)	13%	14%
State obligation	State appropriation to fund the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.	State appropriation to fund the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.
Eligibility and benefits for distribution (full-time)	20 years credited service, 2.5% of final average salary multiplied by the years of credited service with a maximum of 30 years considered; if vested, at or after age 50, or after 10, but before 20 years of credited service with reduced benefits.	20 years credited service, 2.5% of final average salary multiplied by the years of credited service with a maximum of 30 years considered; if vested, at or after age 50, or after 10, but before 20 years of credited service with reduced benefits.
Eligibility and benefits for distribution (volunteer)	<u>-</u>	20 years credit service equal to \$5.46 per month per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years considered.
Deferred retirement option	Yes, 20 years of continuous creditable service.	Yes, 20 years of continuous creditable service.
Provisions for:  Cost of living adjustments     (normal retirement)  Death (duty, nonduty, post     retirement)  Disability (duty, nonduty)  Cost of living allowances	Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes, if vested by May 1983  Yes Yes Yes Yes

Trend information

Contributions required by State statute:

Fiscal	Oklahoma Poli			fighters Pension
Year	Retirem	ent System	and Retire	ement System
	Required	Percentage	Required	Percentage
	Contribution	Contributed	Contribution	Contributed
2010	\$ 1,011,122	100%	\$ 1,057,690	100%
2011	\$ 1,589,246	100%	\$ 1,674,043	100%
2012	\$ 1,638,729	100%	\$ 1,828,717	100%
2013	\$ 1,721,129	100%	\$ 1,928,153	100%
2014	\$ 1,837,685	100%	\$ 2,246,293	100%

Trend information is showing the progress of the Systems in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in their respective separate annual financial reports.

Related party investments

As of June 30, 2014, the Systems held no related-party investments of the City or of its related entities.

Defined contribution plan – OMRF

The City has also provided, effective November 1, 1990, a defined contribution plan and trust known as the City of Broken Arrow Plan and Trust (the Plan) in the form of The Oklahoma Municipal Retirement System Master Defined Contribution Plan (OMRF). OMRF operations are supervised by a nine-member Board of Trustees elected by the participating municipalities. The Plan is administered by the OMRF. The defined contribution plan is available to all full-time employees not already participating in another plan. The employee may contribute to the Plan an amount not less than 2% or more than 10% of their compensation. The City Council determines the City's contribution rate each year and for the year ended June 30, 2014, contributed at the rate of 10% of employee compensation. City contributions for each employee begin vesting after three years of service and are fully vested after seven years. If an employee terminates before becoming fully vested, the employer's contributions that are forfeited may be used to reduce the City's current-period contribution requirements. The authority to establish and amend the provisions of the Plan rests with the City Council.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the following amounts related to actual contributions to the defined contribution plan:

Employee contributions made	\$	68,778
Employer (City) contributions made	\$1.	717,470

Post employment benefits other than pensions

<u>Plan description.</u> The City sponsors and administers a self-funded, single employer defined benefit plan providing medical, prescription drug, life, dental, vision and long-term disability insurance for active eligible employees. The City also provides medical, prescription drug and dental coverage for retirees and their dependents who elect to make the required contributions.

<u>Funding policy.</u> The City funds the benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Eligible employees are required to pay premiums for a set percentage of the cost, with the City subsidizing the remaining costs. Contribution requirements are established and amended as needed by the City Council on an annual basis.

The required monthly contribution rates of the plan members for 2014 range from \$25 to \$244 for active employees and \$584 to \$1,408 for retirees and COBRA participants.

Annual OPEB cost and net OPEB obligation. The City's annual other post employment benefits (OPEB) cost in the first year of implementation of GASB 45 is equal to the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount calculated in accordance with the parameters set forth in GASB 45. In subsequent years, the annual OPEB cost will be equal to the ARC, plus an adjustment if the ARC is not funded each year. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost of each year and any unfunded actuarial liabilities amortized over 30 years.

The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation to the retiree health plan:

Annual required contribution Interest on Net OPEB Obligation Amortization of Net OPEB Obligation	\$ 311,248 47,692 (62,009)
Annual OPEB cost	296,931
Employer contributions	(28,325)
Increase in net OPEB obligation Beginning OPEB obligation	268,606 1,004,048
Ending OPEB obligation	\$1,272,654

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the current year is as follows:

		Percentage of Annual	
Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2009	\$172.627	13.50%	¢ 140 221
	\$172,637		\$ 149,331
2010	\$223,874	14.86%	\$ 339,943
2011	\$225,757	11.90%	\$ 538,831
2012	\$242,329	15.38%	\$ 743,894
2013	\$260,154	0.00%	\$1,004,048
2014	\$296,931	9.54%	\$1,275,654

<u>Funded status and funding progress.</u> As of June 30, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0.0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$2,433,075, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$2,433,075. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$27,023,899, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 9.00%.

Actuarial methods and assumptions. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. An actuarial valuation takes inputs such as participant data, benefit provisions and assumptions. Participant data includes the members' ages, membership service, plan selection, etc. Benefit provisions include the structure of the benefits that the members receive; in the City's case, the subsidies supporting retiree medical benefits. In the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, the projected unit credit (PUC) actuarial cost method was used to measure accruing costs. Under the principles of the PUC method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the valuation is allocated pro-rata to each year of service between entry age and assumed exit.

The portion of this actuarial present value allocated to a valuation year is called the normal cost. Actuarial assumptions include the interest rate, health care inflation rates, general inflation rates, participation rates, Medicare coverage, etc. The 2014 ARC was based on a 4.75% discount rate, a health care trend rate of 5%. It also assumed that 35% of future retirees will opt to continue coverage and that 50% of these will cover a spouse at retirement.

#### Note 5 – Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employees' health and life; and natural disasters. The City manages these various risks of loss as follows:

Type of Loss	Method Managed	Risk of Loss Retained
<ul><li>a. General Liability:</li><li>Torts</li><li>Errors and omissions</li></ul>	Self-insured with limits of the Oklahoma Tort Liability Act as follows: - \$25,000 property loss - \$100,000 per individual - \$1,000,000 per incident	Entire risk of loss retained.
<ul><li>b. Physical Property:</li><li>Theft</li><li>Damage to assets</li><li>Natural disasters</li></ul>	All physical property except vehicles is insured through commercial insurance with deductibles ranging from \$1,000 to \$50,000. Vehicle damage is covered through self-insurance.	All physical property except vehicles subject to \$1,000 to \$50,000 risk of loss.  Vehicles — entire risk of loss retained through fund incurring the loss.
<ul><li>c. Workers Compensation:</li><li>- Employee injuries</li></ul>	Self-insured with third-party administration of the claims process. Workers Compensation Internal Service Fund used to account for activities with participating funds charged through an estimated annual claim cost for each fund.	Entire risk of loss retained. Claim liability determined through estimate of loss by the City's Risk Management staff and third-party.
d. Health and Life:    - Medical    - Dental    - Vision	Self-insured with third-party administration of the claims provided by Mutual Assurance Administrators, Inc. (MAA).  Participation in Vision Service Plan. City purchases annual eye examination benefits for insured at a monthly cost of \$.58 per month for single coverage and \$1.25 per month for family coverage.  Group Health & Life Internal Service Fund used to account for self-insurance activities with participating funds making payments to the internal service fund based upon factors determined by MAA.	Claims up to \$100,000 per individual are self-funded. Specific stop loss reinsurance covers claims in excess of \$100,000 per insured once a \$100,000 deductible has been met. Aggregate stop loss coverage is adjusted monthly based on number of participants and was \$5,325,198 at June 30, 2014 <sup>(1)</sup> .

<sup>(1)</sup> H.M. Insurance Group

Life and health benefit plan

The City offers group health and dental benefits to all full-time employees and their dependents except for fire fighters covered by the labor agreement between the City and the International Association of Fire Fighters Local # 2551. The City funds over 85% of the program with employees paying a monthly fee to purchase single or family coverage.

The City is self-funded for health and dental benefits and has an Administrative Services Agreement with Mutual Assurance Administrators, Inc. to process claim payments, provide preferred provider medical and dental service networks, recovery litigation services and other third-party administration services.

All assets acquired by the plan are vested in the plan and remain assets of the City. Monthly contributions are transferred to a reserve fund and such funds are used to reimburse Mutual Assurance Administrators Inc. for claims paid, administrative services and stop loss coverage.

The plan has excess stop loss coverage agreements which cover losses in excess of specific and aggregate retention levels. Stop loss coverage is purchased from Unimerica Insurance Company.

Life insurance benefits are funded entirely by the City through Minnesota Life.

#### Claims liability analysis

The claims liabilities related to the above noted risks of loss that are retained are determined in accordance with the requirements of Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 5., which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

For the two internal service self-insurance funds, changes in the claims liability for the City from June 30, 2010 to June 30, 2014, are as follows:

	Co	Workers ompensation	Health Care
Claim liability, June 30, 2010 Claims and changes in estimate Claims payments	\$	2,867,445 786,404 (1,284,849)	\$ 741,802 4,932,990 (4,937,109)
Claim liability, June 30, 2011 Claims and changes in estimate Claims payments		2,369,000 1,043,594 (1,337,594)	737,683 6,258,810 (6,164,493)
Claim liability, June 30, 2012 Claims and changes in estimate Claims payments		2,075,000 636,638 (1,066,638)	832,000 6,643,294 (6,471,246)
Claim liability, June 30, 2013 Claims and changes in estimate Claims payments		1,645,000 1,517,380 (1,004,380)	1,004,048 7,042,659 (8,046,707)
Claim liability, June 30, 2014	\$	2,158,000	\$ 1,272,654
Assets available to pay claims at June 30, 2014	\$	1,439,130	\$ 5,623

#### **Note 6 – Commitments and Contingencies**

#### **Commitments**

Water purchase contract

The City has a contractual commitment with the Oklahoma Ordinance Works Authority to purchase, if needed, 11,000,000 to 27,000,000 gallons of treated water per day at a monthly fee plus a rate per 1,000 gallons. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the City's total cost of water was \$4,810,864. The contract, unless amended, will expire December 31, 2014.

#### Construction commitments

At June 30, 2014, the following construction commitments were outstanding:

	Original		Balance	
	Contract		Remaining	
Hillside Drive Phase II Covington Creek Detention	\$	916,242 361,824	\$	313,699 238,117
Aspen Widening, Florence to Tucson		2,833,531		1,335,470
Tucson Widening, Elm to Aspen 9 <sup>th</sup> Street Widening, BAX to Albany		3,805,331 1,185,997		2,047,751 961,041
Broadway Street Improvements		672,000		313,171
Water Supply Improvements, Phases II &III		58,163,557 149,610		2,335,165
Indian Springs Sports Complex Restroom Farmers Market Overflow Parking		280,246		11,262 151,184

#### Operating lease commitments

The City leases office space and equipment under noncancellable operating leases. Rent expense totaled \$61,552 for the year ended June 30, 2014. At June 30, 2014, the City was obligated under noncancellable operating lease with a term of from 2013 to 2017 for future minimum lease payments as follows:

Year	Amount
2015	26,174
2016	26,174
2017	23,993
	\$ 76,341

On August 21, 2012 the City entered into a new lease agreement for the rental of equipment. The initial term of the lease is 57 months and calls for monthly payments of \$2,181.

The City leases land and a building to Bass Pro Shops under a lease which commenced May 2004. The initial term of the lease is 20 years and includes nine one-year renewal options and three five-year renewal options. Rental income is calculated as a percentage of gross sales. Bass Pro Shops has the option to purchase the premises for 90% of fair market value after the initial term. Total rental income received during 2014, was \$799,418.

#### **Contingencies**

#### Grant program involvement

In the normal course of operations, the City participates in various federal or state grant/loan programs from year to year. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loan agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.

#### Litigation

The City is a party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in the course of government operations. The financial statements do not include accrual or provisions for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings. State statutes provide for the levy of an ad valorem tax over a three-year period by a City "Sinking Fund" for the payment of any court assessed judgment rendered against the City. These statutory provisions do not apply to the City's public trust or Authorities.

While the outcome of the above noted proceedings cannot be predicted, due to the insurance coverage maintained by the City and the State statute relating to judgments, the City feels that any settlement or insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City, but could substantially increase the City's ad valorem tax levy.

#### **Note 7 – Subsequent Events**

On November 17, 2014, the City approved the sale of \$11,705,000 of General Obligation Bonds Series 2014A to be issued as of December 1, 2014. The bonds will be due in annual installments of \$615,000 with final installment of \$635,000 due December 1, 2034 and bear interest ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%.

On November 17, 2014, the City also approved the sale of \$3,175,000 of General Obligation Bonds Series 2014B to be issued as of December 1, 2014. The bonds will be due in annual installments of \$250,000 with final installment of \$375,000 due December 1, 2024 and bear interest ranging from 2.00% to 3.00%.



## SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATION

## June 30, 2014

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)		Actuarial Accrued Liability AL) - Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a / b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b - a) / c)
06/30/09	\$	_	\$ 1,190,138	\$ 1,190,138	0.0%	\$ 21,795,343	5.46%
06/30/10	\$	-	\$ 1,997,256	\$ 1,997,256	0.0%	\$ 23,242,452	8.59%
06/30/11	\$	-	\$ 1,875,248	\$ 1,875,248	0.0%	\$ 22,877,266	8.20%
06/30/12	\$	-	\$ 2,013,998	\$ 2,013,998	0.0%	\$ 24,348,846	8.27%
06/30/13	\$	-	\$ 2,082,272	\$ 2,082,272	0.0%	\$ 25,506,314	8.16%
06/30/14	\$	-	\$ 2,433,075	\$ 2,433,075	0.0%	\$ 27,023,899	9.00%

#### **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE**

### **GENERAL FUND**

	Budge	eted	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
	Amou	ints	Amounts		
			Budgetary	Positive	
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)	
Beginning budgetary fund balance	7,392,311	7,392,311	7,392,311		
Resources (inflows):					
Taxes:					
Sales tax	31,313,400	31,313,400	30,931,902	(381,498)	
Use tax	2,083,900	2,083,900	1,888,935	(194,965)	
Tobacco tax	476,900	476,900	435,206	(41,694)	
Franchise tax	3,598,600	3,598,600	3,808,206	209,606	
Total taxes	37,472,800	37,472,800	37,064,249	(408,551)	
Intergovernmental:					
Intergovernmental	150,000	227,800	218,232	(9,568)	
Alcoholic beverage tax	166,300	166,300	177,306	11,006	
Total intergovernmental	316,300	394,100	395,538	1,438	
Charges for services:					
Planning and zoning	14,600	14,600	24,778	10,178	
Sale of material	30,800	30,800	96,178	65,378	
BAMA PILOT	2,863,700	2,863,700	2,659,139	(204,561)	
BAMA overhead charge	969,700	969,700	925,599	(44,101)	
Rural fire runs	3,300	3,300	10,828	7,528	
Inspection fees	519,600	519,600	572,215	52,615	
Ambulance revenue	2,042,100	2,042,100	1,693,057	(349,043)	
Training	-	-	1,820	1,820	
Special Events	-	-	5,050	5,050	
Cemetery fee	115,300	115,300	160,095	44,795	
Animal control fees	36,000	36,000	50,378	14,378	
Nuisance abatement	100,500	100,500	137,675	37,175	
Parks and recreation	167,700	167,700	177,230	9,530	
Swimming pools	252,100	252,100	189,302	(62,798)	
Swimming lessons	-	-	3,350	3,350	
Administrative fees	14,700	14,700	14,042	(658)	
Juvenile court	99,400	99,400	63,627	(35,773)	
Total charges for services	7,229,500	7,229,500	6,784,363	(445,137)	

## **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (continued)**

#### **GENERAL FUND**

	Budge	ted	Actual	Variance with	
	Amounts		Amounts	Final Budget	
			Budgetary	Positive	
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)	
Fines, forfeitures and assessments	1,498,500	1,498,500	2,072,320	573,820	
Licenses and permits:					
Occupational licenses	183,900	183,900	188,887	4,987	
Peddlers licenses	100	100	1,015	915	
Food licenses	38,200	38,200	40,128	1,928	
Other fees	124,700	124,700	121,437	(3,263)	
Building permits	643,200	643,200	709,355	66,155	
Total licenses and permits	990,100	990,100	1,060,822	70,722	
Investment income	19,700	19,700	17,355	(2,345)	
Miscellaneous:					
Rental property	1,100,300	1,100,300	1,060,394	(39,906)	
Donations	11,200	11,200	13,637	2,437	
Miscellaneous	110,100	110,100	22,548	(87,552)	
Insurance proceeds	66,100	66,100	37,654	(28,446)	
Total miscellaneous	1,287,700	1,287,700	1,134,233	(153,467)	
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in from other funds	14,345,600	14,345,600	14,141,417	(204,183)	
Total other financing sources	14,345,600	14,345,600	14,141,417	(204,183)	
Total revenues and other financing sources	63,160,200	63,238,000	62,670,297	(567,703)	
Amounts available for appropriation	70,552,511	70,630,311	70,062,608	(567,703)	

## **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (continued)**

### **GENERAL FUND**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	
			Budgetary	Positive	
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)	
Charges to appropriations (outflows):					
General government:					
City manager:					
Personal services	892,700	787,100	593,299	193,801	
Other services and charges	50,000	50,000	60,788	(10,788)	
Materials and supplies	11,300	11,300	10,820	480	
Total city manager	954,000	848,400	664,907	183,493	
Finance:					
Personal services	688,500	688,500	674,910	13,590	
Other services and charges	61,700	61,700	43,340	18,360	
Materials and supplies	11,300	11,300	7,513	3,787	
Total finance	761,500	761,500	725,763	35,737	
City attorney:					
Personal services	656,400	656,400	675,709	(19,309)	
Other service and charges	61,600	61,600	38,002	23,598	
Materials and supplies	38,500	38,500	43,180	(4,680)	
Total city attorney	756,500	756,500	756,891	(391)	
Human resources:					
Personal services	2,067,500	2,067,500	1,972,590	94,910	
Other services and charges	572,300	566,500	456,750	109,750	
Materials and supplies	59,100	40,600	38,400	2,200	
Total human resources	2,698,900	2,674,600	2,467,740	206,860	
Development services - One-Stop & Planning:					
Personal services	1,607,900	1,607,900	1,588,076	19,824	
Other services and charges	158,400	158,400	110,066	48,334	
Material and supplies	20,500	20,500	23,439	(2,939)	
Total development services	1,786,800	1,786,800	1,721,581	65,219	
General government:					
Personal services	10,000	10,000	656	9,344	
Other services and charges	1,920,600	1,920,600	1,714,078	206,522	
Materials and supplies	48,000	61,000	46,765	14,235	
Total general government	1,978,600	1,991,600	1,761,499	230,101	
Total general government	8,936,300	8,819,400	8,098,381	721,019	

## **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (continued)**

#### **GENERAL FUND**

	Budgeted		Actual	Variance with	
	Amou	ints	Amounts	Final Budget	
			Budgetary	Positive	
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)	
Public safety:					
Police:					
Personal services	15,920,500	16,211,300	15,802,522	408,778	
Other services and charges	1,404,000	1,426,200	1,080,726	345,474	
Materials and supplies	843,400	876,600	907,016	(30,416)	
Total police	18,167,900	18,514,100	17,790,264	723,836	
Fire:					
Personal services	13,922,100	14,237,000	14,137,200	99,800	
Other services and charges	704,900	701,900	652,607	49,293	
Materials and supplies	657,600	660,000	653,290	6,710	
Total fire	15,284,600	15,598,900	15,443,097	155,803	
Development services - Inspections:					
Personal services	565,400	565,400	571,527	(6,127)	
Other services and charges	15,700	15,700	9,963	5,737	
Materials and supplies	24,300	24,300	22,795	1,505	
<b>Total development services - inspections</b>	605,400	605,400	604,285	1,115	
Total public safety	34,057,900	34,718,400	33,837,646	880,754	
Public services:					
Streets:					
Personal services	1,395,200	1,395,200	1,378,992	16,208	
Other services and charges	190,900	190,900	154,204	36,696	
Materials and supplies	665,200	665,200	666,834	(1,634)	
Total streets	2,251,300	2,251,300	2,200,030	51,270	
General services:					
Personal services	525,600	525,600	526,979	(1,379)	
Other services and charges	38,500	44,300	30,093	14,207	
Materials and supplies	66,800	85,300	87,528	(2,228)	
Total general services	630,900	655,200	644,600	10,600	
Total public services	2,882,200	2,906,500	2,844,630	61,870	

## **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (continued)**

#### **GENERAL FUND**

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget	
			Budgetary	Positive	
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)	
Parks and recreation:					
Personal services	2,419,600	2,538,200	2,382,784	155,416	
Other services and charges	546,200	546,200	479,631	66,569	
Materials and supplies	429,600	429,600	357,235	72,365	
Total parks and recreation	3,395,400	3,514,000	3,219,650	294,350	
Debt service:					
Principal	830,000	830,000	830,000	-	
Interest and other charges	1,135,000	1,135,000	918,200	216,800	
Total debt service	1,965,000	1,965,000	1,748,200	216,800	
Other financing uses:					
Transfers to other funds	13,236,600	13,236,600	13,079,119	157,481	
Total charges to appropriations	64,473,400	65,159,900	62,827,626	2,332,274	
Ending budgetary fund balance	6,079,111	5,470,411	7,234,982	1,764,571	

## **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE**

### **GENERAL FUND**

Revenue         Agenation         Enablate of Nation         Revisite of Nation           Revenuer         \$7,472.00		Bud			Actual	Variance with			
Revenue:         Original         Final         Basis         (Negative)           Sales and miscellaneous taxes         \$37,472,800         \$37,472,800         \$37,472,800         \$37,042,240         \$40,05,512           Licenses and permits         990,100         990,100         1,060,822         70,722           Intergovernmental         316,300         394,100         395,338         14,38           Charges for services         7,229,500         7,229,500         6,784,363         464,137           Fees and fines         1,498,500         1,498,500         2,072,320         573,820           Interest income         19,700         19,700         17,355         62,345           Miscellaneous         1,287,700         1,287,700         1,134,233         (153,467)           Total revenue         48,814,600         48,824,00         48,28,880         363,532           Total revenue         8,936,300         8,819,400         8,998,381         721,019           Public safety         34,057,900         34,718,400         33,837,646         880,754           Public sariety         8,836,300         8,819,400         38,910,60         294,350           Parks and recreation         8,800,00         1,313,00         91,800,00 <th></th> <th> Amo</th> <th>ounts</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Amounts</th> <th>Fir</th> <th>nal Budget</th>		 Amo	ounts			Amounts	Fir	nal Budget	
Revenues:         Sales and miscellaneous taxes         \$ 37,472,800         \$ 37,472,800         \$ 37,064,249         \$ (408,551)           Licenses and permits         990,100         990,100         1,060,822         70,722           Intergovernmental         316,300         394,100         395,538         1,438           Charges for services         7,229,500         7,229,500         6,784,363         (445,137)           Fees and fines         1,498,500         1,9700         17,355         62,345)           Interest income         19,700         19,700         17,355         (2,345)           Miscellaneous         1,287,700         1,287,700         1,134,233         (153,467)           Total revenue         48,814,600         48,892,400         48,528,880         (363,520)           Total revenue         8,936,300         8,819,400         8,098,381         721,019           Public services         2,882,200         2,906,500         2,844,630         61,870           Public services         3,395,400         3,514,000         33,219,650         294,350           Debt service:         1,135,000         830,000         830,000         2,217,4793           Total expenditures         51,236,800         51,923,300 <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th colspan="2" rowspan="2">•</th><th></th><th>Positive</th></t<>					•			Positive	
Sales and miscellaneous taxes         \$ 37,472,800         \$ 37,472,800         \$ 37,064,249         \$ (408,551)           Licenses and permits         990,100         990,100         1,060,822         70,722           Intergovernmental         316,300         394,100         395,538         1,438           Charges for services         7,229,500         7,229,500         6,784,363         (445,137)           Fees and fines         1,498,500         1,498,500         2,072,320         573,820           Interest income         19,700         19,700         17,355         (2,345)           Miscellaneous         1,287,700         1,287,700         1,134,233         (363,520)           Expenditures:           Current           General government         8,936,300         8,819,400         8,098,381         721,019           Public safety         34,057,900         34,718,400         3,3837,646         880,754           Public services         2,882,200         2,906,500         2,844,630         61,870           Parks and recreation         3,395,400         3,514,000         3,219,650         294,350           Debt services         1,135,000         1,135,000         918,200         216,800 </th <th></th> <th>Original</th> <th></th> <th>Final</th> <th colspan="3">(Negative)</th>		Original		Final			(Negative)		
Licenses and permits         990,100         990,100         1,060,822         70,722           Intergovernmental         316,300         394,100         395,538         1,438           Charges for services         7,229,500         7,229,500         6,784,363         (445,137)           Fees and fines         1,498,500         1,498,500         2,072,320         573,820           Interest income         19,700         19,700         17,355         (2,345)           Miscellaneous         1,287,700         1,287,700         1,134,233         (153,467)           Total revenue         48,814,600         48,892,400         48,528,880         363,520           Expenditures:         Current:         Current:         Current:         Current:         Sex current         8,936,300         8,819,400         8,098,381         721,019           Public safety         34,057,900         34,718,400         33,837,646         880,754           Public services         2,882,200         2,906,500         2,844,630         61,870           Parks and recreation         3,395,400         830,000         830,000         294,350           Debt services         1,135,000         1,135,000         918,200         216,800           Total e	Revenues:								
Intergovernmental         316,300         394,100         395,538         1,438           Charges for services         7,229,500         7,229,500         6,784,363         (445,137)           Fees and fines         1,498,500         1,498,500         2,072,320         573,820           Interest income         19,700         19,700         17,355         (2,345)           Miscellaneous         1,287,700         1,287,700         1,134,233         (153,467)           Total revenue         48,814,600         48,892,400         48,528,880         (363,520)           Expenditures:           Current:         6eneral government         8,936,300         8,819,400         8,098,381         721,019           Public safety         34,057,900         34,718,400         33,837,646         880,754           Public services         2,882,200         2,906,500         2,844,630         61,870           Parks and recreation         3,395,400         3,514,000         3,219,650         294,350           Debt service:         1,135,000         1,135,000         918,200         216,800           Total expenditures         51,236,800         51,923,300         49,748,507         2,174,793           Excess (deficiency) of revenues o	Sales and miscellaneous taxes	\$	\$	37,472,800	\$		\$		
Charges for services         7,229,500         7,229,500         6,784,363         (445,137)           Fees and fines         1,498,500         1,498,500         2,072,320         573,820           Interest income         19,700         1,287,700         1,287,700         1,134,233         (153,467)           Miscellaneous         1,287,700         1,287,700         1,134,233         (153,467)           Total revenue         48,814,600         48,892,400         48,528,880         (363,520)           Expenditures:           Current:           General government         8,936,300         8,819,400         8,098,381         721,019           Public safety         34,057,900         34,718,400         33,837,646         880,754           Public services         2,882,200         2,906,500         2,844,630         61,870           Parks and recreation         3,395,400         3,514,000         3,219,650         294,350           Debt service:         2         2         2,006,500         2,844,630         61,870           Principal         830,000         830,000         830,000         2           Interest and other charges         1,135,000         1,135,000         918,200 <t< th=""><th>Licenses and permits</th><th>,</th><th></th><th>/</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>,</th></t<>	Licenses and permits	,		/				,	
Fees and fines Interest income         1,498,500         1,498,500         2,072,320         573,820           Interest income         19,700         19,700         17,355         (2,345)           Miscellaneous         1,287,700         1,287,700         1,134,233         (153,467)           Total revenue         48,814,600         48,892,400         48,528,880         (363,520)           Expenditures:           Current:         6eneral government         8,936,300         8,819,400         8,098,381         721,019           Public safety         34,057,900         34,718,400         33,837,646         880,754           Public services         2,882,200         2,906,500         2,844,630         61,870           Parks and recreation         3,395,400         3,514,000         3,219,650         294,350           Debt service:         Principal         830,000         830,000         8,30,000         -           Interest and other charges         1,135,000         1,135,000         918,200         216,800           Total expenditures         51,236,800         51,923,300         49,748,507         2,174,793           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (2,422,200)         (3,030,900)         (1,219,627)				,					
Interest income   19,700   19,700   17,355   (2,345)   Miscellaneous   1,287,700   1,287,700   1,134,233   (153,467)   (153,	Charges for services	7,229,500		7,229,500		6,784,363		(445,137)	
Miscellaneous         1,287,700         1,287,000         1,134,233         (153,467)           Total revenue         48,814,600         48,892,400         48,528,880         (363,520)           Expenditures:           Current:         Separal government         8,936,300         8,819,400         8,098,381         721,019           Public safety         34,057,900         34,718,400         33,837,646         880,754           Public services         2,882,200         2,906,500         2,844,630         61,870           Parks and recreation         3,395,400         3,514,000         3,219,650         294,350           Debt service:         Principal         830,000         830,000         830,000         2-           Principal         830,000         1,135,000         918,200         216,800           Total expenditures         51,236,800         51,923,300         49,748,507         2,174,793           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (2,422,200)         (3,030,900)         (1,219,627)         1,811,273           Transfers in         14,345,600         14,345,600         14,141,417         (204,183)           Transfers out         (13,236,600)         (13,236,600)         (13,079,119)         157,481 </th <th>Fees and fines</th> <th>1,498,500</th> <th></th> <th>1,498,500</th> <th></th> <th>2,072,320</th> <th></th> <th></th>	Fees and fines	1,498,500		1,498,500		2,072,320			
Total revenue         48,814,600         48,892,400         48,528,880         (363,520)           Expenditures:         Current:           General government         8,936,300         8,819,400         8,098,381         721,019           Public safety         34,057,900         34,718,400         33,837,646         880,754           Public services         2,882,200         2,906,500         2,844,630         61,870           Parks and recreation         3,395,400         3,514,000         3,219,650         294,350           Debt service:         Principal         830,000         830,000         830,000         294,350           Total expenditures         1,135,000         1,135,000         918,200         216,800           Total expenditures         51,236,800         51,923,300         49,748,507         2,174,793           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (2,422,200)         (3,030,900)         (1,219,627)         1,811,273           Other financing sources (uses):         14,345,600         14,345,600         14,141,417         (204,183)           Transfers out         (13,236,600)         (13,236,600)         (13,079,119)         157,481           Total other financing sources (uses)         1,109,000         1,109,0	Interest income	19,700		19,700		17,355		(2,345)	
Expenditures:   Current:   Seminar   Seminar	Miscellaneous	 1,287,700		1,287,700		1,134,233		(153,467)	
Current:         Current         8,936,300         8,819,400         8,098,381         721,019           Public safety         34,057,900         34,718,400         33,837,646         880,754           Public services         2,882,200         2,906,500         2,844,630         61,870           Parks and recreation         3,395,400         3,514,000         3,219,650         294,350           Debt service:         Principal         830,000         830,000         830,000         20,000	Total revenue	 48,814,600		48,892,400		48,528,880		(363,520)	
General government         8,936,300         8,819,400         8,098,381         721,019           Public safety         34,057,900         34,718,400         33,837,646         880,754           Public services         2,882,200         2,906,500         2,844,630         61,870           Parks and recreation         3,395,400         3,514,000         3,219,650         294,350           Debt service:         Principal         830,000         830,000         830,000         -           Interest and other charges         1,135,000         1,135,000         918,200         216,800           Total expenditures         51,236,800         51,923,300         49,748,507         2,174,793           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (2,422,200)         (3,030,900)         (1,219,627)         1,811,273           Other financing sources (uses):         14,345,600         14,345,600         14,141,417         (204,183)           Transfers out         (13,236,600)         (13,236,600)         (13,079,119)         157,481           Total other financing sources (uses)         1,109,000         1,109,000         1,062,298         (46,702)           Net change in fund balances         (1,313,200)         (1,921,900)         (157,329)         1,764,571	Expenditures:								
Public safety         34,057,900         34,718,400         33,837,646         880,754           Public services         2,882,200         2,906,500         2,844,630         61,870           Parks and recreation         3,395,400         3,514,000         3,219,650         294,350           Debt service:         Principal         830,000         830,000         830,000         830,000         -           Interest and other charges         1,135,000         1,135,000         918,200         216,800           Total expenditures         51,236,800         51,923,300         49,748,507         2,174,793           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (2,422,200)         (3,030,900)         (1,219,627)         1,811,273           Other financing sources (uses):         14,345,600         14,345,600         14,141,417         (204,183)           Transfers out         (13,236,600)         (13,236,600)         (13,079,119)         157,481           Total other financing sources (uses)         1,109,000         1,109,000         1,062,298         (46,702)           Net change in fund balances         (1,313,200)         (1,921,900)         (157,329)         1,764,571           Budgetary fund balances, beginning of year         7,420,317         7,420,317	Current:								
Public services         2,882,200         2,906,500         2,844,630         61,870           Parks and recreation         3,395,400         3,514,000         3,219,650         294,350           Debt service:         Principal         830,000         830,000         830,000         -           Interest and other charges         1,135,000         1,135,000         918,200         216,800           Total expenditures         51,236,800         51,923,300         49,748,507         2,174,793           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (2,422,200)         (3,030,900)         (1,219,627)         1,811,273           Other financing sources (uses):         Transfers in         14,345,600         14,345,600         14,141,417         (204,183)           Total other financing sources (uses)         1,109,000         1,109,000         1,062,298         (46,702)           Net change in fund balances         (1,313,200)         (1,921,900)         (157,329)         1,764,571           Budgetary fund balances, beginning of year         7,420,317         7,420,317         7,392,311         (28,006)	General government	8,936,300		8,819,400		8,098,381		721,019	
Parks and recreation         3,395,400         3,514,000         3,219,650         294,350           Debt service:         Principal         830,000         830,000         830,000         -           Interest and other charges         1,135,000         1,135,000         918,200         216,800           Total expenditures         51,236,800         51,923,300         49,748,507         2,174,793           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (2,422,200)         (3,030,900)         (1,219,627)         1,811,273           Other financing sources (uses):         Transfers in         14,345,600         14,345,600         14,141,417         (204,183)           Total other financing sources (uses)         1,109,000         (13,236,600)         (13,079,119)         157,481           Total other financing sources (uses)         1,109,000         1,109,000         1,062,298         (46,702)           Net change in fund balances         (1,313,200)         (1,921,900)         (157,329)         1,764,571           Budgetary fund balances, beginning of year         7,420,317         7,420,317         7,392,311         (28,006)	Public safety	34,057,900		34,718,400		33,837,646		880,754	
Debt service:         Principal         830,000         830,000         830,000	Public services	2,882,200		2,906,500		2,844,630		61,870	
Principal Interest and other charges         830,000 1,135,000 1,135,000         830,000 918,200 216,800         216,800           Total expenditures         51,236,800 51,923,300 49,748,507 2,174,793         2,174,793           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (2,422,200) (3,030,900) (1,219,627) 1,811,273           Other financing sources (uses):	Parks and recreation	3,395,400		3,514,000		3,219,650		294,350	
Interest and other charges         1,135,000         1,135,000         918,200         216,800           Total expenditures         51,236,800         51,923,300         49,748,507         2,174,793           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (2,422,200)         (3,030,900)         (1,219,627)         1,811,273           Other financing sources (uses):         Transfers in 14,345,600 14,345,600 14,141,417 (204,183) (13,236,600)         13,236,600)         (13,236,600)         (13,079,119)         157,481           Total other financing sources (uses)         1,109,000         1,109,000         1,062,298         (46,702)           Net change in fund balances         (1,313,200)         (1,921,900)         (157,329)         1,764,571           Budgetary fund balances, beginning of year         7,420,317         7,420,317         7,392,311         (28,006)	Debt service:								
Total expenditures         51,236,800         51,923,300         49,748,507         2,174,793           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (2,422,200)         (3,030,900)         (1,219,627)         1,811,273           Other financing sources (uses):         Transfers in         14,345,600         14,345,600         14,141,417         (204,183)           Transfers out         (13,236,600)         (13,236,600)         (13,079,119)         157,481           Total other financing sources (uses)         1,109,000         1,109,000         1,062,298         (46,702)           Net change in fund balances         (1,313,200)         (1,921,900)         (157,329)         1,764,571           Budgetary fund balances, beginning of year         7,420,317         7,420,317         7,392,311         (28,006)	Principal	830,000		830,000		830,000		-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (2,422,200)         (3,030,900)         (1,219,627)         1,811,273           Other financing sources (uses):         Transfers in         14,345,600         14,345,600         14,141,417         (204,183)           Transfers out         (13,236,600)         (13,236,600)         (13,079,119)         157,481           Total other financing sources (uses)         1,109,000         1,109,000         1,062,298         (46,702)           Net change in fund balances         (1,313,200)         (1,921,900)         (157,329)         1,764,571           Budgetary fund balances, beginning of year         7,420,317         7,420,317         7,392,311         (28,006)	Interest and other charges	1,135,000		1,135,000		918,200		216,800	
Other financing sources (uses):         Transfers in Transfers out       14,345,600 (13,236,600) (13,236,600) (13,079,119) (157,481)         Total other financing sources (uses)       1,109,000 (1,921,900) (1,921,900) (157,329) (1,764,571)         Net change in fund balances       (1,313,200) (1,921,900) (1,921,900) (157,329) (1,764,571)         Budgetary fund balances, beginning of year       7,420,317 (7,420,317) (7,392,311) (28,006)	Total expenditures	 51,236,800		51,923,300		49,748,507		2,174,793	
Transfers in Transfers out         14,345,600 (13,236,600)         14,141,417 (204,183)           Transfers out         (13,236,600)         (13,236,600)         (13,079,119)         157,481           Total other financing sources (uses)         1,109,000         1,109,000         1,062,298         (46,702)           Net change in fund balances         (1,313,200)         (1,921,900)         (157,329)         1,764,571           Budgetary fund balances, beginning of year         7,420,317         7,420,317         7,392,311         (28,006)	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,422,200)		(3,030,900)		(1,219,627)		1,811,273	
Transfers out         (13,236,600)         (13,236,600)         (13,079,119)         157,481           Total other financing sources (uses)         1,109,000         1,109,000         1,062,298         (46,702)           Net change in fund balances         (1,313,200)         (1,921,900)         (157,329)         1,764,571           Budgetary fund balances, beginning of year         7,420,317         7,420,317         7,392,311         (28,006)	Other financing sources (uses):								
Total other financing sources (uses)         1,109,000         1,109,000         1,062,298         (46,702)           Net change in fund balances         (1,313,200)         (1,921,900)         (157,329)         1,764,571           Budgetary fund balances, beginning of year         7,420,317         7,420,317         7,392,311         (28,006)	Transfers in	14,345,600		14,345,600		14,141,417		(204,183)	
Net change in fund balances         (1,313,200)         (1,921,900)         (157,329)         1,764,571           Budgetary fund balances, beginning of year         7,420,317         7,420,317         7,392,311         (28,006)	Transfers out	 (13,236,600)		(13,236,600)		(13,079,119)		157,481	
<b>Budgetary fund balances, beginning of year</b> 7,420,317 7,420,317 7,392,311 (28,006)	<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>	 1,109,000		1,109,000		1,062,298		(46,702)	
	Net change in fund balances	(1,313,200)		(1,921,900)		(157,329)		1,764,571	
Budgetary fund balances, end of year         \$ 6,107,117         \$ 5,498,417         \$ 7,234,982         \$ 1,736,565	Budgetary fund balances, beginning of year	7,420,317		7,420,317		7,392,311		(28,006)	
	<b>Budgetary fund balances, end of year</b>	\$ 6,107,117	\$	5,498,417	\$	7,234,982	\$	1,736,565	

#### **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE**

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year ended June 30, 2014 (unaudited)

#### **Budgetary** accounting

The annual operating budgets are prepared and presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Per City ordinance, the City utilizes encumbrance accounting during the year on a limited basis for certain purchase orders and other commitments for the expenditure of funds which are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are not considered expenditures for budgetary purposes, and are considered lapsed, as are all unused appropriations. Any open purchase orders to be honored in the subsequent budget year are re-appropriated and re-encumbered in the next year's budget. As a result, no reserve for encumbrances is reported at year end; however, they are disclosed as commitments by fund type in Note 6, where applicable.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the City complied in all material respects with the applicable budget laws relating to expenditures and appropriations at the legal level of control.



## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Special Revenue Funds								
	C	Excess Capacity er Escrow		ormwater Capital	an	onvention d Visitors Bureau		Police ancement		arks and ecreation
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accrued interest receivable Due from other funds Receivable from other governments	\$	26,042 - - 600,000 -	\$	39,802 - - 550,000 -	\$	44,795 - - 900,000 -	\$	49,893	\$	53,715 250,000 148 250,000
Other receivables, net Total assets	\$	626,042	\$	589,802	\$	44,562 989,357	\$	49,893	\$	553,863
Liabilities Accounts payable Deferred revenue Amounts held in escrow Total liabilities	\$	293,112 293,112	\$	- - -	\$	17,594 - - 17,594	\$	12,633	\$	148 - 148
Fund Balances Restricted Committed Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	332,930 332,930 626,042	\$	589,802 589,802 589,802	\$	971,763 971,763 989,357	\$	37,260 - 37,260 49,893	\$	37,781 515,934 553,715 553,863

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue Funds									
	C	emetery Care		Street and Alley	ar	Housing nd Urban velopment		E-911		Crime evention
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	50,055	\$	43,286	\$	541,651	\$	1,289,085	\$	186,663
Investments		-		250,000		-		250,000		-
Accrued interest receivable		-		148		-		148		-
Due from other funds		550,000		800,000		-		-		-
Receivable from other governments		-		152,318		-		_		-
Other receivables, net		150		-				53,320		
Total assets	\$	600,205	\$	1,245,752	\$	541,651	\$	1,592,553	\$	186,663
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	43,632	\$	34,320	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		6,261
Deferred revenue		150		89,532		-		148		-
Amounts held in escrow				-		_		_		
Total liabilities		150		89,532		43,632		34,468		6,261
Fund Balances										
Restricted		529,627		1,156,220		498,019		1,558,085		180,402
Committed		70,428				-				-
Total fund balances		600,055		1,156,220		498,019		1,558,085		180,402
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	600,205	\$	1,245,752	\$	541,651	\$	1,592,553	\$	186,663

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue Funds							Capital ject Funds		
		Alcohol Street Enforcement Light		O	94 General bligation ond Issue	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds				
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,484	\$	88,828	\$	511,166	\$	175,991	\$	3,104,456
Investments		-		-		260,000		-		1,010,000
Accrued interest receivable		-		-		154		-		598
Due from other funds		-		-		300,000		-		3,950,000
Receivable from other governments		-		-		-		-		152,318
Other receivables, net				2,033		64,980				165,045
Total assets	\$	3,484	\$	90,861	\$	1,136,300	\$	175,991	\$	8,382,417
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	864	\$	12	\$	-	\$	109,055
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		6,261
Deferred revenue		-		2,033		65,134		-		157,145
Amounts held in escrow		-								293,112
Total liabilities				2,897		65,146		_		565,573
Fund Balances										
Restricted		-		87,964		-		_		5,057,121
Committed		-		-		1,071,154		175,991		2,756,239
Assigned		3,484								3,484
Total fund balances		3,484	-	87,964		1,071,154		175,991	-	7,816,844
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,484	\$	90,861	\$	1,136,300	\$	175,991	\$	8,382,417

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue Funds									
		Excess Capacity er Escrow	Stormwater Capital		an	onvention d Visitors Bureau	Police Enhancement			arks and ecreation
Revenues:										
Franchise and miscellaneous taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	483,424	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		123,809		_
Charges for services		-		560,320		-		-		121,655
Fees and fines		-		-		-		-		-
Interest income		105		98		212		264		730
Miscellaneous		226,495							60,646	
Total revenues		226,600		560,418		483,636		124,073		183,031
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government		-		-		330,458		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		71,433		-
Capital outlay		11,800		84,881		11,021		72,808		304,124
Total expenditures		11,800		84,881		341,479		144,241		304,124
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		214,800		475,537		142,157		(20,168)		(121,093)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers out				=_		(270,000)		=_		
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		(270,000)		-		-
Net change in fund balances		214,800		475,537		(127,843)		(20,168)		(121,093)
Fund balances, beginning of year		118,130		114,265		1,099,606		57,428		674,808
Fund balances, end of year	\$	332,930	\$	589,802	\$	971,763	\$	37,260	\$	553,715

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue Funds										
		Cemetery Care		Street and Alley		Housing nd Urban velopment	E-911			Crime evention	
Revenues:											
Franchise and miscellaneous taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	=	
Intergovernmental		_		879,700		160,032		-		70,876	
Charges for services		45,435		-		-		831,248		-	
Fees and fines		-		-		-		-		-	
Interest income		120		829				1,053		85	
Total revenues		45,555		880,529		160,032		832,301		70,961	
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General government		-		-		61,178		-		-	
Public safety		-		-		-		-		76,799	
Capital outlay		19,187				106,752		823,822		1,664	
Total expenditures		19,187				167,930		823,822		78,463	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		26,368		880,529		(7,898)		8,479		(7,502)	
Other financing sources (uses):											
Transfers out				(720,000)				(630,000)		_	
Total other financing sources (uses)				(720,000)		-		(630,000)		-	
Net change in fund balances		26,368		160,529		(7,898)		(621,521)		(7,502)	
Fund balances, beginning of year		573,687		995,691		505,917		2,179,606		187,904	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	600,055	\$	1,156,220	\$	498,019	\$	1,558,085	\$	180,402	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

				Capital	
		Special Revenue Fun	ds	Project Funds	
	Police Alcohol Reserves Enforcement		Street Light	1994 General Obligation Bond Issue	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Franchise and miscellaneous taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 483,424
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	1,234,417
Charges for services	-	-	419,637	-	1,978,295
Fees and fines	-	25,748	-	-	25,748
Interest income	-	15	831	1,043	5,385
Miscellaneous				3,151	290,292
Total revenues	<u> </u>	25,763	420,468	4,194	4,017,561
Expenditures: Current:					
General government	-	-	-	54	391,690
Public safety	-	12,441	_	_	160,673
Public services	-	-	350,665	-	350,665
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	1,436,059
Total expenditures		12,441	350,665	54	2,339,087
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		13,322	69,803	4,140	1,678,474
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out	-	_	-	-	(1,620,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)					(1,620,000)
		12 222	60.902	4 140	
Net change in fund balances	2 494	13,322	69,803	4,140	58,474
Fund balances, beginning of year	\$ 3,484	74,642	1,001,351	171,851	7,758,370
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 3,484	\$ 87,964	\$ 1,071,154	\$ 175,991	\$ 7,816,844

## CITY OF BROKEN ARROW, OKLAHOMA (BROKEN ARROW MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY)

#### SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE REQUIREMENTS

#### Year ended June 30, 2013

	A 200 200	WRB 1997 &C, 1999B, 1, 2004, 2005, 7, 2009, 2011 1 2012 Notes Payable
Gross revenue available for debt service:		
Charges for services	\$	35,952,990
Investment income		8,927
Sales tax transferred from the City General Fund		12,378,663
Total gross revenues available		48,340,580
Operating expenses (1)		
General government		1,143,869
Finance and administration		926,305
Engineering and construction		1,858,753
Water distribution		11,596,510
Sanitary sewer system		4,940,728
Sanitation services		4,756,924
Support services		2,663,587
Stormwater		2,390,218
Total operating expenses		30,276,894
Net revenue available for debt service	\$	18,063,686
Debt service requirements		
Maximum annual debt service on all BAMA parity debt	\$	5,943,288
Computed coverage		304%
Coverage requirement		125%

<sup>(1)</sup> Operating expenses exclude such noncash items as depreciation, amortization and bad debt expenses.

## SCHEDULE OF DEBT RESERVE ACCOUNT BALANCE REQUIREMENTS

## Year ended June 30, 2014

	BA	ries 2010 EDA Note Payable	Series 2012 OWRB Note Payable			
Required balance	\$	450,000	\$	2,435,677		
Balance in Trustee Account, June 30, 2014		450,836		2,435,677		
Excess of account balance over (under) required balance	\$	836	\$			